

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

ANNUAL REPORT 2024- 25

18TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2025 DAY: WEDNESDAY

TIME: 11:30 A.M.

PLACE: IFCI TOWER, 61 NEHRU PLACE, NEW DELHI-110019



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IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (as on September 24, 2025)

Sh. Rahul Bhave

Sh. Amrendra Kumar

Sh. Sachikanta Mishra

Sh. Venugopal K Nair

Dr. Sumita Rai

Sh. Vijay Kumar Tyagi

Ms. Pooja Mahajan

Sh. Rajeev Kumar

Non-Executive Chairman

Managing Director

Nominee Director

Director (Non-Executive)

Director (Non-Executive)
Director (Non-Executive)

Nominee Director

Director (Non-Executive)

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Ms. Nidhi Agarwal

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pooja Vanjani

Statutory Auditors

M/s. VPGS & Co. Chartered Accountants

Cost Auditors

M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co. Cost Accountants

Secretarial Auditors

M/s Surya Gupta & Associates Company Secretaries

REGISTERED OFFICE

IFCI TOWER 61, NEHRU PLACE NEW DELHI- 110 019 Tel (011) 4173 2000 Fax (011)2648 7059

Website: <u>www.iidlindia.com</u> E-Mail: <u>cs@iidlindia.com</u>



IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Registered Office: IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019

Tel: +91 11 41732000, Fax: +91 11 26487059 Website: www.iidlindia.com

Website: <u>www.iidlindia.com</u> Email id: <u>cs@iidlindia.com</u>

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighteenth (18th) Annual General Meeting of the Members of "IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED" (IIDL) will be held on Wednesday the 24th Day of September, 2025 at 11:30 A.M. at the Registered Office of the Company at IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019 to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025, along with Board's Report, Independent Auditors' Report and comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India thereon.
- 2. To confirm the payment of Interim Dividend.
- To appoint a director in place of Shri Vijay Kumar Tyagi (DIN: 10103631) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
- 4. To fix remuneration of Statutory Auditors of the Company in terms of the provisions of Section 139(5) and Section 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 and to pass the following resolution with or without modification(s) as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139(5) and Section 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) the Audit Committee/Board of Directors of the Company, be and is hereby, authorized to decide and fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor(s) of the Company appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India (C&AG) for the Financial Year 2025-26, as may be deemed fit."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an ORDINARY RESOLUTION:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s. Gurvinder Chopra & Co.,Cost Accountants, appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year 2025-26 be paid the remuneration of Rs. 35,000 /- plus applicable taxes."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby, authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

Registered Office: IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Tel.: +91-11-41732000 Fax: +91-11-26487059 Website: www.iidlindia.com By order of the Board of Directors

For IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited

> Sd/-Pooja Vanjani Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Dated: August 04, 2025

NOTES:

- A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING, IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE PROXY FORM, IN ORDER TO BE VALID AND EFFECTIVE, MUST BE DEPOSITED TO THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LATER THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING, DULY COMPLETED AND SIGNED.
- 2. A PERSON CAN ACT AS PROXY ON BEHALF OF MEMBERS NOT EXCEEDING FIFTY (50) AND HOLDING IN AGGREGATE NOT MORE THAN TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY CARRYING VOTING RIGHTS. A MEMBER HOLDING MORE THAN 10 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL CARRYING VOTING RIGHTS MAY APPOINT A SINGLE PERSON AS PROXY, SUCH PERSON SHALL NOT ACT AS PROXY FOR ANY OTHER PERSON OR SHAREHOLDER.
- 3. Proxy holder shall prove his identity at the time of attending the Meeting. A Proxy Form which does not state the name of the Proxy shall be considered invalid.

- 4. Corporate members intending to send their authorised representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board resolution authorising their representatives to attend and vote on their behalf at the Annual General Meeting.
- 5. The Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the special business set out in the Notice is annexed hereto.
- The Register of Contracts or Arrangement in which Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available for inspection by the members at the meeting.
- 7. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement as well as the other documents as required under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 are open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays during normal business hours up to the date of this Annual General Meeting. The Registers required to be maintained u/s 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for Inspection at the Annual General Meeting.
- 8. Members desirous of obtaining any information concerning the accounts and operations of the company are requested to address their queries in writing to the company before the meeting, preferably at least seven days prior to the date of Annual General Meeting, so as to enable the management to keep the information ready.
- Members are requested to bring their copies of the Annual Report, Notice and Attendance Slip/proxy form duly completed and signed at the meeting.

Details of the Director seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting in pursuance of Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings

Shri Vijay Kumar Tyagi

Shri Vijay Kumar Tyagi (DIN: 10103631) aged 62 Years is a Bachelor's in Commerce, Certified Associate of Indian Institute of Bankers (CAIIB), Diploma in Personnel Management (DIPM IIMS), Certified Corporate Governance Professional, Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs (Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Govt. of India). He is a Career Bank having experience over 39 years in various leadership roles in India and overseas.

Shri Vijay Kumar Tyagi has been on the Board of SBI Mauritius Ltd., Mauritius, Bank SBI Botswana, Botswana, Bank of Bhutan Ltd., Bhutan, Nepal SBI Bank Ltd., Nepal. He has also served as Chief Vigilance Officer of Punjab National Bank, National Housing Bank, and Punjab & Sindh Bank. He also carries experience of serving successfully as Director (Foreign Direct Investments) in the Department. of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance (MoF), Govt. of India, and also as the Nodal officer for FDI related matters in MoF. Shri Tyagi has also functioned as the Administrative head for overseas retail operations, remittance subsidiaries in UAE, and the shareholder's representative/ director in Overseas banking Subsidiaries of State Bank of India. Currently, he is serving on the Board of Lesol City Limited, Mumbai, Exato Technologies Pvt Ltd, Delhi, and Xanadu Foods Ltd, Ahmedabad as Independent Director. He is also on the Board of India SME Asset Reconstruction Company Ltd, Mumbai, as Nominee Director of Authum Investment & Infrastructure Ltd.

Under his leadership as COO & Dy.CEO, Nepal SBI Bank Ltd. received 'Industrial Peace Award' of ILO through Nepal Rastra Bank in 2016, for being rated as the "Best private sector undertaking in Nepal and received the highest rating from the Banking regulator Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB) for Credit Risk Management and on Operational Risk parameters.

Shri Vijay Kumar Tyagi was appointed on the Board of IIDL on November 24, 2023, as Non – Executive Director. He has attended all the 5 (Five) meetings of the Board of Directors during the Financial Year 2024 – 25. Further, he is Chairman / Member of the following committees of IIDL:

- · Nomination & Remuneration Committee Member
- · Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Member

None of the other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the re-appointment of Shri Vijay Kumar Tyagi on the Board of the Company. He does not hold any shares in IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited, and in any other entity where he stands as Director/Independent director/Nominee director.



ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013

ITEM NO. 5

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Company is required to appoint a Cost Auditor to audit the cost records of the Company. Further, in accordance with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration of the Cost Auditors is required to be ratified by shareholders of the Company.

Further for the Financial year 2025-26, M/s. Gurvinder Chopra & Co., Cost Accountants has been appointed by the Board in its Meeting held on August 04, 2025 on the recommendation of the Audit Committee as the cost auditor of the Company on the remuneration of Rs. 35,000/- plus applicable taxes and the proposal for ratification of the remuneration for FY 2025-26 is placed at Item No. 05 of the Notice.

The resolution as set out in Item No. 5 of this Notice is accordingly recommended for the shareholders' approval by way of Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are concerned or interested in this Item/ Resolution.



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Tel: +91 11 41732000, Fax: +91 11 26487059

Website: www.iidlindia.com Email id: cs@iidlindia.com

ATTENDANCE SLIP

Please complete the Attendance Slip and hand it over at the entrance of the meeting venue

DP. Id. *	Folio No. *
	Client Id.
	ne 18th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be ober, 2025 at 11:30 A.M. at IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place,
NAME OF THE SHAREHOLDER	
NAME OF PROXY#	
*To be filled in case proxy attends	instead of shareholder
SIGNATURE OF THE SHAREHOLD	ER/PROXY*

*Strike out whichever is not applicable



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Website: www.iidlindia.com Email id: cs@iidlindia.com

Form No. MGT-11 Proxy Form

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

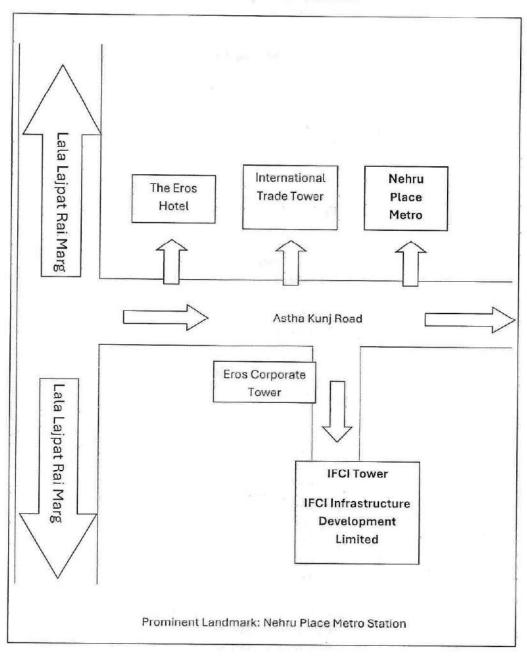
Name of the Company: IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited Registered Office: IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019.

Name of Member (s)	March 11 To a sile to
Registered Address	
E-mail ID:	14 4 1 14
Folio No./Client Id:	
DPID.	To be seen
e, being the member (s) of	shares of the above-named Company, hereby
Name:	
Address:	
E-mail Id:	
Signature:	, or failing him/her
Name:	
Address:	
E-mail Id:	
Signature:	, or failing him/her
	Registered Address E-mail ID: Folio No./Client Id: DP ID. e, being the member (s) of oint: Name: Address: E-mail Id: Signature: Address: E-mail Id: E-mail Id:

as my/our Proxy to attend and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 18th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Wednesday, 24th September 2025 at 11:30 A.M. at the Registered Office of the Company, at IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Resolution No.	Resolution Matter	Type of Resolution	For	Against
Ordinary Bu	siness			
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025, along with Board's Report, Independent Auditors' Report, and comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India thereon.	Ordinary		
2.	To confirm the payment of Interim Dividend	Ordinary		
3.	3. To appoint a director in place of Shri VKTyagi (DIN: 10103631) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.			
4.	To fix remuneration of Statutory Auditors of the company.	Ordinary		
Special Bus	siness	K		
5.	To ratify the remuneration of Cost Auditor for the FY 2025 – 26	Ordinary		

Route Map of the AGM Venue



BOARD'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS

The Board of Directors of your Company has the pleasure of presenting the 18th Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS:

The Ind-AS Financial Results of the Company for the financial year 2024-25 are summarized below:

(Rs. in Crore)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
•	Financial Year 2024-25	Financial Year 2023-24	Financial Year 2024-25	Financial Year 2023-24
Income from operations	19.81	17.83	21.60	20.56
Other income	21.19	21.14	21.76	21.46
Total income (I)	41	38.97	43.36	42.02
Cost of Sales	1.95	1.90	1.95	1.90
Finance Cost	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.06
Employees benefit expense	6.80	6.08	6.88	6.16
Other expenses	17.71	14.39	18.16	14.78
Depreciation	3.29	3.08	3.42	3.21
Total Expenditure (II)	29.75	25.45	30.43	26.11
Profit before tax (I-II)	11.24	13.52	12.93	15.91
Exceptional items	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Profit before Tax	11.24	13.53	12.93	15.90
Less: Provision for Taxation	(2.60)	3.53	(1.98)	4.55
Profit After Tax	13.84	9.99	14.92	11.35

The total income of your Company for the Financial Year (FY) 2024-25 was Rs. 41 Crores as against the total income of Rs. 38.97 Crores. Likewise, total expenditure for the FY 2024- 25 was Rs.29.75 Crores as against the total expenditure of Rs. 25.45 Crores in the FY 2023- 24 on standalone basis.

The Company has earned PAT of Rs. 13.84 Crores in the FY 2024- 25 as against 9.99 Crore in the FY 2023-24. Your Director's are continuously looking for avenues for future growth of the Company.

2. STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (IIDL) was set up by IFCI Limited in the year 2007 to venture into the real estate and infrastructure sector. The Company, since its inception has undertaken projects as a Developer/ Project Management Consultant (PMC) viz. Development of residential projects at Uttar Pradesh & Kerala, Development and running of Serviced Apartments; PMC services for construction of the campus of "Management Development Institute" at Murshidabad, West Bengal; "IFCI Bhawan" the office complexes at Bengaluru & Ahmedabad; Furnishing the branches of erstwhile "Bharatiya Mahila Bank" at New Delhi, Ahmedabad, Guwahati, Kolkata, Bangalore and Chennai.

IIDL owns the Serviced Apartments situated at Mayur Vihar, New Delhi. This is Gold Standard property with 92 luxurious Serviced Apartments comprising studio, one bedroom & two-bedroom apartments. It offers an ideal living environment that will impress even the most tech-savvy guests. The property is being run by IIDL under the name IIDL Suites.

On the residential front, IIDL has successfully developed two projects viz. 21st Milestones Residency, Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh and IIDL Aerie at Panampilly Nagar, Kochi, Kerala. Projects are complete and handed over to respective Resident Welfare Associations/ Owners Apartments Association.

IIDL is developing a prestigious Financial City Project spread over an area of 50 acres near Bengaluru International Airport, Karnataka. IIDL has developed the common infrastructure for the said project and has sub-leased the plots to various Banks/Institutions for development.

IIDL owns properties at various locations of the country such as Delhi, Kolkata, Ghaziabad, Pondicherry etc. Some of which have been let out & some have been earmarked for development/sale at a future date. Some of the properties with legal issues are being dealt appropriately.

A subsidiary of your Company viz. IIDL Realtors Private Limited (IRPL) is also having a commercial property situated at Naman Centre, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai.

Your Company is making effort to monetize best value from its properties, also efforts are being made for optimizing performance of hospitality division by providing state of art facilities.

3. DIVIDEND

Interim dividend of Rs.0.231 (i.e. @ 2.31%) during the year ended 31st March, 2025 on each fully paid 42,70,99,243 equity shares of Rs.10/- each of the company amounting to Rs. 9,86,59,925/- was paid during the year.

4. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND CHANGES THEREIN, IF ANY

The Company has one class of equity shares of par value at Rs. 10. The Authorized Share Capital is Rs. 1000 Cr. divided in 100 Cr Equity shares at Rs. 10 each. The issued, subscribed and paid-up capital is Rs. 427.09 Cr. as at March 31, 2025.

5. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

An amount of Rs. 13,84, 34,997/- was transferred to the reserves during the period under review.

6. DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under review within the meaning of Section 73 and section 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules 2014

7. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS & MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There has been no change in the business of the Company during the reporting period. Further, Department of Finance (DFS), Ministry of Finance vide letter F.No. 2/22/2016- IF – 1 dated November 22, 2024, has granted in- principal approval for Consolidation of IFCI Group' which entails Merger / Amalgamation of IFCI Limited and other group companies of IFCI Limited. The sale of IIDL Suites in under process and in-principle approval for reduction of share capital has been accorded by the Board of Directors.

8. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

The following changes have occurred in the composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel as mentioned below during the Financial Year 2024-25:

- Mr. Manoj Mittal has ceased to be the Chairman of the company w.e.f. July 27, 2024.
- Mr. Rajeev Kumar has been appointed as a Director of the Company w.e.f August 14,
- Ms. Pooja Mahajan has been appointed as a Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f August 16, 2024.
- Mr. Rahul Bhave has been designated as the Chairman of the Company w.e.f. August 16, 2024
- Mr. Vijay Kumar Tyagi whose office of Director is liable to retire by rotation at the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment.

Composition of Board of Directors is duly constituted during the financial year 2024-25 is as mentioned below.

Name of the Directors	AGM Attended	Board Meetings held during the tenure	Board Meetings attended
Sh. Manoj Mittal (Non-Executive Chairman)	No	1	1
Sh. Rahul Bhave (Nominee Director till 15.08.2024) (Chairman w.e.f. 16.08.2024)	Yes	2 3	2 2
Sh. Sachikanta Mishra	Yes	5	5
Dr. Sumita Rai	No	5	4
Sh. Venugopal K Nair	Yes	5	4
Sh. Vijay Kumar Tyagi	Yes	5	5
Sh Amrendra Kumar	Yes	5	5
Sh Rajeev Kumar (Non – Executive Director w.e.f. August 14, 2024)	Yes	3	3
Ms. Pooja Mahajan (Nominee Director w.e.f. August 16, 2024)	Yes	3	3

After closure of FY 2024-25, There was no change in the composition of Board of Director of the company.

9. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement of section 134 (3) (c) of Companies Act 2013 with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed:

- a) That in preparation of annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- b) That the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give true and fair view of state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year and of the profit & loss of the Company for that period;
- c) That the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- d) That the directors have prepared annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) That the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

10. ANNUAL RETURN

In accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, the annual return is available at https://iidlindia.com/D3D6AD16-46DE-4897-8566-D7C2533E1D6D/CMS/Page/Annual-Report

11. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts/arrangements/transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013, were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties are disclosed in the relevant notes of Financial Statements and mentioned in Form AOC-2 enclosed as Annexure-A and forms part of this Annual Report.

12. BOARD MEETINGS

The Board meets at least once a quarter to review the quarterly results and other items on the agenda. Additional meetings are held as and when necessary. The Committees of the Board usually meet whenever the need arises for transacting business. The recommendations of the Committees are placed before the Board for necessary approval. Five Board Meetings were held during the financial year 2024- 25. These were held on April 27, 2024, July 31, 2024, November 04, 2024, December 02, 2024, and January 28, 2025. The gap between two Board meetings was in compliance of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder.

13. BOARD'S COMMITTEE MEETINGS

13.1. Audit Committee

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as set out in Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The primary objective of the Committee is to monitor and provide an effective supervision of the Management's financial reporting process, to ensure accurate and timely disclosures, with the highest levels of transparency, integrity and quality of financial reporting. The Committee oversees the work carried out in the financial reporting process by the Management, Internal Auditors, Statutory Auditors and Cost Auditors and notes the processes and safeguards employed by each of them. Four meetings of the Committee were held during the Financial Year 2024-25. These were held on April 27, 2024, July 31, 2024, November 04,2024 and January 28, 2025. Further, there have been no instances where the Board has not accepted the recommendations by Audit Committee. Further, Company Secretary acted as the Secretary to the Committee. The composition of Audit Committee of Directors during the FY 2024-25 was as under: -

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended	
Sh. Venugopal K Nair (Chairman)	4	3	
Dr. Sumita Rai	4	3	
Sh. Sachikanta Mishra	4	4	
Sh. Rahul Bhave (till November 21, 2024)	3	2	

13.2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Directors discharges the functions of identifying the suitable persons who are qualified to become Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, senior management and recommending their appointment, remuneration etc. Three meetings of the Committee were held during the FY 2024- 25. These were held on April 27, 2024, November 04, 2024, and December 02, 2024. The composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee during the FY 2024- 25 was as under:

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Dr. Sumita Rai (Chairperson)	3	2
Shri Sachikanta Mishra (till November 21,2024)	2	2
Shri Vijay Kumar Tyagi	3	3
Ms. Pooja Mahajan (w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	1.	1

13.3. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

In terms of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee to monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company, and the activities included in the policy. One meeting of the CSR Committee was held on November 04, 2024, during the financial year 2024-25. The composition of Committee of Directors during the FY 2024- 25 was as under:

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Sh. Sachikanta Mishra (Chairman till November 21, 2024)	1	1
Dr. Sumita Rai (till November 21, 2024)	1	1
Sh. Amrendra Kumar	1	1
Ms. Pooja Mahajan (Chairperson w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	0	0
Mr. Vijay Kumar Tyagi (w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	0	0

13.4. Asset Sale Committee

The Board has constituted Asset Sale Committee to consider the proposals of sale, disposal of properties and submit its recommendation to the Board. Two meetings of the Committee were held on December 02, 2024, and January 28, 2025 during the financial year 2024- 25. The composition of Committee of Directors during the FY 2024- 25 was as under:

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Sh. Rahul Bhave (Chairman till November 21, 2024)	0	0
Sh. Venugopal Nair (Chairman w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	2	2
Sh. Sachikanta Mishra	2	2
Sh. Amrendra Kumar	2	2
Ms. Pooja Mahajan (w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	2	2
Sh. Rajeev Kumar (w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	2	2

13.5. Risk Management Committee

The Board constituted Risk Management Committee with a view to identify, evaluate and give suggestions to mitigate all internal and external risks associated with the business of the Company. Two meetings of the Risk Management Committee were held on November 04, 2024, and December 02, 2024, during the financial year 2024- 25. The composition of Committee of Directors during the FY 2024-25 was as under

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended	
Sh. Sachikanta Mishra (Chairman till November 21, 2024)	1	1	
Sh. Venugopal Nair (till November 21, 2024)	1	1	
Ms. Pooja Mahajan (Chairperson w.e.f. November 21,2024)	1	1	
Sh. Rajeev Kumar (w.e.f. November 21,2024)	1	1	
Sh. Amrendra Kumar	2	2	

14. AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

14.1. Statutory Auditors

C&AG has appointed M/s VPGS & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 507971C), as Statutory Auditor of the Company for the Financial Year 2024- 2025.

14.2. Auditors' Report

The Auditors' Report along with Notes on Accounts are self-explanatory and therefore, do not call for any further comments or explanation.

14.3. Cost Auditors

M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co., Cost Accountants was appointed as the Cost Auditor of the Company, for the Financial Year 2024-25 to carry out cost audit.

14.4. Internal Auditors

M/s JKSS & Associates, Chartered Accountants was appointed as Internal Auditors of IIDL including IIDL Suites (Serviced Apartments) respectively for the Financial Year 2024-25.

14.5. Secretarial Auditors

M/s Surya Gupta & Associates, Company Secretaries was appointed as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25

14.6. Secretarial Audit Report

The Secretarial Auditor has submitted their report, for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025, in Form MR-3, annexed as Annexure-B. The report does not contain any adverse remark and observations.

15. COMMENTS OF COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA

The Comments of Comptroller & Auditor General of India on the Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25 along with compliance / management comments are annexed as Addendum – I.

16. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

Pursuant to MCA notification dated June 5, 2015, in case of Government Companies, Section 134(3) (e) of the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply. Accordingly, the requisite Policy has not been made part of Board's Report.

17. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) POLICY

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of Directors formulates the CSR Policy and recommends to the Board of Directors on activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, the Disclosure of contents of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy in the Board's Report pursuant to the provisions of Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 are provided as Annexure-C and the policy can be

accessed on the Company's website at https://iidlindia.com/ED5B8377-98F8-4545-8119-5DFF3AEA83A2/CMS/Page/Policy

18. PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEES GIVEN AND SECURITIES PROVIDED

Details of loans, investments and guarantees under the provision of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 if any, are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements of the Company.

19. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company has in place adequate system of internal finance control mechanism with reference to financial statements. The accounts & finance department monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal financial control system in the company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policy in the company. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness in the design or operation effectiveness were observed.

20. SUBSIDIARY AND ITS FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

IIDL Realtors Private Limited (IRPL) is a wholly owned subsidiary of IIDL which is having rental and interest income during the financial year 2024-25. In accordance with Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, consolidated financial statements have been prepared for the Company and its subsidiary, which form part of this Report. Further, the report on the performance and financial position of the subsidiary of the Company along with salient features of the financial statements in the prescribed Form AOC-1 is annexed to this report as Annexure-D.

21. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Consolidated financial statements in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards have been provided in the Annual Report. These Consolidated Financial Statements provide financial information about your Company and its subsidiary as a single economic entity.

22. VIGIL MECHANISM

Section 177 (9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 provides for establishment of a vigil mechanism in every listed company and such other class or classes of companies, as may be prescribed for its directors and employees to report to the management their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The mechanism shall provide for adequate safeguards against victimization of director(s)/employee(s) who avail the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. However, this policy is an internal document of the Company and has been framed for the purpose defined above. The Policy on vigil mechanism may be

accessed on the Company's website at https://iidlindia.com/ED5B8377-98F8-4545-8119-5DFF3AEA83A2/CMS/Page/Policy

www.

https://iidlindia.com/ED5B8377-98F8-4545-B119-

5DFF3AEA83A2/CMS/Page/Policyiidlindia.com.

23. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Individual Directors was carried out by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board based on the structured questionnaire covering various aspects viz. functioning of committees as per the terms of reference approved by the Board, participation and contribution by the director, commitment, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality and independence of behaviour and judgement etc.

24. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place the Policy on Sexual Harassment of Woman at Workplace and also formed an Internal Complaints Committee in compliance of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Further, as per MCA Notification dated 30th May, 2025, the details required to be reported are as under:

- (a) number of complaints of sexual harassment received in the year: NIL
- (b) number of complaints disposed off during the year: N.A
- (c) number of cases pending for more than ninety days: N.A

25. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION AS PER RULE 5 OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION) RULES, 2014.

As per Notification dated June 5, 2015, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government Companies are exempted from compliance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and corresponding rules of Chapter XIII. IIDL, being a Government Company, this information has not been included as a part of this Report.

26. ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, regarding foreign exchange earnings & outgo in regard to business operation of IIDL Suites, New Delhi are as under:

Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo:

(Rs. in Lakh)

	V	(KS. III Lakii)		
SI. No.	PARTICULARS	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	
a.	Foreign Exchange Earned			
	Foreign Currency	0.33	1.84	
	Foreign Card	288.93	338.69	
	TOTAL	289.26	340.53	
b.	Foreign Exchange Outgo	140		
	Foreign Travel	.0	0	
	Fee for Technical and Professional	0	0	
	Travel Agent Commission	0	0	
	Refund to Guest	0	0	
	Royalty	0	0	
	Promotion			
	TOTAL	0	0	
c.	CIF value of imports (Other goods)		-	

Further, details regarding conservation of energy and technology absorption as required under Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules prescribed thereunder are not applicable to the Company.

27. RISK MANAGEMENT

IIDL has a Risk Management Committee which has formed a policy on Risk Management framework and oversees the Risk Management process including risk identification, impact assessment, effective implementation of the mitigation plans and risk reporting.

28. SIGNIFICANT OR MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS OR COURT IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS OF THE COMPANY

During the Financial Year under review, there were no significant or material orders were passed by any regulator or Court impacting the going concern status of your Company and Company's operations.

29. REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, none of the auditors have reported, under sub - section (12) of the Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, any instances of fraud committed against the company by its officers, employees, the details of which would need to be

mentioned in the Board's Report.

30. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the

Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

31. EMPLOYEES RELATIONS

The Company continued to maintain harmonious and cordial relations with its employees in all divisions, which enabled it to achieve this performance level on all

fronts.

32. A STATEMENT BY THE COMPANY WITH RESPECT TO THE COMPLIANCE OF THE

PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT 1961

During the year under review, the company has duly complied the provision of Maternity provision in accordance with the provision of Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

33. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors would like to express their appreciation to IFCI Limited (Holding Company) for its continuous support and valuable guidance. The Directors also take this opportunity to thank Government of India and other Government Authorities, Banks and

other business associates for the co-operation received from them.

Your Director's also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the

committed services by the employees of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board For IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited

Sd/-

Sd/-

Amrendra Kumar Managing Director Pooja Mahajan

DIN: 10472659

Director

DIN: 104/2659

DIN:02874604

Place: New Delhi

Date: August 04, 2025

22

ANNEXURE-A

Related Party Transactions FORM NO. AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not on Arm's length basis. - Not Applicable

SI. No.		
i.		
ii.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A
iii.	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A
iv.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	
v.	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	
vi.	Date of approval by the Board	N.A
vii.	Amount paid as advances, if any	
viii.	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	N.A

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions on an Arm's length basis.

SI. No.	Particulars	Details		
i.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	IFCI LIMITED – Holding Company		
ii.	Nature of contracts / arrangements/ transaction	Interest on Bonds, Rent, Salary on Deputation and Miscellaneous expenses		
iii.	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	One year		
iv.	Salient terms of the contracts	Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)	
	or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	INCOME		
		Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds	7,27,50,000/-	
		Interest earned and accrued on Tax Free Bonds		
		Rental Income (Including Reims of expenses)	A CANADA	
		Remuneration (including	-	

		benefits) for staff on deputation		
		Other Income	2,26,983/-	
		EXPENSES		
		Remuneration (inclusive of benefits) for staff on deputation	72,62,000/-	
		Rent of premises	14,36,328/-	
		Electricity Expenses	-	
		Telephone Expenses	21,764/-	
v.	Date of approval by the Board	N.A		
vi.	Amount paid as advances, if any	N.A.		

3. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions on an Arm's length basis.

SI. No.	Particulars	Details		
i.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	IIDL Realtors Private Limited (IRPL) – (Wholly owned subsidiary Company)		
ii.	Nature of contracts/ arrangements / transaction	Rent, Salary on Deputation and Other Transactions		
iii.	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transaction	Monthly / Quarterly		
iv.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction	Particulars INCOME	Amount (in Rs.)	
	including the value, if any	Rental Income	6,65,200/-	
		Remuneration (inclusive of benefits) for staff on deputation	8,71,213/-	
	10 Maria	OTHER TRANSACTIONS	Amount in Rs.	
		Payment made for taxes on behalf of IRPL	23,26,990/-	
		Reimbursement received	23,26,990/-	
V.	Date of approval by the Board	NA		
vi.	Amount paid as advances, if any	NA		

4. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions on Arm's length basis.

SI. No.	Particulars	Details		
vii.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	IFCI FACTORS LIMITED (Group Company)		
viii.	Nature of contracts/ arrangements / transaction	Rent, Salary on Deputation and Other Transactions		
ix.	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transaction	Monthly / Quarterly		
х.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction	Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)	
	including the value, if any	INCOME		
		Rental Income	15	
	*	Remuneration (inclusive of	-	
		benefits) for staff on deputation		
		EXPENSES	Amount in Rs.	
		Remuneration (inclusive of benefits) for staff on deputation	19,85,629/-	
xi.	Date of approval by the Board	NA	-	
xii.	Amount paid as advances, if any	NA		

For IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited

Sd/-Amrendra Kumar Managing Director DIN: 10472659 Sd/-Pooja Mahajan Director DIN:02874604

Place: New Delhi Date: August 04, 2025

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members,

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate governance practice by IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"), incorporated on 10th October, 2007 having CIN: U45400DL2007GO1169232 and Registered office at IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi -110019. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 ("The period under review") complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and have relied on the records, documents and information shared to us by the Company, for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2025, according to the following provisions of (including any statutory modifications, amendments, or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force):

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and the Bye-Laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review]
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers)
 Regulations, 2011 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations,

2015[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];

- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents)
 Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client [Not Applicable to
 the Company during the Audit Period under review];
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021-[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];

We further report that we have also examined, on test-check basis, the relevant documents and records maintained by the Company according to the following laws applicable specifically to the Company:

- (i) Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016;
- (ii) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal)
 Act, 2013;
- (iii) The Employer's Provident fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
- (iv) The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

We have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers for the systems and the mechanism formed by the company for the Compliances under the applicable Acts and the regulations to the Company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;- Complied with.
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 - [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review].

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013

We further report that-

The Board of the Company is duly constituted. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through the unanimous consent of all the Board of Directors and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For Surya Gupta & Associates Company Secretaries

> Sd/-Suryakant Gupta Prop. M. No.: F9250 COP No.: 10828

UDIN:

Peer Review: 907/2020

Date: July 21, 2025

Place: Delhi

ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

To
The Members,
IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, followed by us, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have duly verified the data/ information about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards
 is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on
 test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Surya Gupta & Associates Company Secretaries

> Sd/-Suryakant Gupta

> > Prop. M. No.: F9250 COP No.: 10828

UDIN:

Peer Review: 907/2020

Date: July 21, 2025 Place: Delhi

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ACTIVITIES (Pursuant to the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014)

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company

A robust Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company, duly recommended by the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee have been approved by the Board. The CSR Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at: https://iidlindia.com/43CB1BE4-8C16-4F4E-8848-10C9194FCF19/CMS/Page/Our%20CSR%20Policy

The objectives of CSR Policy are:

- to support activities including creation of social & physical infrastructure aimed at inclusive development of human capital thereby enhancing the quality of life and well-being of the people.
- to support CSR activities which help create a cleaner, greener and healthier environment and thereby also enhance IIDL's perception as a socially responsible entity.

2. Composition of CSR Committee

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship	No. of Meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	No. of Meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Sachikanta Mishra (till November 21, 2024)	Nominee Director/ Chairman	1	0
2	Dr. Sumita Rai (till November 21, 2024)	Director / Member	1	1
3	Ms. Pooja Mahajan (w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	Nominee Director / Chairperson	0	0
4	Shri Amrendra Kumar	Managing Director/ Member	1	0
5.	Sh. Vijay Kumar Tyagi (w.e.f. November 21, 2024)	Director / Member	0	0

Composition of CSR Committee (as on March 31, 2025)

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship
1	Ms. Pooja Mahajan	Nominee Director/ Chairperson
2	Sh. Vijay Kumar Tyagi	Director/ Member
3	Shri Amrendra Kumar	Managing Director/ Member

- Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the company. The weblink is : https://iidlindia.com/43CB1BE4-8C16-4F4E-8848-10C9194FCF19/CMS/Page/Our%20CSR%20Policy
- Provide the details of Impact Assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable - NIL
- Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set-off for the financial year, if any – NIL

SI. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs.)	Amount available for set-off for the financial year, if any (in Rs.)
1.	2024- 25	-	<u> </u>

- 6. Average net profit of the company as per Section 135(5) Rs. 14,23,23,062/-
- 7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per Section 135(5) 28,46,461/-
 - (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years-*NIL*
 - (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any-NA
- (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c)- 28, 46, 461/-
- 8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)					
Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs.)	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per Section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second provision to Section 135(5)			
	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of Transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount (In Rs.)	Date of Transfer	
8,10,261/-	Rs. 20,36,200/- (IIDL Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account 2024-25)	31.03.2025	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	

Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

SI. N o.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activiti	Local Area (Y/N)	Santistical Control	on of the oject	Project Duratio n	Amount Allocated for the Project (in Rs.)	Amou nt spent in the curre	transferred Imple to Unspent ntatio CSR Account Direct	transferred Impleme Imple to Unspent ntation- CSR Account Direct Imple	Implem -Thr Impler	de of entation ough nenting ency
		es in Schedu le VII to the Act	Schedu le VII to	District	t		nt F.Y. (in Rs.)	project as per Section 135(6)(in Rs.)		Name	CSR Reg. No.	
1.												
2												

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

SI. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII	Local Area (Y/N)	Location of the Project		Amount spent for the Project	Mode of Imple menta tion-	Mode of Implementation- Through Implementing Agency	
	78.4	to the Act		State	District	(in Rs.)	Direct (Y/N)	Name	CSR Reg. No.
	Minister's Citizen ; f in Emergency Situ ES Fund)		Υ		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	8,10,261/-	Y		

- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads Nil
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable Nil
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): Rs. 8,10,261/-
- (g) Excess amount for set off, if any-

SI. No.	Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)
1.	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per Section 135(5)	28,46,461/-
2.	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	8,10,261/-
3.	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year (2-1)	-
4.	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	
5.	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years (3-4)	-

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR for the preceding three financial years:

Sl.No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under Section	Amount spent in the reporting F.Y. (in Rs.)	specified (transferred under Sched tion 135(6),	ule VII as per	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding F.Y. (in Rs.)
		135 (6) (in Rs.)		Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of transfer	
1	2021-22	22,74, 228	0	1.5	-		0
2	2022-23	24, 72, 892	16,64,958	-	-	+	0
3	2023- 24	8,44,800	14,87,200		•	*	0

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for the ongoing projects of the preceding financial years:

SI. No.	Project ID	Name of the Project	F.Y. in which the project was commenced	Project Duration	Total Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.)	Amount spent on the project in the reporting F.Y. (in Rs.)	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting F.Y. (in Rs.)	Status of the project (Completed /Ongoing)
1	NA	Social Upliftment and Development for Health Action (SUADHA) for Awareness Advocacy Programs on Menstrual Health Hygiene for girl students at 81 different schools in Delhi, Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan.	2023-24	12 Months	6,07,200	6,07,200	6,07,200	Completed
2	NA	Bharat Lok Shiksha Parishad for providing all-round basic education to every child across rural India in 30 Ekal Vidyalaya	2023-24	12 Months	8,80,000	8,80,000	8,80,000	Completed
3	NA	CSR Support for creating entrepreneurship awareness among students of selected schools of Uttar Pradesh under the project "PRERNA"	2022 – 23	10 Months	24,72,892	16,64,958	16,64,958	Completed

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset wise details)

- (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s)-Nil
- (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset-Nil
- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address, etc.-Not applicable
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset)- No
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per Section 135(5) The Company has transferred the amount to Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account.

Sd/-

Amrendra Kumar Managing Director

DIN: 10472659

Sd/-

Pooja Mahajan Director

DIN:02874604

Place: New Delhi Date: August 04, 2025



ANNEXURE-D

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part "A": Subsidiaries As per Ind-AS

(Amount in Rs.)

SI. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	IIDL Realtors Private Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Same as of Holding Company
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A
4.	Share Capital	100,000/-
5.	Other Equity	11,24,35,193/-
6.	Total Assets	20,67,21,144/-
7.	Total Liabilities	20,67,21,144/-
8.	Investments in Property	7,45,30,000/-
9.	Turnover	1,79,22,365/-
10.	Profit before taxation	1,68,61,848/-
11.	Provision for taxation	61,27,572/-
12.	Profit after taxation	1,07,34,276/-
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL
14.	Percentage (%) of shareholding	100%

Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: - NIL a.

Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: - NIL b.

> For and on behalf of the Board **IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

Sd/-

Sd/-

Amrendra Kumar **Managing Director** Pooja Mahajan

Director

DIN: 10472659

DIN:02874604

Place: New Delhi

Date: August 04, 2025

कार्यालय प्रधान निदेशक लेखापरीक्षा, उद्योग एवं कॉर्पोरेट कार्य ए.जी.सी.आर, भवन, आई.पी. एस्टेट, नई दिल्ली-110 002



OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF AUDIT, INDUSTRY AND CORPORATE AFFAIRS A.G.C.R. BUILDING I.P. ESTATE, NEW DELHI-110 002

संख्याः एएमजी-II/12(1)/ वार्षिक लेखा/ आईआईडीएल/ (2024-25)/25-26/**18 1-18 २** दिनाँकः **() 7** AUG 2025

सेवा में

प्रवन्ध निदेशक, आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड, सातवीं मंज़िल, आईएफसीआई टावर, 61 नेहरू प्लेस, नई दिल्ली- 110 019

विषय:

कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2025 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के वार्षिक लेखों पर भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2025 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के वार्षिक लेखों पर उपरोक्त विषय संबंधित संलगन पत्र अग्रेषित है।

भवदीय,

िय्ये त अ/१/४) (डॉ पवन कुमार कोंडा) ओ एस डी (उद्योग एवं कारपोरेट कार्य) नई दिल्ली

संलग्नक:- यथोपरि

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The preparation of financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under Section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 30 April 2025.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

Based on my supplementary audit, I would like to highlight the following significant matters under Section 143(6)(b) of the Act which have come to my attention and which in my view are necessary for enabling a better understanding of the financial statements and the related audit report:

A Comment on Profitability

A.1 Statement of Profit and Loss

Other Income (Note No. 32): ₹2,119.06 lakh

Interest Income: Earned and Accrued on Deposits: ₹1,279.94 lakh Retained Earnings - Opening Balance {Note No. 20 (ii)}: ₹1,241.13 lakh

As per the Significant Accounting Policy No. 1.23 (Prior Period Items), material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

However, interest income of ₹100.29 lakh relating to the period, prior to the financial year 2024-25 was recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the current year (i.e. 2024-25) instead of adjusting it against the retained earnings of the previous year, in line with the above stated accounting policy.

This has resulted in overstatement of Profit for the year and understatement of opening balance of retained earnings by ₹100.29 lakh besides non-compliance to the aforesaid accounting policy of the Company.

B. Comment on Independent Auditor's report

B.1 Independent Auditor's Report dated 30 April 2025

As per Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Amendment Rules, 2021, the Statutory Auditor shall have to report whether the company has used such accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software and the audit trail feature has not been tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for the record retention.

However, the reporting by the Statutory Auditor under point no. 3 (B) vi. of Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements was deficient as the same was silent regarding preservation of the audit trail.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

1/8/2)

(Dr. Pawan Kumar Konda)

OSD

(Industry and Corporate Affairs)

New Delhi

Place: New Delhi

Date 0 7 AUG 2025

कार्यालय प्रधान निदेशक लेखापरीक्षा, उद्योग एवं कॉर्पोरेट कार्य ए.जी.सी.आर, भवन, आई.पी. एस्टेट, नई दिल्ली-110 002



OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF AUDIT, INDUSTRY AND CORPORATE AFFAIRS A.G.C.R. BUILDING I.P. ESTATE, NEW DELHI-110 002

संख्याः एएमजी-II/12(1)/ वार्षिक लेखा/ आईआईडीएल(CFS)/ (2024-25)/25-26/*183-184* दिनाँकः **। 7** AUG 2025

सेवा में

प्रबन्ध निदेशक, आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड, सातवीं मंज़िल, आईएफसीआई टावर, 61 नेहरू प्लेस, नई दिल्ली- 110 019

विषय:

कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के साथ धारा 129 (4) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2025 को समाप्त वर्ष के₋लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के समेकित वार्षिक लेखों पर भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के साथ धारा 129 (4) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2025 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के समेकित वार्षिक लेखों पर उपरोक्त विषय संबंधित संलगन पत्र अग्रेपित है।

भवदीय,

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संलग्नक:- यथोपरि

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) READ WITH SECTION 129(4) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The preparation of consolidated financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139 (5) read with section 129 (4) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 read with section 129 (4) of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 30 April 2025

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the consolidated financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 under section 143(6)(a) read with section 129 (4) of the Act. We conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (the Company) but did not conduct supplementary audit of the financial statements of IIDL Realtors Private Limited (the subsidiary) for the year ended on that date. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

Based on my supplementary audit, I would like to highlight the following significant matters under section 143(6)(b) read with section 129 (4) of the Act which have come to my attention and which in my view are necessary for enabling a better understanding of the consolidated financial statements and the related audit report:

A Comment on Consolidated Profitability

A.1 Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss
Other Income (Note No. 32): ₹2,176.44 lakh
Interest Income: Earned and Accrued on Deposits: ₹1,368.90 lakh
Retained Earnings – Opening Balance {Note No. 20 (ii)}: ₹1,576.02 lakh

As per the Significant Accounting Policy No. 1.23 (Prior Period Items), material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

However, interest income of ₹102.77 lakh relating to the period, prior to the financial year 2024-25 was recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the current year (i.e. 2024-25) instead of adjusting it against the retained earnings of the previous year, in line with the above stated accounting policy.

This has resulted in overstatement of Profit for the year and understatement of opening balance of retained earnings by ₹102.77 lakh besides non-compliance to the aforesaid accounting policy of the Company.

- B. Comment on Independent Auditor's report
- B.1 Independent Auditor's Report dated 30 April 2025 on consolidated financial statements

As per Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Amendment Rules, 2021, the Statutory Auditor shall have to report whether the company has used such accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software and the audit trail feature has not been tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for the record retention.

However, the reporting by the Statutory Auditor under point no. 3 (B) vi. of Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements was deficient as the same was silent regarding preservation of the audit trail.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

4/9/5)

(Dr. Pawan Kumar Konda) O S D

(Industry and Corporate Affairs) New Delhi

Place: New Delhi

Date 0 7 AUG 2025

Replies of CAG observations on the Annual Accounts (SFS) of HDL for the year 2024-25 S.N. **CAG Observations** Management Comments Comment on Profitability A Noted for future compliance. A.1 Statement of Profit and Loss Interest income of ₹100.29 Other Income (Note No. 32): ₹2,119.06 lakh Lakh was recognized after Interest Income: Earned and Accrued on Deposits: ₹1,279.94 reconciliation of accrued interest on fixed deposits. It Retained Earnings - Opening Balance (Note No. 20 (ii)): corresponds to period since ₹1,241.13 lakh F.Y. 2011-12. The amount As per the Significant Accounting Policy No. 1.23 (Prior Period recognized was not material Items), material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively keeping in view the yearly by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented profitability of the company. in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented. by restating the opening statement of financial position. However, interest income of ₹100.29 lakh relating to the period. prior to the financial year 2024-25 was recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the current year (i.e. 2024-25) instead of adjusting it against the retained earnings of the previous year, in line with the above stated accounting policy. This has resulted in overstatement of Profit for the year and understatement of opening balance of retained earnings by ₹100.29 lakh besides non-compliance to the aforesaid accounting policy of the Company. B Comment on Independent Auditor's report Statutory Pertains Independent Auditor's Report dated 30 April 2025 B.1 Auditor: Response submitted Statutory by As per Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Auditor is as under: Amendment Rules, 2021, the Statutory Auditor shall have to We sincerely acknowledge report whether the company has used such accounting software the observation and regret the for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of inadvertent omission. The recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been lapse was unintentional and operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the occurred despite software and the audit trail feature has not been tampered with

and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the

However, the reporting by the Statutory Auditor under point no.

3 (B) vi. of Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

was deficient as the same was silent regarding preservation of

statutory requirements for the record retention.

the audit trail.

commitment to maintaining

high professional standards in

the execution of our audit

However, Statutory auditor confirmed that the company

has preserved the audit trail

requirements for the record

statutory

responsibilities.

as per the

retention.

Replies of CAG observations on the Annual Accounts (CFS) of IIDL for the year 2024-25

S.N. CAG Observations
A.1 Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss Other Income (Note No. 32): ₹2,176.44 lakh Interest Income: Earned and Accrued on Deposits: ₹1,368.90 lakh Retained Earnings - Opening Balance {Note No. 20 (ii)}: ₹1,576.02 lakh As per the Significant Accounting Policy No. 1.23 (Prior Period Items). material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented. by restating the opening statement of financial position. However, interest income of ₹102.77 lakh relating to the period, prior to the financial year 2024-25 was recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the current year (i.e. 2024-25) instead of adjusting it against the retained earnings of the previous year, in line with the above stated accounting policy. This has resulted in overstatement of Profit for the year and understatement of opening balance of retained carnings by ₹102.77 lakh besides non-compliance to the aforesaid accounting policy of the Company. Comment on Independent Auditor's report Independent Auditor's Report dated 30 April 2025 on consolidated financial statements Comment on Independent Auditor's report Independent Auditor's Report dated 30 April 2025 on consolidated financial statements
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As per Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) We sincerely ac
Amendment Rules, 2021, the Statutory Auditor shall have to the observation and
report whether the company has used such accounting software inadvertent omis for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of
recording audit trail (adit log) facility and the same has been lapse was uninter
appointed throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the
software and the guilt trail feature has not been tompered with
and the audit trail has been presented by the company as par the lingil professional s
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responsibilities.
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited

Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited ("the Company") which comprise the Standalone Balance sheet as at 31 March 2025, and the Standalone Statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), Standalone Statement of changes in equity and Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management's and Those Charges with Governance' for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing
 our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial
 statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- As required under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013, we enclose herewith, as per 'Annexure-B'
 and 'Annexure-C' our report for the company on the Directions and Sub-directions respectively, issued by
 the Comptroller & Auditor General of India.
- 3. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Standalone Balance sheet, the Standalone Statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the Standalone Statement of changes in equity and the Standalone Statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
- e) The provision of Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of disqualifications of directors are not applicable to the Company being Government Company in terms of notification no. G.S.R. 463 (E) dated 5 June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate affairs.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure D'.
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2025 on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statement refer Note 47 to the Standalone Financial Statements.
 - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at 31 March 2025 under the applicable law or accounting standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts. The Company did not have any long-term derivative contracts as at 31 March 2025.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year.
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
- provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
- directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or
 on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
- provide any guarantee, security, or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (iv.) (a) and (iv.) (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The dividend declared and paid during the year by the Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.
- (C) The provision of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act with respect to managerial remuneration is not applicable on a government company. Therefore, we are not required to comment thereon.

For VPGS & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 507971C

Sd/-Vivek Raheja Partner Membership No. 094781

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 April 2025

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQG8984

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- i.
- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has a regular program of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of-use assets are verified in the phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain Property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deed of immovable property (other than immovable properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favor of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company as at Balance sheet date, except for the following:

Description of property	Gross carrying value	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held – indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of company*
Property located at Pangoorvell, Ariyur Revenue Village, District- Villanpur, Puducherry having area of 21.279 acres	Rs. 10.01 Crores	IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (through sale certificate issued by IFCI Ltd)	No	14 years & 08 months	One of the survey number identified as temple land due to which registration has not taken place. IIDL is in the process of resolving the issue with concern authority.

- (d) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

- ii. (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable, and procedures and coverage as followed by the management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were 10% or more in the aggregate for each class inventory.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not have any working capital limit. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships during the year.
- iv. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not given any loans, or provided any guarantee or security as specified under Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. In respect of the investments made by the Company, In our opinion the provision of section 186 of the Act have been compiled with.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. The Central Government has prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section-148 of the Companies Act. The Company has maintained the prescribed records. However, no separate cost records have been maintained.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
- (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of excise and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into Goods and Services Tax.
 - According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Custom, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities except for slight delays in a few cases.
 - There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Dutyof Custom, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, statutory dues referred to in subclause (a), which have not been deposited on account of any dispute are as under:

Name of the Statue	Amount (Rupees in lakhs)	Period for which amount related	Forum where dispute pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	57.94	AY 2012-13	CIT(A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	49.07	AY 2013-14	CIT(A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	98.73	AY 2014-15	CIT(A)

Income Tax Act, 1961	79.85	AY 2015-16	CIT(A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	24.16	AY 2016-17	CIT(A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	73.53	AY 2018-19	CPC
Income Tax Act, 1961	82.92	AY 2020-21	CPC
Income Tax Act, 1961	232.61	AY 2021-22	CPC
Income Tax Act, 1961	168.15	AY 2022-23	CPC
Indian Stamp Act,1899	150.02		Allahabad High Court

Assessment Year / State	Amount (Rupees in lakhs)	Forum from where demand pending / addition imposed
2017 - 18 / Delhi	31.08	GST Appellate

- viii. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- ix. (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans and borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, clause ix(a) of the order is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us by the management, the company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause ix(c) of the order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanation given to us on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds have been raised on short-term basis by the company. Accordingly, clause ix(d) of the order is not applicable.
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to us on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013.
- (f) According to the information and explanation given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) Based on the examination of the books and records of the company and according to the information and explanation given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the course of audit.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, no whistleblower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act,2013 where applicable and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial Statements as required by the applicable Accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) Based on the information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the reports of the internal auditor for the year ended 31 March 2025 furnished to us;
- xv. In our opinion according to the information and explanation given to us the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (c) The company is not a core investment company (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). Accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanation provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanation given to us on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and

when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- xx. A) Based on our audit procedure and as per the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has only ongoing projects i.e. there are no other than ongoing projects.
 - B) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given to us by the management, the unspent amount by the Company towards CSR as on 31 March 2025 amounts to Rs 20.36 Lakhs, out of which the Company spent Rs 4.5 Lakh in April 2025 and the balance amount of Rs. 15.86 Lakh has been transferred to special account in compliance with the provisions of Section 135(6) of the Act as on 30 April 2025.

For VPGS & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-Vivek Raheja Partner

Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQG8984

Annexure - B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report in terms of Directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2024-2025

Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If
yes, the implications of processing accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts
along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, all the accounting transactions are routed through IT system (i.e. Tally software in Head Office and SAGE 300 ERP/HIS/IDS software in IIDL Suites) except the demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants. Demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants are usually sent through MS-Office.

We have neither been informed nor we have come across during the course of audit any accounting transactions having an impact on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications which have been processed outside the IT system.

2. Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of Lender Company).

During the year, there is no instance of any restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver/write-off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the Company.

Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central /State
Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the
cases of deviation.

We have been informed that the Company has neither received, nor any such funds are receivable by the Company for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies for the financial year 2024-25.

For VPGS & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-Vivek Raheja Partner

Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQG8984

Annexure - C to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report in terms of Sub-directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2024-25

1. Investments:

Whether the titles of ownership in respect of CGS/ SGS/ Bonds/ Debentures etc. are available in physical/demat form and these, in aggregate, agree with the respective amounts shown in the Company's books of accounts? If not, details may be stated.

The company invested Rs. 75 Crores in Bonds issued by IFCI Limited. The possession of these bonds is in demat form and the same has been shown in the Company's books of accounts under the head of investment in asset side of the balance sheet.

2. Loans:

In respect of provisioning requirement of all restructured, rescheduled, renegotiated loan-whether a system of periodical assessment of realizable value of securities available against all such loans is in place and adequate provision has been created during the year? Deficiencies in this regard, if any, may be suitably commented upon along with financial impact.

The Company has neither granted any Loans during the year nor does the Company have any such outstanding Loans as on 31-03-2025.

For VPGS & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-

Vivek Raheja

Partner

Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQG8984

Annexure - D to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 3(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Accounting standards financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions

and dispositions of the assets of the company;

2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and

3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or

disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For VPGS & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-Vivek Raheja

Partner

Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQG8984

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2025	(₹ in Lakh
ASSETS	110101101	THE STORES MISHOUT ADES	As at 31st March 2024
1. Non - Current Assets	1		
a. Property, Plant and Equipment	Z	15,119,94	
b. Right-of-use Assets .	3	- 10 mark control (18)	15,376.15
c. investment property	4	1.87	*
d. Goodwill	5		*
e. Other Intensible Assets	6	145.04	
f. Financial Assets	1 . 1	115.84	8.23
I, Investments	7		
II. Lease Receivables	8	11,250.73	11,551.78
iii, Loans	9	13.14	
iv. Other financial assets	10	837.60	763.54
	1 10	1,913.69	3,581.07
2. Current Assets	1 1	29,252.81	31,580.76
a. Inventories	11		
b. Financial Assets	1 1	6,842.03	6,955 28
i. Lease Receivables	1 . 1	- 1	
ii. Trade Receivables	8 12	5.61	-
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	13	34.09	166.14
iv. Bank Balance other than (iii) above	14	4,306.10	5,095.66
v. Loans	15	9,883.79	6,805.54
vi. Other financial assets	16		•
G. Current Tax Assels (Net)	17	1,228.96	1,523.15
d. Other Current Assets	18	1,124.34	1,057.07
	1 ¹⁰ F	286.36	351.59
OTAL ASSETS	1	23,711.27 52,964,08	21,905.52
		32,354.08	53,486,29
QUITY AND LIABILITIES	1		
. Equity	1 F		
a. Equity Share Capital	19	47 700 00	1
b. Other Equity	20	42,709.92	42,709.92
	20 -	8,475.82 51,186.75	8,082,98
Non - Current Liabilities		54,100.75	50,792,91
a. Financial Liabilities		4	
I. Lease Liabilities	21	4.05	
II. Borrowings	22	4.05	•
Ili. Other Financial Liabilities	23		- 1
b. Provisions	24	181.20	0,00
c. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	25	439.36	471.14
d. Other Non - Current Liabilities	26	439.35	944.72
		624.61	
Current liabilities	-	024.01	1,415.85
a. Financial Liabilities			
i. Lease Liabilities	21	3.61	1
ii. Trade Payables	27	186.75	***
iii. Other Financial Liabilities	28	228.92	141.58
b. Other Current Liabilities	29	721.90	369.01
c. Provisions	30	11.53	758.19
		1,152,72	8.74
TAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		52,964.08	1,277.53
		32,351.08	53,486.29

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information In Notes 1 to 65

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN: 507971C

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-CA Vivek Raheja PARTNER M. No. 094781

Date: April 30th, 2025 Place: New Delhi Sd/-{Amrendra Kumer} DIN: 10472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR

5d/-(Nidhi Agerwel) M. No: 413317 58HEF FINANCIAL OFFICER Sd/-(Pooja Mahajan) DIN: 02874604 DIRECTOR

5d/-(Pooja Vanjani) M. No. : 22668 COMPANY SECRETARY

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS for the year ended 31 March 2025

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March 2025	1-
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	+	IVIAICH 2025	March 2024
Income		X	
Revenue from Operations	31	2 000 00	
Other Income	32	1,980.68	1,782.89
Total Income (A)	32	2,119,06	2,114.37
Expenses.		4,099.74	3,897.26
Cost of Material Consumed	33	***************************************	
Employee benefit expenses	34	195.12	190.14
Finance Costs	35	679.71	608.27
Net Loss on Fair Value changes	36	0.74	-
Depreciation and Amortization expenses	37	301.05	204.10
Other Expenses	38	329.00	307.58
Total Expenses (B)	38	1,469.57	1,234.52
Profit before exceptional items and tax (A - B)	1 1	2,975.18	2,544.61
Exceptional Items	1 .0	1,124.55	1,352,65
Profit before tax	40		-
ess: Tax Expense	1	1,124.55	1,352.65
1. Current Tax	43		
2. Deferred Tax	57	338,34	307.45
3. MAT Credit Entitlement	3/	(503.85)	45.86
4. Income Tax for Earlier Years	43		-
rofit for the year from continuing operations; net of tax	43	(94.29)	-
and a color superior that covered described and process of the constraint of the color of the co	-	1,384.35	999.34
DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS			
rofit from discontinuing operations (after tax)	-		
	-		٠
ROFIT FOR THE YEAR (C)	-		
	<u> </u>	1,384.35	999.34
THER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			1
A. I. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	20	1	1
a. Acturial Gain / Loss	39.		1
ii. Income tax relating to items that will not to be reclassified to	1	(5.42)	4.20
profit or loss			
ther Comprehensive Income, net of tax (D)	-	(1.51)	1.17
	-	(3.91)	3.03
OTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (C+D)	-		
	<u>_</u>	1,380.44	1,002.37
arning per equity share (for continuing and discontinuing operations)			
Basic earning per Share (in Rs.) Face value of Rs. 10 each	41	313444	
Diluted earning per Share (in Rs.) Face value of Rs. 10 each		0,32	0.23
		0.32	0.23

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 65

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 507971C

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-CA Vivek Raheja PARTNER M. No. 094781

Date : April 30th, 2025 Place : New Delhi Sd/-(Amrendra Kumar) DIN: 10472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR

Sd/-(Pooja Mahajan) DIN: 02874604 DIRECTOR

5d/-(Nidhi Agarwal) M. No: 413317 -CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Sd/-(Pooja Vanjani) M. No. : 22668 COMPANY SECRETARY

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31 March 2025

For the year ended 31st March 2025 1,124.55 1,124.55 329.00 5.82 18.88 (2,007.44)	For the year ended 31st. March 2014 1,956.85 1,366.85 307.58 (4.20
1,124.55 1,124.55 329.00 5,82 18.88	1,966 gs 1,366 gs 307.58
1,124.95 329.00 5.82 18.88	1,356.85
1,124.95 329.00 5.82 18.88	1,356.85
1,124.95 329.00 5.82 18.88	1,356.85
5.82 18.88	307.58
5.82 18.88	307.58
5,82 18.88	200 12 10
5,82 18.88	200 12 10
18.88	(4.20
18.88	
(A)	(122.57
(2,007.44)	=
	(1.952.32)
	-
(75.42)	(49.53)
0.74	
301.05	204.10
(302 93)	(179.08)
4	(2,2)
77.05	teen
	(413.05)
2000 2000 2000	
	179,50
65.33	(93.06)
15000	(14.54)
	7.68
(35.79)	(50.33)
	(42.25)
	(605.24)
	(307.45)
	(912.69)
1	1
2 301 54	
-,	1,952.32
	(846,26)
12 124 601	(1,399.21)
	. 1
(100.46)	(0.64)
- 1	(0.12)
- 1	2,000.15
	- 1
	B61.61
1,5502.40	2,467.85
loss nat	1
	(2,498.53)
	-
(550/62)	(2,498.53)
	(943.37)
5,095.66	9,099.03
4,106.10	5,095.56
1	1
1.30	1.65
59.80	80.42
4,245.00	5,013.58
4,306.10	5,095.55
	7,073.00
	_
87.44	59.53
	301.05 (302.83) 72.06 (5.02) 224.25 45.17 65.33 (451.53) (362.9) (400.85) (311.32) (800.19) 2,301.64 (1.114.60) (1186.46) (186.46) (986.60) (4.25) (590.85) (590.85) (590.85) (590.85) (4.25,005.66) 4,306.10

Summary of Méterial Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 65

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FRN: 507971C

PARTNER

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-CA Vivek Reliejs M. No. 694781

54/-(Amrendra Kumar) DNb 10472699 MANAGING DIRECTOR

Sd/-(Poojs Mahajan) DIM: 02874604 DIRECTOR

Dute : April 30th, 2025 Place : New Delhi

50/-(Middl Agarwal) M. No: 419317 CHIEF FINANCIAL DEFICER

Sd/-(Peejs Vanjani) M. No. : 22668 COMPANY SECRETARY

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPIMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GO1169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
for the year ended 31 March 2025

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

				(*In Lakhs)
Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	Share Capital Issued during the year	Share Capital redeemed during the vear	Balance at the end of
lance as at 31st March, 2024	FA COS F.A.			are reporting year
lance as at 31st March, 2025	42,709.92			42,709,92

B. OTHER EQUITY

ייי ניינו באוצ	(DO) au	Others		11.978.14	- 999.34	3,03	(2,498,53)	7	8,032,98	1,384,35	1331		(986.60)	
Other Commehensive Income (OCI)	Dall and delight and like	Remeasurement of	permission or contracts	16.62	,	3.03		28.94		1-	(19.5)	•		
Reserves & Surplus		Retained Earnings	7 740 17	20000000	999.34	ĸ	(2,498.53)	1,241.13		1,384,35		(986,60)		4 Present
	Capital Redomption	Reserve	6,812,91				• •	6,812,91		•	,			10000
1	Particulars		batunce as at 1st April 2023	Changes in Accounting Policy / Prior Period Errors	Profit for the year Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of	Changes in Equity due to Lease Extension	Interim Dividend Pard to Equity Sharaholders Dividend Distribution Tax Paid Referred at 2014 Education 1	Changes in Arrameter, 2024	Profit for the veer	Other Comprehensive Income for the year (not of	Changes in Equity due to Lease Extension	Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	Balance at 31st March, 2025	

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 65

As par our report of even data attached For URGS & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRM: 507971C \$d/ (Annendra Kumar) DIN: 10472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(Pooja Mahajan)
DIN : 02874804
DIRECTOR
Sd/Sd/(Pooja Vintani)

Sd/(Pooja Vanjani)
W. No. ; 22668
COMPANY SECRETARY

(Nighi Agalwat) M. No: 413317 CHIEF FIMANCIAL OFFICER

> Date: April 30th, 2025 Place: New Delhi

Sd/-CA Vivek Raheja PARTNER M. No. 094781

61

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited ("the Company") is a company registered under the Companies Act, 2013 which was incorporated on October 10, 2007. The Company has been primarily engaged in the activities relating to Real Estate Project Advisory and Execution, promotion, construction and development of Commercial and Residential Complexes and Serviced Apartments of its own as well as under joint participatory agreements with

The hospitality project of the company under the brand name 'IIDL Suites', Service Apartments located at Mayur Vihar has commenced its commercial operations from 1st of October, 2011.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1.1

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard.

Further, the financial statements comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

1.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been denominated in INR and rounded off to the nearest two decimals, except where otherwise indicated.

1.3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the following material items:

- Financial assets at FVTOCI that is measured at fair value
- Financial instruments at FVTPL that is measured at fair value
- Net defined benefit (asset) / liability fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligation

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

1.4 USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years.

1.5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY

1.5.1 Recognition and measurement

<u>Property, Plant and Equipment</u> is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Property, plant and equipment held for use or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes non-refundable taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition and installation of the respective assets.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed / retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts / inspection is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

In the case of commissioned assets, deposit works / cost – plus contracts where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be affected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

<u>Investment properties</u> include those portions of land and buildings that are held for long-term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation or for a currently indeterminate use. Investment properties include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties.

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

Investment properties are stated at cost of acquisition / construction less accumulated depreciation. On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Method of Depreciation used is Straight Line Method and the useful life of the asset taken is 60 years.

On the date of transition to Ind AS, the Company has considered the carrying value of investment Properties (if any) as per previous GAAP to be the deemed cost as per Ind AS 101.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Government licenses essential for the company's operations and having a validity of over one year are initially recognised at cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortisation calculated on the basis of remaining validity period.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

1.5.2 Depreciation / Amortization

Depreciation is provided using the Straight-Line Method over their estimated useful life as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or based on Management assessment of useful life, if lower than what is prescribed under the schedule. Depreciation is calculated on pro — rata basis, including the month of addition and excluding the month of sale / disposal. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight-line basis. Residual value in respect of items of Property, Plant & Equipment and Investment Property are considered as 5% of the cost. Property, Plant and Equipment costing less than Rs. 5000/- individually are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss Account in the year of their purchase itself.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible Assets consisting of Computer software with indefinite period utility / user rights and having a useful life lasting with that of the equipment have been capitalized with the cost of computer. Software carrying an identifiable utility of at least five years is amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of five years from the date put into use. Software with limited edition / period utility i.e. requiring annual revision is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss Account in the year of purchase. Government licenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of their validity.

1.5.3 De-Recognition

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

1.50

An item of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment or investment property is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

1.5.4 Transition to Ind AS

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property and Intangible Assets recognised as of the transition date measured as per the previous GAAP and use such carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date as per Ind AS 101.

1.6 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

1.7 IMPAIRMENT OF NON - FINANCIAL ASSETS

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amount of its non – financial assets (other than assets held for sale and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that is largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. The 'recoverable amount' of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. 'Value in use' is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

1.8 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

CIN: U45400DL2007G0I169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

Assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use:

Such assets measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell with gains and losses on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. Once classified as held for sale, assets are no longer amortised, depreciated or impaired.

1.9 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures are carried at cost. The cost comprises price paid to acquire investment and directly attributable cost. On each reporting date, consequent upon existence of any external or internal indication to impairment, the impairment loss shall be recognised as difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount.

1.10 INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. The quantity and valuation of inventories at the yearend is taken as physically verified value and certified by the management.

Inventory of real estate business comprise of -

<u>i. Building / Residential Complex, Built-up floor space</u> acquired / purchased for development and / or sale / resale and other removable / disposable assets existing thereon. These are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value wherein costs are determined by adding all considerations / costs which are attributable to purchase / acquisition, and other expenses incurred specifically thereto.

II. Land Bank – It consists of asset purchased by the Company that it intends to develop later on into residential / commercial project but on which no construction has commenced. Land is initially recognized at fair value which is generally the cost or net realizable value whichever is less. However, it is discounted to present value when payment terms are deferred for a period of more than one year.

<u>iii. Work in Progress</u> – Work-in-Progress includes construction work in progress and unsold portion of completed Real Estate Projects. Increase / decrease in Work-in-Progress is accounted for as Income or Expenditure for the year, as the case may be. Valuation of Work-in-Progress including unsold portion of reality project is being done on basis of actual cost and overheads incurred which are directly attributable to project, till completion or net realizable value whichever is less.

iv. Direct Materials, Stores and Spare Parts are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on Weighted Average Cost Method.

v. Consumables including Cantering, Shuttering and Scaffolding, Loose Tools, Laboratory Equipment, empty containers & others are valued on the basis of realizable value, based on the engineering estimate.

Inventory of hospitality business comprises of closing balance of consumables purchased. FIFO method is followed for ascertaining the cost price considered for valuation. Closing inventories are valued at cost or replacement value, whichever is less, after providing for obsolescence and damage.

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1.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise Cash in hand, Balances in Bank Account, Remittance in Transit, Cheques in hand and Demand Deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.12 LEASES (IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND AS 116)

The company identifies lease as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company checks for conditions needed to be fulfilled if the contract is to be classified as lease as under:

- i. Identified assets.
- ii. Lessee obtains substantially all of the economic benefits
- iii. Lessee directs the use

1.12.1 The Company as a Lessee

- The company recognizes assets and liabilities for all leases for a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value.
- ii. It then recognizes a right of use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.
- iii. The company measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities.
- iv. The company recognizes depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease
- v. Lease liability = Present value of lease rentals + present value of expected payments at the end of lease. The lease liability will be amortized using the effective interest rate method.
- vi. Lease term = non-cancellable period + renewable period if lessee reasonably certain to exercise.
- vii. Right to use asset = Lease liability + lease payments (advance)-lease incentives to be received if any initial + initial direct costs + cost of dismantling / restoring etc. The asset will be depreciated as per Ind AS 16 Property Plant and equipment.

1.12.2 The Company as a Lessor

- The company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.
- ii. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards, incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For finance leases, the company derecognizes the underlying asset and recognizes a net investment in the lease.
- iii. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For operating leases, the company continues to recognize the underlying assets.
- iv. Any selling profit or loss is recognized at lease commencement.

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1.13 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES RELATED TO CLAIMS, LITIGATION etc.

1.13.1 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined based on management estimates required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

1.13.2 Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

1.13.3 Arbitration Awards

Arbitration / Court's awards along with related interest receivable / payable are, to the extent not taken into accounts at the time of initiation, are recognized after it becomes decree. Permanent Machinery of Arbitration, Government of India, is accounted for on finalization of award by the appellate authority. Interest to / from in these cases are accounted when the payment is probable which the point is when matter is considered settled by management.

1.13.4 Liquidated Damages

Liquidated Damages / Compensation for delay in respect of clients/ contractors, if any, are accounted for when payment is probable which is the point when matter is considered settled by management.

1.14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

1.14.1 Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

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1.14.2 Contingent Assets

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

1.15 SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY

Share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from retained earnings, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) arising from actuarial gain or loss on re-measurement of defined benefit liability and return on plan assets.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained profits. All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity. Annual dividend distribution to shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividend is approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

1.16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

1.16.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

1.16.2 Classifications and Subsequent Measurement

(i) Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or FVTPL, depending on the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets.

(ii) Business Model Assessment

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The Company makes an objective assessment of the business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level, because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets.
- The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Company's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realized.
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

1.16.3 Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company applies judgement and considers all the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains any contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the said assessment, the Company considers prepayment and extension terms, features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of the interest rates).

1.16.4 Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

A Financial Asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method less any impairment losses.

1.16.5 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ('FVTOCI')

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A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses on said financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and do not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet.

1.16.6 Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account.

1.16.7 Investment in equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are measured at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account. However, on initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

1.16.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost, as appropriate and is accordingly accounted for.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company is recognised at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs."

1.16.9 Measurement Basis

(i) Amortised cost

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Amortised cost is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the EIR method of discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

(ii) Fair Valuation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects it non – performance risk.

When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into-account in pricing a transaction."

1.16.10 De-recognition / Modification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

(A) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily de-recognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an
 obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and
 rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the
 risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. The Company also recognise a liability for the consideration received attributable to the Company's continuing involvement on the asset transferred. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

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On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset de-recognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Financial liabilities

The Company de-recognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired.

(B) Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities

(i) Financial assets

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the modification results in de-recognition of the original financial asset and new financial asset is recognised at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in de-recognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amount as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial asset by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument.

If such a modification is carried out because of financial difficulties of the borrower, then the gain or loss is presented together with impairment losses. In other cases, it is presented as interest income.

(ii) Financial liabilities

The Company de-recognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

If the modification is not accounted as derecognition, then the amortised cost of the liability is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original EIR and the resulting gainor loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument."

1.16.11 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

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Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.16.12 Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognises impairment allowances for ECL:on all the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL. No impairment loss is recognised on equity investments.

ECL are probability weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- Financial Assets that are not credit impaired as the present value of all cash shortfalls that are
 possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Financial Assets with significant increase in credit risk but not credit impaired as the present
 value of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the
 financial asset.
- Financial Assets that are credit impaired as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows
- Undrawn Loan Commitments as the present value of the difference between the contractual
 cash flows that are due to the Company if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that
 the Company expects to receive with respect to trade receivables and other financial assets, the
 Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For financial assets at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in OCI.

1.16.13 Write-off of Financial Assets

Financial assets are written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. This is generally the case when the company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write – off. This assessment is carried out at the individual asset level.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

1.17 TRADE RECEIVABLES

Overview of Trade Receivables - Trade receivables represent the total amounts that a company has invoiced to customers for goods and services that it has delivered but for which it has not yet received payment. As such, trade receivables are included on the assets side of the balance sheet within current assets.

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According to Ind AS 115, at Initial recognition, an entity shall measure trade receivables at their transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component in accordance with Ind AS 115.

Ind AS requires that trade receivables be classified as current if they are likely to be realized within the business's operating cycle. For outstanding trade receivables, the aging schedule prescribed in Schedule III of Ind AS must be provided.

Overview of Expected Credit Loss - in accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recogn tion of impairment loss on the following financial assets:

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits and trade receivables.

Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVOCI Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of IND AS 115.

The Company follows Simplified approach for recognition of Impairment is allowance on trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

At each reporting date, for recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit iosses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Measurement of expected credit losses - Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

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Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in Profit & Loss and balance sheet ECL impairment loss (or reversal) during the year is recognized as income/ expense in profit or loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

- a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The Company does not reduce Impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- b) Debt instruments measured at FVOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

Write-off - The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Conclusion - The total expected credit loss is significantly calculated applying above mentioned ECL framework using 'simplified approach' as mentioned in IND AS 109 and ultimate ECL amount is dependent on the ageing profile of the trade receivables at the calculation date and not merely the average of the total bad debts written off in the past.

1.18 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The expenses and income in foreign exchange transactions are accounted for at the rates prevailing on the date of transactions / at the forward rate, if booked, for such transaction. Assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies and accrued income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated into Indian Rupees at the rates advised by Foreign Exchange Dealers Association of India (FEDAI) prevailing towards the close of the accounting period. Gains / losses, if any, on valuation of various assets and liabilities are taken to Statement of Profit & Loss.

1.19 REVENUE RECOGNITION

- Rental income from Investment Property / Flats held as Inventories is recognized on a straight line basis over the period of lease terms.
- ii. Interest income is reported on an accrual basis using the Effective Interest Rate method.

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- iii. Interest Income from Bank Deposits is recognized on accrual basis on a time proportion basis.
- iv. Income by way of Fees for Project Advisory and Execution services is recorded on accrual basis as per services rendered pursuant to the specific service agreements.
- v. Revenue from the external project services is recognized based on the Cost-plus method. A fixed mark-up percentage is added to the cost incurred towards construction and the total is recognized as revenue. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of work completion certificate obtained from the engineer/ architect.
- vi. Revenue from real estate development of constructed properties is recognized based on the "percentage of completion method". Sale consideration as per the legally enforceable Agreements to Sell entered into is recognized as revenue based on the percentage of actual project costs incurred to total estimated project cost, subject to following:
 - a. Actual cost incurred is not less than 25 percent of the total estimated project cost.
 - b. No significant uncertainty exists regarding receipt of consideration from the customers.
 - c. In case of overdue, on actual realization basis.
 - d. All significant risks and rewards are transferred to the customer.

Project cost includes cost of land, estimated cost of construction and development of such properties. The estimates of the saleable area and costs are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates recognized in the period such changes are determined.

- vii. Revenue from hospitality services is recognized on accrual basis.
 - a. Selling price is determined on the basis of published rack rate less discount offered to customers.
 - b. Income in foreign exchange: The bills for services rendered are raised in Indian Rupees. The payment received in foreign currency against these bills, is credited and accounted for at the rate / rates prevalent on the date of receipt of payment. The gains/ losses arising out of the fluctuation in the exchange rates are accounted for on realization.
- viii. Dividend income is recognized at the time the right to receipt is established.
- ix. Other items of income are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when control of respective goods or service has been transferred to customer.
- x. The company shall recognize revenue in accordance with Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" as and when any such revenue instance occurs.

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1.20 DIVIDENDS

Dividends and Dividend Distribution Tax thereon are recognised if and only when the same are approved by the shareholders in the general meeting and consequently paid to the shareholders.

1.21 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the company in exchange for service rendered by employees. Employee benefits include: short – term employee benefits, post – employment benefits and other long – term employee benefits.

Short Term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the company during an accounting period, the company recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid and as an expense. Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

Defined Benefit Plans - Gratuity & Leave Encashment

Defined benefit plans are those plans that provide guaranteed benefits to certain categories of employees, either by way of contractual obligations or through a collective agreement. The company operates unfunded defined benefit plan. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each fiscal year end. The obligation recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current costs and the fair value of any plan assets, if any is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (same as Projected Unit Credit Method), which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of

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economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contribution to the plan.

The change in defined benefit plan liability is split into changes arising out of service, interest cost and re-measurements and the change in defined benefit plan asset is split between interest income and re-measurements. Changes due to service cost (which is the increase of the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from the employee service in the current period) and net interest cost / income (which is the change during the period in the defined benefit liability that arises from the passage of time) is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Re-measurements of net defined benefit liability / (asset) which comprise of the below are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- Actuarial gains and losses;
- The return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)

INCOME TAX EXPENSE 1.22

Income Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of temporary differences between tax base and book base). It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

1.22.1 Current Tax

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the tax payable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.22.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and based on management's judgement, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary

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differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

1.22.3 Current and Deferred Tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.22.4 Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

The credit available under the Act in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set—off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

1.23 PRIOR PERIOD ITEMS

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

1.24 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

1.25 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates in two reportable business segments namely – 'Real Estate Activities' comprising of Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in 'Hospitality' provided through Serviced Apartments under the brand name 'IIDL Suites'.

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ALLOCATION OF COMMON COSTS

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT 1.26

Cash flow statement is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 - "Statement of Cash Flows".

IFUI INFKASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	(*in Lak
	PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	AS OF STREE IMARCH 2025	As at 31st March 202
	Gross Carrying Value		
	Opening Balance	1	
	a. Land		
	b. Buildings	6,196.12	6,196.
	c. Plant and Equipments	10,630.46	10,630,4
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	2,106.74	2,114.1
	e. Vehicles	1,947.67	1,847.9
	f. Others	76.90	76.9
- 1		129,44	128 8
1	Additions / (Sale) during the year	20,987.33	20,994.3
	a. Land		20,539,5
I	b. Buildings	1 -1	
1	c. Plant and Equipments	- 1	*
le	d. Furniture and Fixtures	64.96	
1	2. Vehicles	(5.10)	(7.4
19 65	Others	(1.62)	(0.7)
	PATRICE POPE	1.49	· ·
10	Closing Balance	59.74	0.54
	Land	03.14	(7.03
	Buildings	6,196.12	******
lc.	Plant and Equipments	10,630,46	6,196.12
d	Furniture and Flatures	2,171.70	10,630.46
e	. Vehicles	1,842.58	2,106.74
	Others	75.28	1,847.67
		130.93	76.90
A	cumulated Depreciation	21,047.07	129.44
lo	pening Balance		20,987.33
	Land	1	
- 1	Sulldings	1 - 1	
.o.c	DI	2,122.74	200
10. 2 d	Funiture and Flutures	1,551.78	1,954.16
6	Vehicles	1,751.30	1,411.23
	Others	72.23	1,749.41
1	Zureis	113.13	70.80
Des	preclation for the year	5,611.18	109.77
12.1	and	2,511.10	5,295.38
	Millings .	i	
c.P	lant and Equipments	168.57	
d F	urniture and Fixtures	139.84	168.57
e V	ehicles	1.45	140.55
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	thers	1.06	1.99
1.0	diers	5.00	1.43
Clas	ine Balanca de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della com	315.94	3.37
2 1-	ing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation	313.54	315.82
a. La	uildings	1	
0. 5	undings	7.301.21	
C. Pi	ant and Equipments	2,291,31	2,122.74
0. FU	rniture and Flxtures	1,691,62	1,551.78
1000000	hicles	1,752,77	1,751.30
f. Oth	ners	73.29	72.23
1	-	118.14	113.13
N		5,927.13	5,611.18
met	Carrying Value of Property, Plant and Equipment (A)		
P. CO.	id .	5:25-2	
D. Bui	ildings	6,196,12	6,196.12
c. Plai	nt and Equipments	8,339.15	8,507.72
d. Fur	rifture and Fixtures	480.09	554.96
e. Vet	1	89.81	96.37
f. Oth	ers	2,99	4.68
1	TOTAL	12.79	16.30
1	IUIAL	15,119.94	15,376.15

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

la in Lakh

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March	2025	As at 31st March 2024
	RIGHT OF USE ASSETS		-	
	Gross Carrying Value .			
+ 8	Opening Balance	k		
	ROU		32.18	32.18
	Li Constantina		32.18	32.18
	Additions / (Sale) during the year		200	
	ROU		2.54	•
			2.54	-
	Closing Balance			
	ROU		34.72	32.18
			34.72	32.18
Note	Accumulated Amortization			
No.3	Opening Balance		- 1	
	ROU		32.18	32.18
			32.18	32.18
	Amortization for the year			
	ROU		0.67	
			0.67	
	Closing Balance of Accumulated Amortization			
	ROU		32.84	32.18
1	Control Section 10 (Assessed		32.84	32.18
	Net Carrying Value of ROU			4
	ROU -		1.87	<u> </u>
	T	OTAL	1.87	-

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	INVESTMENT PROPERTY .		
	Gross Carrying Value		1.
	Opening Balance		
	a. Flats		929,40
	Additions / (Sale) during the year		
	a. Flats		(929.40)
	Closing Balance		
	a. Flats		•
	Accumulated Depreciation		
B1 - 2 -	Opening Balance		
Note	a. Flats	-	218.68
No. 4			
	Depreciation for the year		
	a. Flats		(20.65)
	Disposals for the year		
	a. Flats	-	(198.02)
	Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation		
	a. Flats		
	Net Carrying Value of Investment Property		
	a. Flats	-	
	83		

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No.	Perticulars	As at 31st March 2025	(₹ in Lak
Note No. 5	GOODWILL Goodwill		As at 31st March 2024
140.5			

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	(₹in Lal
	OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS		As at 31st March 2024
	Gross Carrying Value		
	Opening Balance		
	a. Computer Software	I I	
	b. Licenses and Franchises	26.31	26.
- 1		60.50	60.
	Additions / (Sale) during the year	86.31	85.
	a. Computer Software	10	
	b. Ucenses and Franchises	- 4	0.:
- 1	Water transfer	120.00	
	Closing Balance	120.00	0.3
la la	e. Computer Software		
ľ	D. Ucenses and Franchises	26.31 180.00	26.5
1.		206.31	50.0
Vote 6	Accumulated Amortization	206.31	86.3
	Opening Balance	1	
10. D	. Computer Software . Licenses and Franchises	25.30	
1	Chienses and Franchises	52.78	24.9
la	mortization for the year	76.08	40.7
12	Computer Software	76//6	65,66
b	Ucenses and Franchises	0.53	2.
1	Marines and Meticuses	11.86	0.40
c	osing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation	12.39	12.02
a.	Computer Software		12.43
b.	Licenses and Franchises	25.83	25.30
		64.63	52,78
Ne	et Carrying Value	90.47	78.08
8.	Computer Softwara		
b. 1	Licenses and Franchises	0.47	1.01
	TOTAL	115.37	7.22
	IDIAL	115.84	8.23

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	(₹ in Lakh
	NON - CURRENT INVESTMENTS	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	As at 31st March 2024
	a. Investments in Equity Instruments I. Subsidiaries		
	IDL Realtors Private Umited Others	2,995.32	2,995.33
	Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited Other Entitles	149,68	450.73
l,		3,245.00	100.00
ľ	b. Investments in Preference Shares I. Subsidiaries	3,243,650	3,546.05
Note	1. NDL Realtors Private Limited	505.73	505.73
Vo. 7	. Investments in Debentures / Bonds	505.73	505.73
	IFCI Limited - Bonds IFCI Limited - Tax Free Bonds	7,500.00	7,500.00
1		7,500.00	7,500.00
1		11,250.73	11,551.78
1	sgregate amount of Unquoted Investments forket Value of Unquoted Investments	11,250.73 11,250.73	11,551.78 11,551.78
^	ggregate amount of Impairment in value of investments	700.75	399.70

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	LEASE RECEIVABLES a. Current	5.61	
Note	b. Non Current	13.14	_
No.8	- - - - -	18.75	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note	LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES a. Security Deposits Unsecured, considered good (IRPL Pref. shares)	837,60	763.54
No. 9		837.60	763.54

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars '	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Note No. 10	Sundry Deposits	643.74	647.47
	Bank Deposits with maturity more than 12 months	1,269.95	3,233.60
		1,913.69	3,881.07

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	INVENTORIES		
	a. Raw Materials	10.97	9,89
1		10.97	9.89
	b. Work - In - Progress	1,268.93	1,242.14
		1,268.93	1,242.14
1	c. Stores and spares	9.18	7,20
-		9.18	7,20
Note	d. Others		
No. 11	i. Land	4,485.04	4,545.07
	ii. Land on lease cum sale basis	1,177.24	1,276.85
	iii. Consumables	13.18	12.06
		5,675.46	5,833.98
	Total Inventories (A)	6,964.55	7,093.21
	Less: Provision for Fair value changes in Inventories (B)	122.52	126.93
1	Net Inventories (A-B)	5,842.03	6,966.28

^{*} As per policy, Milestone and Ramprastha projects has been classified under Work in progress.

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No.			(₹ in Lakhs
	Particulars .	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note No. 12	CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES a. Secured considered good b. Unsecured considered good i. Due over six months ii. Other Trade Receivables Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts Net Unsecured considered good	168.06 769.36 937.42 903.33 34.09 34.09	184,67 39.09 223.76 117.61 106.14

IF in talebal

Note No.			(考 in Lakhs
	, di ticulais	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	a. Balances with Banks	59.80	80.42
		59.80	80.42
Note	b. Cash on Hand	1.30	1.65
No. 13		1.30	1.65
	c. Others		
l	i. Deposits with maturity less than 3 months	4,245.00	5,013.58
		4,245.00	5,013.58
1	•	4,306.10	5,095.66

(₹ in Lakhe)

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (III)		
Note	Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	9	
No. 14	moneta	9,883.79	. 6,805.54
	*	9,883.79	6,805.54

(₹ in Lakhel

Note No.	Particulars	A	(₹ in Laki
	SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES a. Security Deposits	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	b. Loans to related parties c. Other loans		-
No. 15	Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts Net Other Loans	-	-
		86	-

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	a. Interest Accrued on Deposits	594.64	888.84
	b. Interest Accrued on Bonds	634,32	634.32
	g.	1,228,96	1,523.15

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	CURRENT TAX ASSETS		
Note MAT Cre	Tax Deducted at Source	712.15	802.17
	MAT Credit Entitlement	750,50	836.75
	Less: Provision for Tax	338.32	581,86
		1,124.34	1,057.07

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note No. 18	OTHERS CURRENT ASSETS		
	a. Capital Advances	- 1	
	b. Advances Other than Capital Advances	-	
	Accrued Income	6.90	
	Other Advances	279.46	351.69
		286.36	351.69
j	c. Others	-	-
		286,36	351.69

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	EQUITY		
	Authorized Share Capital		
	100,00,00,000 (Previous year - 100,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.		
	10/- each	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
		1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
	Issued Share Capital		The second secon
	42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/		
	each	42,709.92	42,709.92
Note	A Maria servica de termos	42,709.92	42,709.92
10	Subscribed Share Capital		
10. 19	42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/		
	each	42,709.92	42,709.92
	L	42,709.92	42,709.92
	Paid Up Share Capital		
	42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/		72 47 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
	each	42,709.92	42,709.92
		42,709.92	42,709.92
8	TOTAL	42,709.92	42,709.92
	87		

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 19 (i)

Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year

(₹ in Lakhs)	2024		Amount	42,709.92	42,709.92
	As at 31st March 2024	No of change	Salalia in the salar	42,70,99,243	42,70,99,243
	rch 2025	Amount	10000	44,709.92	42,709.92
	As at 31st Warch 2025	No. of Shares	42.70.99.243		42,70,99,243
	Particulars	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	No. of characterized during 1	No. of shares redeemed during the period No. of shares outstanding at the end of the pariod	DOLLOG ALLA GOLLOGO AND

Note No. 19 (ii)

Terms / Rights attached to shares

The company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of Equity Share is entitled to 1 vote per share. The dividend proposed by Board of receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. Directors is subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to

Note No. 19 (iii)

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the capital

(₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March 2024	No. of Shares % Haldling	243	42,70,99,243
	As at 31st March 2025	No. of Shares % Holding	42,70,99,243	700%
	Particulars	IFCI Limited		

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Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	OTHER EQUITY		
	Reserve and Surplus		8
Note	Capital Redemption Reserve	6,812.91	6,812.91
No. 20	Retained Earnings	1,638.88	1,241.13
110. 20	Other Comprehensive Income	25.03	28.94
		8,476.82	8,082.98

Note No. 20 (i)

Capital Redemption Reserve

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening Balance	6,812,91	6,812.91
Appropriations during the year	- 1	
Closing Balance	6,812.91	6,812.91

Note No. 20 (ii)

Retained Famines

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening Balance	1,241.13	2,740.32
Net Profit for the year	1,384.35	999.34
Interim Dividend paid to Equity Shareholders	(986.60)	(2,498.53)
Closing Balance	1,638.88	1,241.13

Note No. 20 (iii)

Other Comprehensive Income

(₹ in Lakhs)

Other comprehensive income		(tir Lawis)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening Balance	28.94	25,91
Remeasurements of post - employement benefit obligations, net of taxes	(3.91)	3.03
	-	
Closing Balance	25,03	28,94

lote No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note a. Cur	LIABILITIES . rent Current	3.61 4.05	
No. 21		7.66	

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note No. 22 LONG TERM BORROWINGS a. Preference.Shares b. Bonds / Debentures		-	:
		-	*

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES a. Retention Money		
	b. Finance Lease Liability	-	0.00
		-	0.00

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	LONG TERM PROVISIONS		
	a. Provision for employee benefits		
	I. Gratuity	101.89	91.37
Note	ii. Leave Encashment	39.29	28.31
2000 1 2000 000 H		141,18	119.68
140. 24	b. Others		7
	i. Provision for Expense	40.02	351.46
		181.20	471,14

(₹ in Lakhs)

31st March 2025		March 2024
	I	
-		393.34
	-	658.23
-		1,051.57
		106.85
		106.85
439.36		944.72
	-	

^{*} Detailed working is enclosed as per Annexure - 5.

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note	OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES a. Deferred Income b. Others	-	` .a.
	9.0		

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Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES		Contract Contract of the Contract Contr
	a. Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small enterprises	11.95	0.40
Note	b. Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro and small		
No. 27	enterprises	174,80	141.19
		186.75	141.58

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Note	Other Payables	228,92	369.01
No. 28		228.92	369.01

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	a. Advances Received	721.90	689.78
Note	b. Other Advances	#r1	40.11
No. 29	c. Statutory dues payable	1 • 1	28.30
		721.90	758.19

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note	SHORT TERM PROVISIONS a. Provisions for employee benefits I. Gratuity ii. Leave Encashment b. Others	7.35 4.18	5.82 2.92
		11.53	8.74

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
	a. Sale of Properties		53.55
	b. Sale of Services	34.13	32.20
Note No. 31	c. Room Rent	1,708.29	1,456.18
	d. Proceeds from Restaurant	197.03	177.14
	e. Revenue from external projects	-	
	f. Other Operating Revenues	41.24	63.83
	100 to 10	1,980.68	1,782.89
	9	1	

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No.	Particulars.	For the year ended 31st March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs For the year ended 31st March 2024
	OTHER INCOME		Merch 2024
	a. Interest Income	1	
	I. Earned and Accrued on Deposits*	1,277.39	956.5
iii. Earned and Accru	ii. Earned and Accrued on IFCI 9.7% RRB Bonds	727.50	728.00
	iii. Earned and Accrued on Tax Free Bonds		167.80
	iv. Interest on lease Reaceivables	1.36	447,000
	v. Others	76.61	68.53
Note b.		2,082.87	1,920.85
	b. Other Non - operating income .	2 7	7,7-7,00
	I. Income due to Sub lease	8.75	
b. Dividend (II. Main. charged received	- 1	2
	5 60 H - 10	8.75	
		-	•
1	c. Accrued Income on Sage Venture Fund d. Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	6.90	
	e. Provision Reversal	3.76	122,57
	f. Miscellaneous Income	- 1	
1	i. Willicenesseous income	16.77	70.95
1		27.44	193.52
1		2,119.06	2,114.37

* Interest income on deposits includes prior period interest of Rs. 100.29 Lakhs, which was recognized after reconciliation of accrued interest on fixed deposits. It corresponds to period since F.Y. 2011-12. The amount recognized was not material keeping in view the yearly profitability of the company.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note	Particulars	For the year ended 31st	For the year ended 31st
No.		March 2025	March 2024
Note No. 33	COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED a. Opening Stock b. Purchases Less: Closing Stock	7,093.21 193.39 7,286.60 7,091.48 195.12	7,145.77 137.57 7,283.35 7,093.21

(Kin Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Note	h Staff Walfam	634.58 45.03	571.87 36.40
10. 54	- Cale description	679.71	608.27

No. Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Note No. 35 Note No. 35 Note No. 35	0.74 0.74	

March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
301.05	204.10
301.05	204.10
	301.05

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

(R in Lakhs) For the year ended 31st For the year ended 31st Note No. Particulars March 2025 March 2024 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION a. Depreciation on Tangible Assets I. Property, Plant and Equipment 315.94 315.82 Note ii Right of use Assets 0.57 ii. Investment Property No. 37 (20.65)b. Amortization on Intangible Assets 12.39 12.42 329.00 307.58

Note No	Particulars	For the year ended 31st	For the year ended 31st
	OTHER EVOLUCES	March 2025	March 2024
		-	
		44.82	50.72
		60.88	38.08
	OTHER EXPENSES a. Repairs and Maintenance 1. Building 11. Others b. Rent Paid (including Lease Reint) c. Rates and Taxes d. Travelling and Conveyances e. Legal And Professional Expenses f. Security Expenses g. Auditors's Remuneration h. Insurance Charges Paid 1. Training & Development Expenses j. Telephone & Postage Expenses k. Laundry & Cleaning 1. Television & Music m. Printing and Stationery n. Directors Fee o. Fuel & Gas p. Commission & Brokerage q. Marketing and License r. Advertisement and Exhibition Expenses s. Compensation-21st Milestone Project t. Vehicle Running & Maintenance u. Electricity & Water Expenses w. Provision for Interest & Expenses w. Provision for Service Tax Cenvat x. Provision for Doubtful Debts y. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure z. Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets ab. Provision for change in Fair Value changes in Inventories ac. Rectification of Assets ad. Assets w/o	18.13	17.64
		. 90.31	92.44
		5.84	5.28
		47.71	62.45
		87.95	85.72
		2,40	2,27
	I. Building II. Others b. Rent Paid (including Lease Rent) c. Rates and Taxes d. Travelling and Conveyances e. Legal And Professional Expenses f. Security Expenses g. Auditors's Remuneration h. Insurance Charges Paid i. Training & Development Expenses j. Telephone & Postage Expenses k. Laundry & Cleaning i. Television & Music m. Printing and Stationery n. Directors Fee o. Fuel & Gas p. Commission & Brokerage q. Marketing and License r. Advertisement and Exhibition Expenses s. Compensation-21st Miliestone Project t. Vehicle Running & Maintenance u. Electricity & Water Expenses v. Provision for Service Tex Certvat x. Frovision for Service Tex Certvat x. Frovision for Doubtful Debts y. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure z. Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	9.60	10.55
		-	
		4.39	3.98
	1.00 × 1	29.21	23.05
		0.78	0.48
	The state of the s	5.77	5.44
	OTHER EXPENSES a. Repairs and Maintenance I. Building il. Others b. Rent Peid (including Lease Reint) c. Rates and Taxes d. Travelling and Conveyances e. Legal And Professional Expenses f. Security Expenses g. Auditors's Remuneration h. Insurance Charges Peid i. Training & Development Expenses j. Telephone & Postage Expenses k. Laundry & Cleaning l. Television & Music m. Printing and Stationery n. Directors Fee o. Fuel & Gas p. Commission & Brokerage m. Marketing and License r. Advertisement and Exhibition Expenses s. Compensation-21st Milestone Project t. Vehicle Running & Maintenance u. Electricity & Water Expenses w. Provision for Interest & Expenses w. Provision for Doubtful Debts y. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure z. Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets aa. Prior period Expenses ab. Provision for change in Fair Value changes in Inventories ac. Rectification of Assets	6.17	2.86
		46.14	48.57
Vo. 38		159.28	140,96
		7.67	8.08
		1.99	1.56
		2.02	18.74
100	t. Vehicle Running & Maintenance	0.05	0.35
	u. Electricity & Water Expenses	289.81	255.79
		1	22.11
3		- 1	36.88
		320.56	55.21
	y. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure	28.46	24.86
		10.25	12.57
	aa. Prior period Expenses	1.43	
	ab. Provision for change in Fair Value changes in Inventories	122.52	126.93
	ac. Rectification of Assets	4.55	
		5.98	
	ae. Other Miscellaenous Expenses	44.87	79.94
	A CONTRACTOR CONTRACTO	1,469,57	1.234.52

Note No.	, AMERICAN TOTAL	For the year ended 31st Merch 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
	ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT AND LOSS a. Acturial Gain / (Loss)	(5.42)	4.20
Note		(5.42)	4.20
No. 39	Less: Tax on Above	(1.51)	1.17
		(3.91)	3.03

Note No.	Particulars		For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Note No. 40	Exceptional items			72071311 74727
	Liability Written Back			
	Provision Reversal			
	GST Input Reversa!		T	
	Total	93		

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 41 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (in Rs.)	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares Face Value per Equity Share (in Rs.)	1,380.44 4,270.99 10.00	1,002.37 4,270.99 10.00
Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share (in Rs.)	0.32	0.23

Note No. 42 - AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Audit Fees	1.50	1.50
Certification and Other Services	0,90	0.77
Conveyance and Out of Pocket expenses	0.14	0.02
TOTAL	2.54	2.28

Note No. 43 - TAX EXPENSES

일 등 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	For the year ended 31st March 2024
	77111 677 2024
338 34	307.45
(94.29)	
244,05	307.45
(505.35)	47.03
	354.48
	244.05 (505.35)

due to income tax reconciliation of earlier years.

^{**} working enclosed as per Annexure-5.

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 44 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates in two reportable business segment namely 'Real Estate Activities' comprising Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in 'Hospitality' comprising of Serviced Apartments under the brand name 'liDL Sultes'. Hence the segment wise disclosure as required by Ind AS - 108 is as under:

	Particulars	Divisio	n	(₹ in Lakh
		Real Estate	Hospitality	Consolidated Total
SEGMENT REVE	NUE			
Sales				
Domestic		34.13	1.046.56	i de la companya de l
Export		34.13	1,946.56	1,980.68
Inter Segment S	ales		7	· *
Other Income		2 021 09	-	₩
Total Revenue		2,031.08	87.98	2,119.06
		2,065.20	2,034.53	4,099.74
SEGMENT EXPE	NSES			
Operating Exper	ises	1,071.33	1,574.11	2 645 45
Depreciation & A	Amortization Allocated	13.42	315.58	2,645.45
Operating Profit		980.45	144.84	329,00
Interest Cost Alle	ocated	0.74		1,125.29
Profit Before Ex	ceptional item and Tax	979.71		0.74
		373.71	144.84	1,124.55
OTHER INFORM	ATION			
Segmental Asset	5	36,245.35	16.710.70	V_2_233202040003
Segmental Liabili	ties	36,245.35	16,718.73	52,964.08
exceptional Item		36,245.35	16,718.73	52,964.08

Note No. 45 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

i. Name of the related parties and description of relationship -

A. Enterprises having significant influence over the company

IFCI Limited - Holding Company

IIDL Realtors Private Limited - Wholly owned Subsidiary Company

B. Enterprises having related party dealings with the company

Jangipur Bengal Mega Food Park Limited - Investment in Equity Shares

IFCI Factors Limited - Controlled by Parent Company

IFCI Venture Capital Funds Limited - Controlled by Parent Company

C. Key Managerial Personnel (Directors during the FY 2023 - 24 and FY 2024 - 25)

Mr. Vijay Kumar Tyagi: appointed w.e.f. 26/04/2023

Mr. Debashis Gupta: cessation w.e.f. 20/12/2023

Mr. Rahul Bhave : appointed w.e.f. 26/12/2023 .

Mr. Vijay Kumar Deshraj : w.e.f. 02/09/2022 (MD till 18/01/2024)

Mr. Amrendra Kumar: appointed as MD w.e.f. 18/01/2024

Mr. Manoj Mittal: w.e.f. 15/06/2021 (Director till 27/07/2024)

Mr. Rajeev Kumar: appointed w.e.f. 14/08/2024

Ms. Pooja Mahajan: appointed w.e.f. 16/08/2024

Mr. Venugopal K Nair: 25/08/2018

Dr. Sumita Rai : 14/05/2018

Mr. Sachikant Mishra: 07/10/2022

Mr. Vishal Pandey (CFO): tili 26/05/2023

Ms. Nidhi Agarwai (CFO): appointed w.e.f. 13/07/2023

Ms. Tannu Sharma (CS): till 15/09/2023

Ms. Meenakshi Mittal (CS): w.e.f. 23/10/2023 to 15/03/2024

Ms. Pooja Vanjani (CS): appointed w.e.f. 26/03/2024

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

II. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2024 - 25)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFC) Limited)	Subsidiary Company (HDL Realtors Private Limited)	IFCI VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS LIMITED	IFCI FACTORS	(₹ in Lakhs
FINANCE			7 ONDO EMMIZO	CHANLED	
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments	986.50	•	•		986,60
INCOME					
Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds Others Rental Income	727.50 2.27	:			727,50
	* 1	6,65.			6.65
Electricty & Water etc. (Reimbursements received) Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on	*	•	*		200000.
deputation EXPENSES		8.71			8.71
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on					
deputation	72.52	- }	· ·	19.86	92.48
Rent of Fremises (exclusive of GST) Telephone, Electricty & Water etc. (Reimbursements) UABILITIES	14,36 0.22	-	*		14.36 0,22
Bonds issued by IFCI					
ASSETS					-
Total Amounts Outstanding					
IFCI's Bonds	7,500.00	. 1			
IFCI's Tax Free Bonds	7,500.00	1		1	7,500.00
IVCF SAGE Fund OTHER TRANSACTIONS		-	100,00		100.00
Payments made for texes Reimbursements Received		23.27 23.27			23.27 23.27

ji. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2023 - 24)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFCI Limited)	Subsidiary Company (HDL Realtors Private Limited)	IFCI VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS LIMITED		(₹ in Lakh: Total
FINANCE			TORISSEMITES		
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments	2,498.53				2,498.53
INCOMES					
Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds Interest earned and accrued on Investment in Tax Free	727.50	-	-		727.50
Bands Rental Income	167.80				- 167,60
Electricity & Water etc. (Reimbursements received) Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on	·*	6.46			6.45
deputation EXPENSES	-	7.57			7.57
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST) Electricity & Water etc. (Reimbursements)	85.43 13.50 0.22	-	:	12.79	98.23 13.90 0.22
Bonds issued by IFCI ASSETS					-
Total Amounts Outstanding FCI's Bonds FCI's Tax Free Bonds IVCF SAGE Fund	7,500.00	-			7,500.05 -
OTHER TRANSACTIONS			100.00		100.00
Payments made for taxes Neimbursements Received	-	69.33 69.33			69.33 69.33

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

ill. Detalls of transactions with KMPs during the year

(₹ in Lakhs For the year ended 31st For the year ended 31st Particulars March 2025 March 2024 i. Whole Time Directors / CFO / Company Secretary a. Short term employee benefits 71.28 73.77 b. Other long term employee benefits 0.71 5.25 c. Post employment benefits 4.79 d. Others (specify) 71.98 83.80 ii. Independent / Nominee Directors a. Sitting Fees 5.17 2.86 b. Others (Conveyance) 0.13 0.12 6.29 2.98 78.28 86.78

Note No. 46 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

I. Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk.

ii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss

(天 in Lakhs) For the year ended 31st For the year ended 31st Particulars March 2025 March 2024 FINANCIAL ASSETS Loans 837.60 763.54 Lease Receivables 13.14 Other Financial Assets 1,872.70 2,170.63 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Lease Liabilities 4.05 Other Financial Liabilities 2,727.48 2,934.16

iii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at amortised costs

Particulars		For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Investments		11,250.73	11,551.78
Lease Receivables		5,61	11,331.76
Trade Receivables		34.09	106.14
Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,306.10	
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		11,153.74	5,095.66 10,039.13
TIMANICIAL LIADUMENT			14
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		-	¥
Lease Liabilities		3.61	4
Trade Payables		186.75	141.58
Other Financial Liabilities	- 1	228.92	369.01
0.7	TOTAL	27,169.55	. 27,303.31
97			

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 47 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS Note No. 47 (i) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	A	(天 in Lakh
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(A) Claims against Company not acknowledeged as Debts (B) Bank Guarantees provided (C) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed (I) On Capital / Revenue Account (net of advances) and not provided for (D) Export obligations under EPCG Licenses (E) Contingent Liability towars Income Tax/Gst is as under-	- 2.34 - -	- 2.34 - -

Note No. 47 (ia) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES TOWARDS INCOME TAX

Assessment Year	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)	Forum from where demand pending / addition imposed
2012 - 13	57.94	CIT(A)
2013 - 14	49.07	CIT(A)
2014 - 15	98.73	CIT(A)
2015 - 16	79.85	CIT(A)
2016 - 17	24.16	CIT(A)
2018 - 19	73,53	CPC
2020 - 21	82,92	CPC
2021 - 22	232.61	CPC
2022 - 23	168.15	CPC

For A.Y. 12-13, 13-14, 14-15 and 16-17, appeal has been filed with Income tax appelate Tribunal, ITAT passed an order dated 12.03.2025 that all the appeals has been allowed for statistical purposes and remand back the cases to CIT Appeals. For A.Y. 15-16, the case is pending before CIT Appeals. For rest of the cases, rectification under section 154 has been filed with Income Tax Deptt.

Note No. 47 (ib) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES TOWARDS GST

Assessment Year / State	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)	Forum from where demand pending / addition imposed
2017 - 18 / Delhi	31.08	GST Appealate

For the above case, appeal has been filed with GST Deptt.

Note No. 47 (ii)

Sonipat Land, Regional Provident Fund Commissioner - II, for the property situated at village- Sevii, District- Sonipat, Haryana has ordered for the recovery of those defaulted by the earlier company, i.e. Haryana Sheet Glass Limited (HSGL). A writ Petition has been filed by HDL against the restrain order of EPFO for sale of property situated at Sonipat in Ileu of dues of M/s Haryana Sheet Glass for PF dues. The property was sold by IIDL in an auction proceeding pending execution of sale deed. Hon'ble court allowed the sale of property and execution of sale deed on deposit of demand raised by EPFO with the registry of High Court. Now the matter is sub judice befroe the

Note No. 47 (iii)

The Company has received a notice from AIG Stamp Ghaziabad, for the 21st Milestone Residency project land, Ghaizabad, (U.P.), for short payment of stamp duty amounting to Rs. 150.02 Lakhs. The Honable high court has granted stay in favour of the company & the case is pending for the further hearing.

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Note No. 47 (iv)

The Company is contesting several matters pertaining to its project 21st Milestone Residency at Ghaziabad before Real Estate Regulatory Authority/Real Estate Appellate Tribunal/ Delhi State Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission/National Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission. In the matter of Sumit Gupta, recovery certificate issued by the RERA authority against which the company has filed an appeal before REAT. Wherein as per the direction of the tribunal, the company has deposited an amount of Rs. Rs.2,02,293/-. In the matter of Sanjay Kumar Gupta, recovery certificate of Rs. 12,91,286/- has been issued by RERA, the company has filed an appeal before REAT and the matter is subjudice. The other matters are sub judice before the concerned authority/ court.

Note No. 47 (v)

The Company is contesting several matters pertaining to its TIDL Aerie Project at Panampilly Nagar, Kochi, Kerala. before Kerala Real Estate Regulatory Authority/ Kerala State Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission/ Supreme Court of India. The matters are sub Judice before the concerned authority/ court.

Note No. 47 (vi)

The Arbitrator passed an award on 21.02.2022 observing that the Claimant has been found entitled to a total sum of Rs. 4,42,47;534/-as against sum of Rs. 2,0060,587/- held recoverable by IIDL from SBTL under its Counter Claim with respect to amount to be recovered from M/s. SBTL from its retention money for work done by IIDL and Rs. 1,00,00,000/- towards liquidated damages recoverable under the Counter Claim of IIDL. Setting off the said amount against the amount found payable to SBTL, SBTL shall be entitled to a sum of Rs. 1,41,86,947/- only.

Accordingly, an award of Rs. 1,41,86,947/- in favour of SBTL in full and final settlement of all the disputes and the claims and the counter claims arising from the disputes along with interest on the amount awarded in the favor of SBTL @ 9%p.a from 5.08.2019 till the date the awarded amount is paid, passed by the Arbitrator. Further, SBTL shall also be entitled to proportionate costs of arbitration proceedings @ Rs. 15,00,000/-. The same paid to SBTL on 26-07-2022. The matter is Subjudice before DHC.

Note No. 47 (A)

In 2011, the Management Development Institute (MDI) Murshidabad entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with IIDL for the development and construction of its campus in Murshidabad, West Bengal. As per the MoU, MDI agreed to reimburse IIDL for any claims upheld by an arbitrator or court of law related to the project.

During the campus construction, a dispute arose between IIDL and one of its contractors, M/s. Subir Engineering Works Private Limited (SEWPL). On January 25, 2018, the Hon'ble Arbitral Tribunal awarded SEWPL ₹7.68 crore, along with 6% annual interest from October 27, 2016, until full payment. IIDL challenged the arbitral award through petitions under Sections 34 and 37 of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996, before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, and later via a Special Leave Petition (Civil) before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India. All appeals were dismissed, with the final dismissal by the Supreme Court on February 3, 2025. IIDL subsequently settled the full award amount, including interest, totalling ₹10.03 (6.03 + 4) crore, by February 13, 2025.

In accordance with the recovery clause in the MoU, IIDL issued a demand letter to MDI on March 26, 2025, for reimbursement being the balance amount of ₹7.52 crore (7.17 ± 0.35) comprising ₹3.09 crore towards VAT claims and ₹2.35 towards interest along with legal expenses and retention money. A receivable for this amount has been recorded in IIDL's books of accounts. However, as no confirmation has been received from MDI as of the reporting date, a provision has been made for the entire receivable amount to account for potential non-recovery.

Note No. 48 - Disclosure as per IndAS - 11 Construction Contracts

(i) IIDL has constructed a campus for MDI Gurgaon at Jangipur, District - Murshidabad, West Bengal. The financials relating to the contract are as under:

PARTICULARS	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)
Contract	Amount (NS. III Laus)
Contract revenue recognized during the year	
Contract expenses recognized during the year	
Recognized Profits	-
Total Contract Costs (approx.)	-
Amount recoverable from MDI	-
THE POST OF THE POST WILL	752.1

⁻Cost-plus Contract Method has been used to determine the Contract revenue recognized in the period.

⁻The stage of completion has been determined on the basis of World Smpletion Certificate obtained from engineer / architect.

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NOTE NO. 49 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Quantitative Information in re Description				(₹ in Lak
- conspicion	Purcl	lases	- Sale	
		CURREN	T YFAR	18
į.	Units		Units	
land 8 Post is	(Locations)	Amount	(Locations)	Amount
Land & Building				
Machinery & Equipment	-			F
Additional Cost incurred on			•	
Existing Properties		1		
Raw Material Consumables				
and Stores				
		51.10	- 1	197.0
Land & Building		PREVIOUS	SYEAR	
Machinery & Equipment				53.5
Additional Cost incurred on				
xisting Properties	-		A	
law Material Consumables		-		127
nd Stores				
		52.67		177.14
	Opening		Closing St	
		CURRENT	/EAR	
1	Units	Amount	Units	
and & Building	(Locations)	Amount	(Locations)	Amount
lachinery & Equipment		5,668.19		Free
/ork-in-Progresss			-	5,566.56
onsumables and Stores		1,268.93		·
onsumables and Stores		19.26		1,242.14
-10 5 111		PREVIOUS		22.36
nd & Building		5,795.13		
achinery & Equipment		-1/100/120		5,668.19
ork-in-Progresss		1,321.23		
nsumables and Stores		22.86		1,268.93
		22.05	-	19.26

Land and Buildings include units of different areas having varied description for its types / stage of construction / development, for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.

^{2.} Consumables & Stores include various F&B, House Keeping, Diesel and Engineering related stores for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.

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NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 50 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Note No. 50 (i) - Defined benefit plans

Brief Description: A general description of the type of Employee Benefits Plans is as follows:

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 33 days per year

Maximum Accumulation - 300 days

Encashment while in service - Maximum 15 days in a calendar year

Encashment on retirement - Maximum upto 300 days or actual accumulation, whichever is less

2. Gratuity

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 15 days salary for each completed year of service

Vesting Period - 5 years of service

Limit - Maximum of INR 20,00,000

Note No. 50 (II) - The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows -

S. No.	Particulars	actuarial valuations were as follows -	
	IIDL - Corporate office	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
1. 2. 3. 4.	Gratuity Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Annual increase in costs Annual increase in salary Leave Encashment	7.04% NA NA 10.00%	7.10 N N
5. 6. 7. 8.	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Annual increase in costs Annual increase in salary	7.04% NA NA 10.00%	7.109 7.109 NA NA 10.00%
1. 2. 3. 4.	IIDL Suites - A unit of IIDL Gratuity Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Annual increase in costs Annual increase in salary Leave Encashment Discount rate	6.72% NA NA 8.00%	7.23% NA NA 8.00%
6. 7. 8.	Expected return on plan assets Annual increase in costs Annual increase in salary	6.72% NA NA 8.00%	7.23% NA NA 8.00%

Note No. 50 (III) - The discount rate is based upon the market yield available on Government bonds at the Accounting date with a term that matches. The salary growth takes account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factor on long term basis. Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for return over the entire life of the related obligation.

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Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 51 - Disclosure u/s 22 of MSMED Act, 2006

i. The company has requested information from all its vendors regarding their status of registration in accordance with the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("The Act"). Out of the same, vendors who did not send any confirmation have been taken to be non MSME vendors. Disclosure required under Section 22 of the MSMED Act, 2006 is as under -

Particulars	For the year ended 31st	For the year ended 31st
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	March 2025	. March 2024
interest due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at year	11.95	0,40
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the	*	*
nterest paid other than under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under he Act, beyond the appointed day during the under	5	
eyond the appointed day during the year.	- 1	
nterest due and payable towards suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, 2006 payments already made	-	-
urther interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	-	•

Note No. 52 - IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

As certified by the management of the company, non financial assets of the company have not been impaired during the year and there is no indication of a potential impairment loss, therefore the need to make an estimation of recoverable amount does not arise.

Note No. 53 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Ind AS 40)

(i) Amout recognized in Statement of Profit & Loss for Investment Properties

Particulars Rental Income	For the year ended 31st March 2025	(₹ in Lakh: For the year ended 31st March 2024
Maintenance & Other Reimbursements received Direct operating expenses from property generating Pental Income (C. J. 1)	-	-
Repair & Maintenance) Profit from Investment Properties	-	-
	-	

No investment property was leased.

(iii) Fair Value

	Particulars		(₹ in Lakh
No Investment property held		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 54 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE UNDER PARA 53 OF IndAS 116 - LEASES

i. Additional disclosures required under Para 53 of Ind AS 116 are as under-

(₹ in Lakh: **Particulars** For the year ended 31st For the year ended 31st Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset March 2025 March 2024 Interest expense on lease liabilities 0.67 Income from subleasing right-of-use assets 0.74 Total cash outflow for leases 8.75 Additions to right-of-use assets 8.71 Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of reporting period 2.54 1.87

ii. Right of use assets accounted is for land received from Karnataka Industrial Development Board measuring a total of 50 acres, out of which, 38.63 acres has been further sub-leased on sub-lease cum sale basis to various financial institutions. Further, an area of 7 acres has been reserved as area for common facilities development. The company still holds land measuring 4.37 acres as inventories on lease cum

Note No. 55

As per Company policy, investment held in Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited was revalued during 2024-25. Valuation from IBBI empanelled valuer was obtained by IVCF, based on the valuation report value of Rs. 1.76 per share has been considered by both the companies. This has resulted in impairment of fair value from INR 5.30 per share to INR 1.76 per share leading to net loss on fair value

Note No. 56 - DUES TO SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIAL UNDERTAKINGS

There are no dues payable to Small Scale Industrial Undertakings as defined under Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951 as at

Note No. 57 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)

Particulars	 (₹ in Lakhs
Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	 Amount
Opening Balance	
Net Additions/deletions	(944.72)
Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	505.35
, ,	 (439.36)

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Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 58 - CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY EXPENDITURE u/s 135 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Particulars	For the year ended 31st	(₹ in Lakh
Gross Amount required to be spent by the company	March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
a. Construction / acquisition of assets	28.46	24.80
). Towards PM Cares Funds*	- 1	
. On other purposes - Transferred to IFCI Social Foundation	8.10	9.99
	1	

^{*} Made provision for balance funds i.e. Rs. 20.36 Lakh for CSR, which has been betransferred to Unspent A/c FY 24-25 during the year.

Note No. 59 - CHANGE IN USEFUL LIFE OF FIXED ASSETS

As per CAG recommendation, it is to be disclosed that during the Financial Year 2019-20, useful life of Furniture & Fixture at IIDL Suites (Hospitality Division) has been changed from 10 years to 8 years resulting in depreciation rate impacting the profit of the company by around Rs. 3.22 Crores.

Note No. 60

. IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited has 12 top floor 2 bhk residential flats situated at plot no C-1/2, C-6/7 and C-75 (4 flat in each plot) Ramprastha Colony, Ghaziabad, U.P., these flats are existing property of IIDL which are not as per sanction plan and applicable FAR. In case month.

Note No. 61

In case of M/s Holistic Urban Innovation Pvt. Ltd., case was filed with CBI dated 29.11.2018, further CBI has saught permission for investigation against some of the officials of IIDL. The investigation is under process.

Note No. 62 - Balance Confirmation

The balances of Trade Receivables and Trade Payable are subject to confirmation.

Note No. 63

Previous period figures have been regrouped / rearranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable to the current year's presentation.

Note No. 64

The company is using thid party accounting software for maintaining books of accounts. There is a feature of Maker checker mechanism. User wise edit log and audit trail is available in the software.

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Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 65

The notes referred to above from an integral part of the Financial Statements. As per schedule III, Annexure 1 (Ratios), Annexure 2 (Debtors Ageing), Annexure 3 (Creditors Ageing), Annexure 4 (CSR Disclosure) & Annexure 5 (Deferred Tax working) are integral part of the

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 507971C

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-CA Vivek Raheja PARTNER M. No. 094781

Sd/-(Amrendra Kumar) DIN: 10472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR

Sd/-(Pooja Mahajan) DIN: 02874604 DIRECTOR

Date: April 30th, 2025 Place : New Delhi

Sd/-(Nidhi Agarwal) M. No: 413317 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Sd/-(Pooja Vanjani) M. No.: 22668 COMPANY SECRETARY

S.No. Ratios 1 Current Ratio	m	1st For the Year ended 31st	Annexure-1
	March 2025	March 2024	
	20.57	1715	Clercon A control
2 Debt Equity Ratio	Since, there are no debts, hence, this ratio is not	hence, this ratio is not	s not
	פאסיונים מי	calculated	Total Liabilities/Total Shareholders For the
Ratio	Since, there are no debts, hence, this ratio is not	hence, this ratio is not	Anna comments that it
4 Return on Equity Ratio	פאמון במינים	calculated	Operating Income/total debt carries
5 Inventory Turnover Ratio	0.03	0.02	0.02 Profit After Tax (PAT) / Not Warth
6 Trade Receivables turnament	0.29	0.25	0.25 Sales/Average Inventors
Section college value	28.25	12.58	Applied Not Condition
			Man County Receivables
/ Irade Payables turnover Ratio	1 18		Net Liedit Purchases / Average Accounts Pavable (Increase Aug doctors in the day
8 Net Capital turnover Ratio	0 100	0.80	0.80 (payable)
9 Net Profit Ratio	0.09	60.00	0.09 Net Sales / Working Canital
10 Return on Capital County	0.70	0.56	0.56 Net Profit/Rayoning
recein on capital citipioyed	0.02	000	
11 Return on investment	0.00	co.o	o.co. Ebit/capital Employed
	1 3212	0.27	0.27 (Investment Gain-Investment Cost)/Investment Cont

IFCI Infrastructure Development LTD.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Ruppes crores unless otherwise stated)

1. Receivables:

(i) Undsputed Trade receivables — considered 7,69,36,198.18 (ii) Undsputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit impaired Trade Receivables — credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables—considered good	6 months -1 year			A STATE OF THE STA	
Ū		1.7 Car			
		+-4 1 ears	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Disputed Trade Receivables— considered good	(60,971.00)	1,65,354.17	10,81,763,88	21,71,759.70	8,02,94,104,93
Disputed Trade Receivables— considered good	•	1	4	,	,
		1.	e		1
Disputed Trade Receivables — which have	•	•	4		
Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	ř ,	6,539,82	33,450.10	97,70,717.44	98,10,707,36
Less: Provision for Impairment 7,69,36,198,18	(60,971.00)	1,71,893.99	11,15,213,98		36,37,041.00
			1	1,51,19,875.00	9,03,33,216.00
Outstanding for following nor	na norincle for				34,08,637
7000 400	of payment	payment			
Udisputed Trade receivables — considered	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 veais		
9000 Undispired Trade Bootles 1.	26 (9.989.64)			More than 3 years	Total
Significant increase in credit risk Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit	1	26,10,202.08	4,01,445.58	28,73,766.40	86,37,900.68
impaired Disputed Trade Receivables—considered good	,	ı	. ,	•	1
Disputed Trade Receivables — which have stanificant increase in cradit vice.	ř	r	*	т ,	,
Disputed Trade Receivables — credit Impaired	j. i	1 -	ī	1,01,00,610.63	1,01,00,610.63
Less: Provision for impairment.	(9,989.64)	26,10,202.08	4,01,445.58	36,37,041,00	36,37,041,00

IFCI Infrastructure Development LTD.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts are in Rupees crores unless otherwise stated)

Annexure-3 Total 11,95,345.00 90,80,229.00	1,02,75,574,00 83,99,379,45 1,86,74,953,45	Total 39,840.18 88,27,289,06	95,82,174,96 45,75,587,25 1,41,58,362,21
More than 3 years		More than 3 years 1,56,058,00 4,35,314.88	
2-3 years 47,027.00		2-3 years 14,775.33 2,80,330.84	Il the reporting dates
1-2 Years 91,038.00	of Dayment	1-2 Years 17,26,988.00	more than 45 days as at g
Less than 1 Year 11,95,345.00 88,55,934.00	periods from due date	Less than 1 year 35,840.18 69,29,467.23	thich are outstanding for
Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment Less than 1 year 11,95,345.00 88,55,934.00 91	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment		There are no Micro and Small Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at all the reporting date.
ME		E E	id Small Enterprises, to who
As at 31 March 2025 (f) MSME (ii) Others (iii) Disputed dues –MSME (iv) Disputed dues – Others	As at 31 March 2024	(ii) MSME (iii) Others (iii) Disputed dues -MSME (iv) Disputed dues - Others	Total There are no Micro an under the Micro, Small

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Total CSR obligation for the financial year 2024-25 is Rs. 28,46,461/-. IFCI Infrastructure Development Ltd spent Rs. 8,10,261/- towards PM Cares Funds on 27-03-2025 and made a provision of Rs. 20,36,200/- towards CSR initiatives.

Details of CSR spent or unspent during the financial year -

Total Amount Spent for	19/19	mount
the Financial Year-	U	nspent
2024-25	Provision made for unspe	ent amount
Da 0.40.254	Amount Rs.	Data of Trans
Rs. 8,10,261/-	Rs. 20,36,200/-	Date of Transfer
	1 20,00,200/=	31-03-2025

Total CSR obligation for the financial year 2023-24 was Rs. 24,86,311/-. IFCI Infrastructure Development Ltd spent Rs. 9,99,111/- towards PM Cares Funds on 30-03-2024 and made a provision of Rs. 14,87,200/- towards CSR initiatives.

Details of CSR spent or unspent during the financial year —

An	nount
Un	spent
rovision made for unspe	ent amount
Amount Rs.	Date of Transfer
s. 14.87.200/-	31-03-2024
	Un Provision made for unspe

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Calculation of Deffered Tax

Income Tax @ 25% Surcharge @ 7% Cess @ 4%

Fax rate

27.82%

(Kin Lakhs)

Annexure - 5

(1.48) 54.26 (5.21)(1,543.97) 251.31 2.13 53.62 [1,189.87] (439.36) (944.72) 750.50 DTA/(DTL) (5.31)195.03 (18.75)903.33 7.66 192.73 Deductable diff. (Taxable diff.) DTL 31 March 2025 DTL 31 March 2024 MAT credit (DTA) 110.53 6,842.03 4,306.10 9,570.10 12,283.35 3,142.65 937.42 1,124.34 286.36 9,883.79 8,476.82 12,709.92 228.92 186.75 721.90 Tax base 1.87 115.84 18.75 15,119.94 12,088.33 3,142.65 6,842,03 34.09 286.36 4,306.10 9,883.79 1,124.34 8,476.82 7.66 228.92 192.73 186.75 42,709.92 Carrying value Particulars Bank Balance other than (ii) above Property, Plant and Equipment Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) Cash and cash equivalents Other Financial Liabilities Other Intangible Assets nvestments and Loans Jurrent Tax Assets (Net.) Others financial assets Other Current Liabilities Other Current Assets Right-of-use Assets Equity Share Capital ease Receivables rade Receivables Lease Llabilities **Frade Payables** Other Equity ventories Provisions

Charged to P&L DTL (DR)

505.35 (505.35)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited

Report on the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance sheet as at 31 March 2025, the Consolidated Statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of changes in equity and Consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information ("the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its Consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, Consolidated changes in equity and its Consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Other Information

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual report, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management's and Those Charges with Governance' for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit/loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of each Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the Companies included in the group are responsible for assessing each Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective management Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process of each Company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our
 opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in
 place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements made by the management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities within the group
 to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision
 and performance of the audit of financials information of such entities included in consolidated financial
 statements. We remain solely responsible for our opinion.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

We did not audit the Financial Statements of Subsidiary namely M/s. IIDL Realtors Private Limited, whose Financial Statements as per Accounting standards reflect total assets of Rs. 20,67,21,144/- as at 31 March 2025 and the total revenue of Rs. 3,10,67,267/- net Cash Flows amounting to Rs. 50,45,507/- for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These Financial Statements have been audited by the other auditor whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of Subsidiary, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) and (11) of section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid Subsidiary is based solely on the report of other auditor.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013, we enclose herewith, as per "Annexure-B" and "Annexure-C" our report for the company on the Directions and Sub-directions respectively, issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India.
- 3. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Group so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Consolidated Balance sheet, the Consolidated Statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of changes in equity and the Consolidated Statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
- e) The provision of Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of disqualifications of directors are not applicable to the Company being Government Company in terms of notification no. G.S.R. 463 (E) dated 5 June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate affairs.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure D".
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2025 on its financial positions in its consolidated financial statement – refer Note 47 to the financial statements.
- The Group was not required to recognise a provision as at 31 March 2025 under the applicable law or accounting standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts. The Group did not have any long-term derivative contracts as at 31 March 2025.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding company and its subsidiaries during the year.

- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Companies incorporated in India to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Companies incorporated in India ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
- · provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (b) The management has represented that to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Companies incorporated in India from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or its Subsidiary Companies incorporated in India shall:
- directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (iv.) (a) and (iv.) (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The dividend declared and paid during the year by the Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks including in reliance with the audit report of the subsidiary, the Group has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except in case of subsidiary wherein the respective auditor has commented that In the absence of report/certificate we are unable to comment on whether audit trail feature of the said software was enabled and operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.
- (C) The provision of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act with respect to managerial remuneration is not applicable on a government company. Therefore, we are not required to comment thereon.

For VPGS & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 507971C

Sd/-Vivek Raheja Partner Membership No. 094781

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 April 2025

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQH7981

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the consolidated financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

(xxi) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements, the CARO reports were issued relating to them does not contain any qualifications or adverse remarks.

For VPGS & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-

Vivek Raheja

Partner

Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQH7981

Annexure - B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report in terms of Directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2024-25

Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the
implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with
the financial implications, if any, may be stated.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, all the accounting transactions are routed through IT system (i.e. Tally software in Head Office and SAGE 300 ERP/HIS/IDS software in IIDL Suites) except the demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants. Demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants are usually sent through MS-Office.

We have neither been informed nor we have come across during the course of audit any accounting transactions having impact on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications which have been processed outside the IT system.

2. Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of Lender Company).

During the year, there is no instance of any restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver/write-off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the Company.

Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central /State Government or
its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.

We have been informed that the Company has neither received nor any such funds are receivable by the Company for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies for the financial year 2024-25

For VPGS & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-

Vivek Raheja Partner Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQH7981

Annexure - C to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report in terms of Sub-directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2024-25

1. Investments:

Whether the titles of ownership in respect of CGS/ SGS/ Bonds/ Debentures etc. are available in physical/demat form and these, in aggregate, agree with the respective amounts shown in the Company's books of accounts? If not, details may be stated.

The company had invested Rs. 75 Crores in Bonds issued by IFCI Limited. The possession of these bonds are in demat form and the same has been shown in the Company's books of accounts under the head of investment in asset side of the balance sheet.

2. Loans:

In respect of provisioning requirement of all restructured, rescheduled, renegotiated loan-whether a system of periodical assessment of realizable value of securities available against all such loans is in place and adequate provision has been created during the year? Deficiencies in this regard, if any, may be suitably commented upon along with financial impact.

The Company has neither granted any Loans during the year nor does the Company have any such outstanding Loans as on 31-03-2025.

For VPGS & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-

Vivek Raheja

Partner

Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQH7981

Annexure - D to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 3(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Accounting standards financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external

purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For VPGS & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 507971C

Sd/-Vivek Raheja Partner

Membership Number: 094781

UDIN: 25094781BMMIQH7981

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

(₹ in Lakbs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs As at 31 March 2024
ASSETS'	Note No.	AS SC SZ IMERCII EVES	AJ OLD Z MOTOL ZOZA
1. Non - Current Assets	4		
a. Property, Plant and Equipment	2	15 119.94	15.376.83
b. Right-of-use Assets	3	1.87	10,300.03
c. Investment property	4	745 30	758.79
d. Goodwill	5	2,817.94	2,817,94
e. Other Intangible Assets	6	115.841	8.23
f. Financial Assets	1 1		0.40
i. Investments	7	7,749.68	8,050.73
ii. Lease Receivables	8	13.14	0,000.73
iii. Loans	9		2
iv. Other financial assets	10	2.154.17	3,997.72
		28,717,87	31 010 24
2. Current Assets	1 1		
a. Inventories	11	6,842.03	6,966.28
b. Financial Assets		- No. 17. 45.	-
i, Lease Receivables	8	5 61	
II. Trade Receivables	12	34.09	106.14
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	13	4,369 67	5,108.77
iv. Bank Balance other than (iii) above	14	10,789.89	7,722.07
v. Loans	15	9	
vi. Other financial assets	16	1,262.14	1,575.54
c. Current Tax Assets (Net)	17	1,173.35	1,109.53
d. Other Current Assets	18	315.94	372.54
	1 1	24,792.71	22,960.86
TOTAL ASSETS		53,510 58	53,971.10
	principle modern		N.W.A.II.O.
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1		
1. Equity			
a. Equity Share Capital	19	42,709.92	42,709.92
b. Other Equity	20	8,919.06	8,417.88
	1 1	51,628 98	51,127.80
2. Non - Current Liabilities			
a. Financial Utabilities			
i. Lease tiehilities	21	4 05	1.00
ii. Sorrowings	22		
iii. Other Financial Liabilities	23	23.42	64.00
b. Provisions	24	181.20	471.14
c. Deferred Tax Limbilities (Net)	25	509,49	1,012.69
d. Other Non - Current Liabilities	25		
No. of the Control of		718.16	1,547.83
3. Current liabilities		#	
a. Financial Dabilities		20250	
1. Lease Liabilities	21	3.61	
ii. Trade Payables	27	186.75	141.58
iil. Other Financial Liabilities	28	229.49	378.21
b. Other Current Ushifities	29	731 30	765.00
c. Provisions	30	12.28	9 66
TOTAL COURT AND LLOW PRICE		1,163.44 53.510.58	1,295.46 53,971.10
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		23,510.58	55,971.10

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 55

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 507971C

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-(Amrendra Kumar) DIN: 20472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR

121

Sd/-(Pooja Mahajan) DIN: 02874504 DIRECTOR

CA Vivek Naheja PARTNER M. No. 094781

Date : April 30th, 2025

Place : New Delhi

Sd/-(Nidhi Agarwal) M. No: 413317 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER Sd/-(Pooja Vanjani) M. No.: 23668 COMPANY SECRETARY

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS for the year ended 31 March 2025

Particulars CONTINUING OPERATIONS	Note No.	For the year ended 31	(₹ in Laki For the year ended 3
Income		March 2025	March 2024
	1 1		
Revenue from Operations	31		
Other Income Total Income (A)	32	2,159.91	2,055.7
Expenses	1 32 1	2,176.44	2,146.4
	1 +	4,336.35	4,202.1
Cost of Material Consumed	33		
Employée benefit expenses	34	195.12	190.14
Finance Costs	35	688.42	515.97
Net Loss on Fair Value changes	36	0.89	6.34
Depreciation and Amortization expenses	37	301,05	204.10
Other Expenses	1	342.49	321.08
Total Expenses (B)	38	1,515.20	1,273.86
Profit before exceptional items and tax (A - B)		3,043,18	2,511.48
Exceptional Items	1	1,293.17	1,590.67
rofit / (Loss) before tax	40		
ess: Tax Expense	1 -	1,293,17	1,590.67
1. Current Tax			
2. Deferred Tax	43	394.20	366,18
3. MAT Credit Entitlement	57	(501,70)	49.02
4. Income Tax for Earlier Years	1 1	+	
rofit for the year from continuing operations, net of tax	43	(91.02)	40.12
	1 L	1,491.69	1,135.34
SCONTINUING OPERATIONS	1 1		
ofit from discontinuing operations (after tax)	-		
OFIT FOR THE YEAR (C)			
and the same decreases the same and a same		1,491.69	1,135.34
HER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			2,133,34
A. i. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	l l		1
a. Acturial Gain / Loss	39	İ	1
il Income toward the same		(5.42)	1 000000
s: profit or loss	1	(3.42)	4.20
ner Comprehensive Income, net of tax (D)		(1.51)	1.17
The state of the s		(3.91)	3.03
TAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (C + D)			3.03
THE YEAR (C+D)		1,487.78	
ning ner equity share (for		4,107.76	1,138.37
ning per equity share (for continuing and discontinuing operations)	41		
2. Desir corring per Share (in Rs.) Face value of the so-	- T	2	
2. Diluted earning per Shore (in Rs.) Face value of Rs. 10 each	1	0.35	0.27
		. 0.35	0.27

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 66

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FRN: 507971C

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-CA Vivek Raheja PARTNER M. No. 094781

Sd/-(Amrendra Kumar) DIN: 10472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR

Sd/-(Pooja Mahajan) DIN: 02874504 DIRECTOR

Date: April 30th, 2025 Place: New Delhi

Sd/-(Nidhi Agerwel) M. No: 413317 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Sd/-(Pooja Vanjani) M. No.: 22568 COMPANY SECRETARY

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007G01169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31 March 2025

Particulars	For the year ended 31 F	or the year ended 31 Marc
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	March 2025	2024
Total Comprehensive Income before Income Tax from		
Continuing Operations	1	
Profit before Income Tax including discontinued operations	1,293.17	1,594 8
Adjustments For:	1,293.17	1,594.8
Depreciation and Amonifestion Expense		
Other Comprehensive Income	342,49	321.00
Profit on Sale of Property Plant and Equipment & Investment Property	- 1	14.20
Interest Income classified as Investing Cash Flows	(3.21)	(122.57
Provision on employee benefits	(7,007.44)	(1,915.80
income from Investment Property classified as Investing Cash Flows	18.88	*>
Non - Cash Interest Income	(55.78)	
Mon - Cash Finance Costs	(75.42)	(7,13
Net Gulo / Loss on fair value changes	74,80	6.34
Operating Profit before working capital changes	301.05	204.10
Frange in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from parchase of	(211.49)	76.69
tonbroilled entities and sale of subsidiaries :		
Microsia / (Incresse): Financial Assets		
ncrease / (Decrease): Other financials assets	72.06	(445.84)
Pecrease / (Increase): Inventuries	14.19	
ntvease / (Decrease): Trade payables	124.25	179.50
leureage / (Increase) : Current Tex Assets	45.17	
ecreade / (Increase) : Other Current Assets	3.45	(53.97)
screace / (Decrevon): Financial Linbilities	56.60	(15.74)
trease / (Decrease): Difter Financial Liabilities	(451.53)	13.00
crease / (Decrease) : Provisions	(49.22)	(*)
crease / (Decrease) : Current Tax Lisbillate	(0.17)	(49.84)
crease / (Decrease) : Other Commit Habilitae	-	•
ash Generated from Operations	(34.70)	(48.31)
come Taxes Paid	(331.37)	(346.52)
et Cash Inflow / (dutillow) from Operating Activities (A)	(370.45)	(405.52)
	(701.82)	(752.04)
ASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1	
terest income from Deposits & Bonds		
ink deposits with maturity over 3 months had been then an accurate	2,357.42	1,915.80
NK deposits with majurity over 12 mounte	-	(1,335.20)
rthase of Property, Plant & Equipment Enterting Inspection		(1,513.21)
restments in bank deposits/ner)	(186,46)	(0.54)
tchase / Mahurity of Tax Free Bond	(1,225.01)	
e of Property, Plant & Equipment		2,000.15
t Cash inflow / (nutflow) from Investing Activities (B)	10.51	861.50
	953.57	1,924.40
SH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	i	
erim Dividend Paid	trice and	(1 1)
sayment of leasehold liabilities	(985.60)	(2,498.53)
t Cash inflow / (outflow) from Financing Attivities (C)	(4.25) (390.85)	
	(379.63)	[2,498.53]
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	F=== ===	
It and Cash Equivalents at the Residents of Fall	(739.10)	(1,322.27)
h and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (D)	5,108.77	6,430.94
	4,369.67	5,108.77
uncillation of Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		
winerd		
ques / Drafts on Hand	1.30	1.65
moes in Current / Savings Accounts with Banks		
inces in Deposit Accounts with maturity has should as a star	64.36	83.73
I Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	4,304.00	5,022.38
	4,369.67	5,108.77
of (D), significant cash and cash equivalent balances held by the entity that		
tor gentleder for the	1	1
Cash Financing and investing Activities	0.62	+

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 66

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-CA Vivek Rahej

FRN: 507971C

54/-(Ameundra Kumar) DIN: 10472559 MANAGING DIRECTOR

5d/-(Pooje Mehajan) DIN:02874604 DIRECTOR

CA Vivek Raheja FARTNER M. No. 094781

Sd/-(Minii Agarwal) M. No: 419317 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Sd/-(Poeja Vanjani) M. No. : 22668 COMPANY SECRETARY

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 March 2025

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(* In Lafehs)	Balance at the and of	the reporting year	42,709.92	42,709.92
	Share Capital redeamed during the	year		
	Share Capital Issued	The Local Control of the Control of	aec 19	
Balance at the	beginning of the	42 200 do	42,709.92	
	Particulars	alance as at 31st March, 2024	alance as at 31st March, 2025	

B. OTHER EQUITY

	weserves & Surplus	& Surples	Other Comme		(Kin taking)
Particulars			Comprehensive Income (OCI)	Ive income (OCI)	
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Defined Benefit plans	Others	Total
Charges to Assembly 2023	6,812,91	re 969 C	-		
Destitution of the state of the		April 34.6.6.	25.91		1 0 0 TO
Control one year Comparations for the year (not of tax Changes in Equity due to Lease Extension and Interim Dividend Paid to Fornits changes and Interim Dividend Paid to Fornits changes and the Comparation of the Comparati	(#)K	1,135,34	3:03	, ,	1,135,34
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid Basence at 31st March, 2024		(2,458,53)	3 9	•	(2,498,53)
Changes in Accounting Policy / Onless part at a	6,812.91	1,576,02	NO 00		
Profit for the year			#15757	The state of the s	8,417.88
Other Comprehensive income for the year (net of taxe Changes in Equity due to Lesse Extension Interim Dividend Books to English		1,491.69	(18.8)		1,491.69
Dividend Distribution Tay Paid		(986.60)	•	i	(988 (0)
5707	6,812.91	2,081,12	20 34	,	Tomas and
		The state of the s	CO'CY		8 979 hg

Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory information in Nates 1 to 66

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

CA Vivek Raheja PARTNER

(Nidhi Agarwai) M. No: 413317 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (Antrendra Kumar) DIN: 10472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR Sd/-

Date: April 30th, 2025 Place: New Delly

M. No. 094761

sd/-(Poole Vanjant) M. No. : 22668 COMPANY SECRETARY 5d/-(Pocja Mahajan) DIN : 02874504 BIRECTOR

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GRROUP INFORMATION

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited ("the Company") is a company registered under the Companies Act, 2013 which was incorporated on October 10, 2007. The Company has been primarily engaged in the activities relating to Real Estate Project Advisory and Execution, promotion, construction and development of Commercial and Residential Complexes and Serviced Apartments of its own as well as under joint participatory agreements with others. The hospitality project of the company under the brand name 'IIDL Suites', Service Apartments located at Mayur Vihar has commenced its commercial operations from 1st of October, 2011.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard.

Further, the consolidated financial statements comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

1.1.1 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND EQUITY ACCOUNTING

- a. The financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries have been consolidated, in terms of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS -110) 'Consolidated Financial Statements'.
- b. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the consolidation are drawn upto the same reporting date as that of the parent company – IFCI Infrastructure Development Ltd. i.e. year ended March 31, 2025.
- c. Subsidiaries are all entities over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

The group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

- d. Associates are all entities over which the group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting after initially being recognised at cost.
- e. Interests in Joint Ventures are accounted for using the equity method (see (f) below), after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated balance sheet.

f. Equity Method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit and loss, and the group's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

g. The subsidiary company considered in the financial statements is IIDL Realtors Private Limited which was incorporated in India and became a subsidiary with effect from 28th December, 2010. The company holds 100% ownership & interest in the subsidiary as on 31st March, 2025.

1.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been denominated in Lakhs of Rupees and rounded off to the nearest two decimals, except where otherwise indicated.

1.3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the following material items:

- · Financial assets at FVTOCI that is measured at fair value
- Financial instruments at FVTPL that is measured at fair value
- Net defined benefit (asset) / liability fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligation

IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Regd. Office - 7th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

1.4 USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years.

1.5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY

1.5.1 Recognition and measurement

<u>Property, Plant and Equipment</u> is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Property, plant and equipment held for use or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes non-refundable taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition and installation of the respective assets.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed / retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts / inspection is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

In the case of commissioned assets, deposit works / cost – plus contracts where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be affected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

<u>Investment properties</u> include those portions of land and buildings that are held for long-term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation or for a currently indeterminate use. Investment properties include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties.

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Investment properties are stated at cost of acquisition / construction less accumulated depreciation. On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Method of Depreciation used is Straight Line Method and the useful life of the asset taken is 60 years.

On the date of transition to Ind AS, the Company has considered the carrying value of investment Properties (if any) as per previous GAAP to be the deemed cost as per Ind AS 101.

<u>Intangible assets</u> are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Government licenses essential for the company's operations and having a validity of over one year are initially recognised at cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortisation calculated on the basis of remaining validity period.

An item of intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

1.5.2 Depreciation / Amortization

Depreciation is provided using the Straight Line Method over their estimated useful life as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or based on Management assessment of useful life, if lower than what is prescribed under the schedule. Depreciation is calculated on pro – rata basis. improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight line basis. Residual value in respect of items of Property, Plant & Equipment and Investment Property are considered as 5% of the cost. Property, Plant and Equipment costing less than Rs. 5000/- individually are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss Account in the year of their purchase itself.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible Assets consisting of Computer software with indefinite period utility / user rights and having a useful life lasting with that of the equipment have been capitalized with the cost of computer. Software carrying an identifiable utility of at least five years is amortized on a straight line basis over a period of five years from the date put into use. Software with limited edition / period utility i.e. requiring annual revision is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss Account in the year of purchase. Government licenses are amortized on a straight line basis over a period of their validity.

1.5.3 De - Recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of

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the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment or investment property is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

1.5.4 Transition to Ind AS

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property and Intangible Assets recognised as of the transition date measured as per the previous GAAP and use such carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date as per Ind AS 101.

1.6 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

1.7 IMPAIRMENT OF NON - FINANCIAL ASSETS

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amount of its non – financial assets (other than assets held for sale and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that is largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. The 'recoverable amount' of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. 'Value in use' is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

1.8 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

Assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

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Such assets measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell with gains and losses on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. Once classified as held for sale, assets are no longer amortised, depreciated or impaired.

1.9 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures are carried at cost. The cost comprises price paid to acquire investment and directly attributable cost. On each reporting date, consequent upon existence of any external or internal indication to impairment, the impairment loss shall be recognised as difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount.

1.10 INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. The quantity and valuation of inventories at the yearend is taken as certified by the management.

Inventory of real estate business comprise of -

i. Building / Residential Complex, Built-up floor space acquired / purchased for development and / or sale / resale and other removable / disposable assets existing thereon. These are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value wherein costs are determined by adding all considerations / costs which are attributable to purchase / acquisition, and other expenses incurred specifically thereto.

ii. Land Bank — It consists of asset purchased by the Company that it intends to develop later on into residential / commercial project but on which no construction has commenced. Land is initially recognized at fair value which is generally the cost or net realizable value whichever is less. However, it is discounted to present value when payment terms are deferred for a period of more than one year.

iii. Work in Progress — Work-in-Progress includes construction work in progress and unsold portion of Real Estate Projects. Increase / decrease in Work-in-Progress is accounted for as Income or Expenditure for the year, as the case may be. Valuation of Work-in-Progress including unsold portion of reality project is being done on basis of actual cost and overheads incurred which are directly attributable to project, till completion or net realizable value whichever is less.

iv. Direct Materials, Stores and Spare Parts are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on Weighted Average Cost Method.

v. Consumables including Cantering, Shuttering and Scaffolding, Loose Tools, Laboratory Equipment, empty containers & others are valued on the basis of realizable value, based on the engineering estimate.

Inventory of hospitality business comprises of closing balance of consumables purchased. FIFO method is followed for ascertaining the cost price considered for valuation. Closing inventories are valued at cost or replacement value, whichever is less, after providing for obsolescence and damage.

1.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise Cash in hand, Balances in Bank Account, Remittance in Transit, Cheques in hand and Demand Deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments

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(original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.12 LEASES (IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND AS 116)

The company identifies lease as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company checks for conditions needed to be fulfilled if the contract is to be classified as lease as under:

- i. Identified asset.
- ii. Lessee obtains substantially all of the economic benefits
- iii. Lessee directs the use

1.12.1 The Company as a Lessee

- The company recognizes assets and liabilities for all leases for a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value.
- ii. It then recognizes a right of use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.
- iii. The company measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities.
- The company recognizes depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability.
- v. Lease liability = Present value of lease rentals + present value of expected payments at the end of lease. The lease liability will be amortized using the effective interest rate method.
- vi. Lease term = non-cancellable period + renewable period if lessee reasonably certain to exercise.
- vii. Right to use asset = Lease liability + lease payments (advance)-lease incentives to be received if any initial + initial direct costs + cost of dismantling / restoring etc. The asset will be depreciated as per Ind AS 16 Property Plant and equipment.

1.12.2 The Company as a Lessor

- i. The company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.
- ii. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards, incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For finance leases, the company derecognizes the underlying asset and recognizes a net investment in the lease.
- iii. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For operating leases, the company continues to recognize the underlying asset.
- iv. Any selling profit or loss is recognized at lease commencement.

1.13 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES RELATED TO CLAIMS, LITIGATION etc.

1.13.1 Provisions

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Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined based on management estimates required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

1.13.2 Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

1.13.3 Arbitration Awards

Arbitration / Court's awards along with related interest receivable / payable are, to the extent not taken into accounts at the time of initiation, are recognized after it becomes decree. Permanent Machinery of Arbitration, Government of India, is accounted for on finalization of award by the appellate authority. Interest to / from in these cases are accounted when the payment is probable which the point is when matter is considered settled by management.

1.13.4 Liquidated Damages

Liquidated Damages / Compensation for delay in respect of clients/ contractors, if any, are accounted for when payment is probable which is the point when matter is considered settled by management.

1.14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

1.14.1 Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

1.14.2 Contingent Assets

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

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1.15 SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY

Share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from retained earnings, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) arising from actuarial gain or loss on re-measurement of defined benefit liability and return on plan assets.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained profits. All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity. Annual dividend distribution to shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividend is approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

1.16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

1.16.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

1.16.2 Classifications and Subsequent Measurement

(i) Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or FVTPL, depending on the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets.

(ii) Business Model Assessment

The Company makes an objective assessment of the business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level, because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

• The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the

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duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets:

- The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its
 expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in
 isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Company's stated objective for managing
 the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realized;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

1.16.3 Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company applies judgement and considers all the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains any contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the said assessment, the Company considers prepayment and extension terms, features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of the interest rates).

1.16.4 Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

A Financial Asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method less any impairment losses.

1.16.5 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ('FVTOCI')

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

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Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses on said financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and do not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet.

1.16.6 Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account.

1.16.7 Investment in equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are measured at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account. However, on initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

1.16.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost, as appropriate and is accordingly accounted for.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company is recognised at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs."

1.16.9 Measurement Basis

(i) Amortised cost

Amortised cost is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the EIR method of discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

(ii) Fair Valuation

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Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects it non – performance risk.

When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction."

1.16.10 De-recognition / Modification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

(A) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily de-recognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- . The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. The Company also recognise a liability for the consideration received attributable to the Company's continuing involvement on the asset transferred. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset de-recognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss.

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(ii) Financial liabilities

The Company de-recognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

(B) Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities

(i) Financial assets

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the modification results in de-recognition of the original financial asset and new financial asset is recognised at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in de-recognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amount as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial asset by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument.

If such a modification is carried out because of financial difficulties of the borrower, then the gain or loss is presented together with impairment losses. In other cases, it is presented as interest income.

(ii) Financial liabilities

The Company de-recognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

If the modification is not accounted as derecognition, then the amortised cost of the liability is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original EIR and the resulting gainor loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument."

1.16.11 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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1.16.12 Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognises impairment allowances for ECL on all the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL. No impairment loss is recognised on equity investments.

ECL are probability weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- Financial Assets that are not credit impaired as the present value of all cash shortfalls that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Financial Assets with significant increase in credit risk but not credit impaired as the present value
 of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial
 asset.
- Financial Assets that are credit impaired as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows
- Undrawn Loan Commitments as the present value of the difference between the contractual cash
 flows that are due to the Company if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that the
 Company expects to receive with respect to trade receivables and other financial assets, the
 Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For financial assets at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in OCI.

1.16.13 Write-off of Financial Assets

Financial assets are written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. This is generally the case when the company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write – off. This assessment is carried out at the individual asset level.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

1.17 TRADE RECEIVABLES

Overview of Trade Receivables - Trade receivables represent the total amounts that a company has invoiced to customers for goods and services that it has delivered but for which it has not yet received payment. As such, trade receivables are included on the assets side of the balance sheet within current assets.

According to Ind AS 115, at initial recognition, an entity shall measure trade receivables at their transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component in accordance with Ind AS 115.

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Ind AS requires that trade receivables be classified as current if they are likely to be realized within the business's operating cycle. For outstanding trade receivables, the aging schedule prescribed in Schedule III of Ind AS must be provided.

Overview of Expected Credit Loss - In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets:

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits and trade receivables.

Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVOCI Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of IND AS 115.

The Company follows Simplified approach for recognition of impairment is allowance on trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

At each reporting date, for recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Measurement of expected credit losses - Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance -on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in Profit & Loss and balance sheet

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ECL impairment loss (or reversal) during the year is recognized as income/ expense in profit or loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

- a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The Company does not reduce Impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- b) Debt instruments measured at FVOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

Write-off - The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Conclusion - The total expected credit loss is significantly calculated applying above mentioned ECL framework using 'simplified approach' as mentioned in IND AS 109 and ultimate ECL amount is dependent on the ageing profile of the trade receivables at the calculation date and not merely the average of the total bad debts written off in the past.

1.18 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The expenses and income in foreign exchange transactions are accounted for at the rates prevailing on the date of transactions / at the forward rate, if booked, for such transaction. Assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies and accrued income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated into Indian Rupees at the rates advised by Foreign Exchange Dealers Association of India (FEDAI) prevailing towards the close of the accounting period. Gains / losses, if any, on valuation of various assets and liabilities are taken to Statement of Profit & Loss.

1.19 REVENUE RECOGNITION

- Rental income from Investment Property / Flats held as Inventories is recognized on a straight line basis over the period of lease terms.
- ii. Interest income is reported on an accrual basis using the Effective Interest Rate method.
- iii. Interest Income from Bank Deposits is recognized on accrual basis on a time proportion basis.

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- iv. Income by way of Fees for Project Advisory and Execution services is recorded on accrual basis as per services rendered pursuant to the specific service agreements.
- v. Revenue from the external project services is recognized based on the Cost-plus method. A fixed mark-up percentage is added to the cost incurred towards construction and the total is recognized as revenue. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of work completion certificate obtained from the engineer/ architect.
- vi. Revenue from real estate development of constructed properties is recognized based on the "percentage of completion method". Sale consideration as per the legally enforceable Agreements to Sell entered into is recognized as revenue based on the percentage of actual project costs incurred to total estimated project cost, subject to following:
 - a. Actual cost incurred is not less than 25 percent of the total estimated project cost.
 - b. No significant uncertainty exists regarding receipt of consideration from the customers.
 - c. In case of overdue, on actual realization basis.
 - d. All significant risks and rewards are transferred to the customer.

Project cost includes cost of land, estimated cost of construction and development of such properties. The estimates of the saleable area and costs are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates recognized in the period such changes are determined.

- vii. Revenue from hospitality services is recognized on accrual basis.
 - Selling price is determined on the basis of published rack rate less discount offered to customers.
 - b. Income in foreign exchange: The bills for services rendered are raised in Indian Rupees. The payment received in foreign currency against these bills, is credited and accounted for at the rate / rates prevalent on the date of receipt of payment. The gains/ losses arising out of the fluctuation in the exchange rates are accounted for on realization.
- viii. Dividend income is recognized at the time the right to receipt is established.
- ix. Other items of income are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when control of respective goods or service has been transferred to customer.
- x. The company shall recognize revenue in accordance with Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" as and when any such revenue instance occurs.

1.20 DIVIDENDS

Dividends and Dividend Distribution Tax thereon are recognised if and only when the same are approved by the shareholders in the general meeting and consequently paid to the shareholders.

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1.21 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the company in exchange for service rendered by employees. Employee benefits include: short – term employee benefits, post – employment benefits and other long – term employee benefits.

Short Term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the company during an accounting period, the company recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid and as an expense. Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

Defined Benefit Plans - Gratuity & Leave Encashment

Defined benefit plans are those plans that provide guaranteed benefits to certain categories of employees, either by way of contractual obligations or through a collective agreement. The company operates unfunded defined benefit plan. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each fiscal year end. The obligation recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current costs and the fair value of any plan assets, if any is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (same as Projected Unit Credit Method), which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contribution to the plan.

The change in defined benefit plan liability is split into changes arising out of service, interest cost and re-measurements and the change in defined benefit plan asset is split between interest income and re-measurements. Changes due to service cost (which is the increase of the present value of the

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defined benefit obligation resulting from the employee service in the current period) and net interest cost / income (which is the change during the period in the defined benefit liability that arises from the passage of time) is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Re-measurements of net defined benefit liability / (asset) which comprise of the below are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- · Actuarial gains and losses;
- The return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)

1.22 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of temporary differences between tax base and book base). It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

1.22.1 Current Tax

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the tax payable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.22.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and based on management's judgement, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

1.22.3 Current and Deferred Tax for the year

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Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.22.4 Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

The credit available under the Act in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set—off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

1.23 PRIOR PERIOD ITEMS

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

1.24 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

1.25 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates in two reportable business segments namely – 'Real Estate Activities' comprising of Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in 'Hospitality' provided through Serviced Apartments under the brand name 'IIDL Suites'.

ALLOCATION OF COMMON COSTS

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

1.26 CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flow statement is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 – "Statement of Cash Flows".

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

No	Particulars	T	· (₹ in Lak
PAC		As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		TO SEDIE INGICII 2029
1	Gross Carrying Value		
	Opening Balance	1	
1	a. Land		
1	b. Bulldings	6,195,12	5,196.1
	c. Plant and Equipments	10,530,46	10,630.4
1	d. Furniture and Fodures	2,106.74	2,114.1
1	e. Vehicles	1,847.67	1,847.9
	f. Office Equipment	76,90	76.9
	g. Others	13.68	13.5
į.		129.44	128.6
	Additions / (Sale) during the year	21,001.01	21,008.0
	a. land		21,008,0
	b. Buildings	1 - 1	
	c. Plant and Equipments	1.	2
	d. Furniture and Fintures	64.96	4
	e. Vehicles	(5.10)	(7.44
	f. Office Equipment	1100000	(0.23
	g. Others	(1.62)	
	16 others	(0.68)	•
	1	1.49	0.64
	Gosing Balance	59,05	(7.03
	a, Land	1	- 110
	b. Buildings	5,196.12	6,196.12
	C. Plant and Equipments	10,630.46	10,630.46
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	2,171.70	2,108,74
	e. Vehicles	1,842.58	1,847.67
	f. Office Equipment	75.28	76.90
	g. Others	12.99	13.68
		130.93	129.44
	Accumulated Depreciation	21,060.05	21,001.01
	Opening Balance		21,001.01
	a-Land		
	b. Buildings	1	
Note	c. Plant and Equipments	2,122.74	•
	and and educations		1,954.16
Vo. Z	e. Vehicles	1,551.78	1,411.23
		1,751 30	1,749.41
-9	f. Office Equipment	72.23	70.80
1	g. Others	12.95	12.99
- 1	TENDERAND SHARES OF UP	113.13	109,77
1	Depraciation for the year	5,624.18	5,308.36
- 1	a. land		7,
- 1	b. Buildings	- 1	1
	c. Plant and Equipments	168.57	168 57
	d. Forniture and Fixtures	139 84	
1	e. Vehicles	1,46	140.55
	f. Office Equipment	106	1.89
	g. Others	1.00	1.43
1	D. Antiers	5.00	•
	Cinelan Delaus	315.94	3.37
1.	Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation	312.94	315.82
	s. Lend	1	
1	b. Suildings		
9	Plant and Equipments	2,291.31	2,122.74
	f. Furniture and Fixtures	1,691.62	1,551.78
e	2. Vehicles	1,752.77	1,751.30
f.	. Office Equipment	73.29	72.23
	, Others	12.99	12.99
1	4702.0029250	118.14	
	İ	5,940.12	113.13
IN	let Caroline Value at n	9,540.12	5,624.18
1.	et Carrying Value of Property, Plant and Equipment (A)		
1 4.	CELIG	£ sec en	1
10.	Buildings	6,196.12	6,195.12
C.	Plent and Equipments	8,339.15	8,507.72
d.	Furniture and Fixtures	480.09	554.96
	Vehicles	89.81	96.37
f.	Office Equipment	1.99	4.58
g,	Others	-	0.68
		12.79	16.30
	TOTAL	15,119.94	15,376.83
constitution of			

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

Note No.	Particulars	7	(₹in La
	RIGHT OF USE ASSETS	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	Gross Carrying Value Opening Balance ROU		
	t.	32.18	
	Additions / (Sale) during the year	32.18	······································
		2.54	
2000	Closing Balance	2.54	-
		34,72	
Vote	Accumulated Amortization	34.72	
VO. 3	Opening Balance ROU		
1		32.18	
ľ	Amortization for the year	32,18	
- 1		0.67	
F	Closing Balance of Accumulated Amortization	0.67	
		32,84	-
R	let Carrying Value of ROU .	32.84	-
	. тота	1.87	
		1.87	1911

Note (₹ In Lakhs) **Particulars** No. As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2024 INVESTMENT PROPERTY Gross Carrying Value Opening Balance Flats & Buildings 946.70 1,876.10 Additions / (Sale) during the year Flats & Buildings -929.40 Closing Balance Flats & Buildings 946.70 946.70 Accumulated Depreciation Opening Balance Note Flats & Buildings No.'4 187.91 393.10 Depreciation for the year Flats & Buildings 13.49 -7.16 Disposals for the year Flats & Buildings -198.02 Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation Flats & Buildings 201.40 187.91 Net Carrying Value of Investment Property Flats & Bulldings 745.30 758.79

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

(₹ in Lak	As at 31 March 2025	Particulars	Note No.
As at 31 March 2024	AS at ST Widten 2025	GOODWILL	Note
2,817.	2,817.94	Goodwilt	No. 5
2,817.	2,817.94		

Note No.	Particulars			(₹ in Laki
1401			As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Gross Carrying Value	- 1	100	
	Opening Balance			
	a. Computer Software		26.31	
	b. Licenses and Franchises		60.00	26.
	Admir to the		86.31	60,
	Additions / (Sale) during the year		86.31	86.
	a. Computer Software b. Ucenses and Franchises			
	o. Disenses and Franchises	-	120.00	0.:
	Closing Balance	- 1	120.00	
	a. Computer Software	- 1		0.1
1	b. Licenses and Franchises		26.31	26.3
	. architecture and transfers	1	180.00	25.3
	Accumulated Amortization		206.31	86.3
Note	Opening Balance	1		00,3
lo. 5	a, Computer Software			
	b. Licenses and Franchises	1	25.30	24.9
1		1	52.78	40.7
- 1	Amortization for the year	L	78.08	55.60
	a. Computer Software	1		
1	b. Ucenses and Franchises	Ī	0.53	0.40
1		-	11,86	12.02
- 1	Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation	+	12.39	12.42
- 1	a. Computer Software		*	
	b. Licenses and Franchises		25.83	25.30
1		-	64,63	52.78
1	Net Carrying Value	-	90.47	78.08
13	a. Computer Software	1		
Į į	b. Licenses and Franchises		0.47	1.01
		TOTAL	115.37	7.22
		-	115,84	8.23

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	[₹ in Lakh:
	NON - CURRENT INVESTMENTS	TO DE MINICIPALIS	As at 31 March 2024
	a. Investments in Equity Instruments		
	i. Subsidiaries	1	
	ii. Others	1.	
	 Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited 		
	2. Other Entitles	149.68	450,73
		100,00	100.00
	b. Investments in Preference Shares	249,58	550.73
Note	c. Investments in Debentures / Bonds		
No. 7	1. IFCI Limited - Bonds		
,,,,,	2. IFCI Limited - Tax Free Bonds	7,500.00	7,500.00
		7,500.00	7,500.00
		.7,749.68	8,050.73
- 1	Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments		
- 1	Market Value of Unquoted Investments	7,749.68	8,050.73
- 1		7,749.68	8,050.73
	Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of investments	700.75	399.70

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lak
	LEASE RECEIVABLES	11011 2025	As at 31 March 2024
MOLE	a. Current		
No. 8	b. Non Current	5.61	
		13.14	
		18.75	

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lak
Note No. 9	LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES a. Security Deposits	75 dt 31 Walch 2025	As at 31 March 2024
		-	<u> </u>

Note	Particulars		(₹ in Lakhs
	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	Security Deposits Bank Deposits with maturity more than 12 months	646.21 1,507.95	650.12 3,347.60
		2,154.17	3,997.72

Note No.	Particulars		(₹in Lakhs
	INVENTORIES	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	a. Raw Materials		
	1000 Annual (1000)	10.97	9.89
	b. Work - in - Progress	10.97	9.89
		1,268.93	-
	c. Stores and spares	1,268.93	
		9.18	7.20
Note	d. Others	9.18	7.20
Vo. 11	I. Land		
l	ii. Land on lease cum sale basis	4,485.04	5,787.21
	III. Consumables	1,177.24	1,276.85
- 1		13.18	12.06
17	Total inventories (A)	5,675.46	7,076.12
Į.	ess: Provision for Fair value changes in Inventories (n)	6,964.55	7,093.21
jr.	Vet Inventories (A-B)	122.52	126.93
	licy, Milestone and Ramprastha projects has been classified use	6,842.03	6,966.28

As per policy, Milestone and Ramprastha projects has been classified under Work in progress.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

Particulars		(₹ in Lakh
current trade receivables a. Secured considered good b. Unsecured considered good i. Due over six months ii. Other Trade Receivables Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Dobte	168.06 769.36 937.42	As at 31 March 2024 184.6 39.0 223.76
ed considered good	34.09	117.61 106.14 106.14
	 a. Secured considered good b. Unsecured considered good i. Due over six months ii. Other Trade Receivables 	CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES a. Secured considered good b. Unsecured considered good i. Due over six months il. Other Trade Receivables Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts Net Unsecured considered good As at 31 March 2025 48.06 769.36 937.42

Note No.	Particulars	T	(₹ in Laki
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	a. Balances with Banks	64.36	83.
	b. Cash on Hand	64.36	83.
Note o. 13	The control was stated as the control of the contro	1.30	1.0
	c. Others	1.30	1.6
1	I. Deposits with maturity less than 3 months	4,304.00	5,023,3
		4,304.00	5,023.3
		4,369.67	5,108.7

Note No.	Particulars		(₹ in Lakhs
	BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN THOSE ABOVE	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months		
.0, 14		10,789.89	7,722.07
		10,789.89	7,722.07

	(₹in Lak
As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
- 1	
1 - 1	•
	-
-	
	As at 31 March 2025

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

Note No.	Particulars		(₹ in Lakhs
	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	a. Interest Accrued on Deposits b. Interest Accrued on Bonds c. Other Receivables	627.82 634.32	941.03 634.32 0.20
		1,262.14	1,575.54

Note No.	Particulars	Andrew T	(₹ in Lakh
	CURRENT TAX ASSETS a. Advance Tax	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	b. Tax Deducted at Source c. MAT-Credit Entitlement Less : Provision for Tax	67.65 739.54 759.90 393.74	211.2 930.0 836.7 868.5
		1,173.35	1,109.5

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakh:
VC-117	OTHERS CURRENT ASSETS	As at SI Warch 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	a. Capital Advances		
		- 1	
	b. Advances Other than Capital Advances		
Note	Sundry Deposits		
Vo. 18	Accrued Income	8.00	_
10. 10	Other Advances	6.90	0.4
i		301.03	372,54
1	c. Others	315.94	372.54
1		-	
		315.94	372.54

(₹ in Laki		Particulars	Note No.
As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	EQUITY	
		Authorized Share Capital 100,00,00,000 (Previous year - 100,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	
1,00,000.0	1,00,000.00	<u> </u>	
1,00,000.0	1,00,000.00	Issued Share Capital	
		42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs.	
42,709.9	42,769.92		Note
42,709.9	42,709.92	Subscribed Share Capital	10 10
		42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs.	.0. 25
42,709.92	42,709.92		1
42,709.92	42,709.92	Paid Up Share Capital	
		42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs.	
42,709.92	42,709.92	· <u>L</u>	
42,709.92	42,709.92		1
42,709.92	42,709.92	150	

II O IINTRAS I RUCTURE DEVELOPIMENT LIMITED

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

1,00,000.00

Note No. 19 (I)

Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year

As at 31 March 2004	No. of Shares Amount 42,70,99,243 42,709.92	42,70,99,243 42,709.92
As at 31 March 2025	No. of Shares Amount 42,70,99,243 42,709.92	42,70,99,243 42,709.92
Particulars	No. of shares at the beginning of the year No. of shares issued during the period No. of shares redeemed during the period	To or such es outstanding at the end of the period

Note No. 19 (ii)

Terms / Rights attached to shares

The company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of Equity Share is entitled to 1 vote per share. The dividend proposed by Board of receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. Directors is subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to

Note No. 19 (iii)

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the capital

(₹ in Lald₁s)	No. of Shares	
As at 31 March 2025	No. of Shares % Holding	42,70,99,243
Particulars	IFCI Limited	

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

	ĸ.,	١.		150	120	- 1
	n	v	12	n	₹	- 1
•	E t	n	_ a	4.1		- 1
	т, т	**	-4	7.7		- 1

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs As at 31 March 2024
Note No. 20	OTHER EQUITY Reserve and Surplus Capital Redemption Reserve Retained Earnings Other Comprehensive Income	6,812.91 2,081.12 25.03	6,812.9 1,576.0 28,94
		8,919.06	8,417.88

Note No. 20 (i)

Capital Redemption Reserve

Particulars		(₹ in Lakhs)
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Opening Balance Appropriations during the year Closing Balance	6,812.91	6,812.91
crossing barance	6,812.91	6,812.91
		111 1 W 2 W 2 W 2 W 3 W 3 W 3 W 3 W 3 W 3 W 3

Note No. 20 (ii)

Retained Earnings

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
1,576.02	2,939.22
1,491.69	1,135.34
(986.60)	(2,498.53)
2,081.12	1,576.02
	1,576.02 1,491.69 (986.60)

Note No. 20 (III)

Other Comprehensive Income

As at 31 March 2025 .	As at 31 March 2024
28.94 (3.91)	25.91 3.03
25.03	28.94
	28.94 (3.91)

(Zin Lakhe)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	LEASE LIABILITIES a. Current b. Non Current	3.61 4.05	-
		7.66	

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

Note			
No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	LONG TERM BORROWINGS a. Preference Shares. b. Bonds / Debentures	-	-

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs)
Note	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	No de Sa maren 2023	As at 31 March 2024
	a. Security Deposit Received b. Others	22.72 0.70	64.00
		23,42	64.00

(₹ in Lakhs) Note **Particulars** No. As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2024 LONG TERM PROVISIONS a. Provision for employee benefits I. Gratuity 101.89 91.37 II. Leave Encashment 39.29 28.31 Note 141.18 119.68 No. 24 b. Others 1. Provision for Expense 40.02 351,46 40.02 351.46 181.20 471.14

Note	Particulars		(₹ in Lakhs)
	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	a. Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of		
	I. Due to depreciation	l i	
	II. Others	- 1	328.52
Note		-	791.02
ALL TO SERVICE STATES	Less;		1,119.54
No. 25			
	i. Others	- 1	106.85
ģ.	Total*		106.85
	Total*	509.49	1,012.69
	ALL FURNITURE LA		

* This is total of IIDL and IRPL deferred tax assets/liabilities.

Note			(₹ in Lakh:
No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note No. 26 OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES a. Deferred income b. Others		-	
			-

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

Note	Particulars		(₹ In Lakhs
No.	CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	a. Micro and Small enterprises b. Others	11.95 174.80	0.40 141.19
		186.75	141.58

Note			
No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		7.6 at 32 (March 2024
NI-4-	Security Deposits Received	1 1	
	Creditors for other liabilities		0.10
No. 28	Other Payables	0.57	9.10
		228.92	369.01
		229,49	378.21

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	(考 in Lakhs
	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	7.5 dt 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Note	a. Advances Received b. Statutory Dues	721.90 0.57 8.83	689.78 32.56 43.66
		731.30	766.00

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs
Note No. 30	SHORT TERM PROVISIONS a. Provisions for employee benefits i. Gratuity II. Leave Encashment b. Others	7.35 4.18 0.75	As at 31 March 2024 5.8: 2.9: 0.92
		12.28	9.66

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31	(₹ In Lakhs For the year ended 31
	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	March 2025	March 2024
	a. Sale of Properties		
	b. Sale of Services	-	53.55
Note	c. Room Rent	34.13	32.20
	d. Proceeds from Restaurant	1,708.29	1,456.18
No. 31	e. Revenue from external projects	197.03	177.14
	f. Other Operating Revenues	179.22	272.85
	a series de la constante de la	41.24	63.83
- 1		2,159.91	2,055.74
		154	

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

Note (₹ in Lakhs) **Particulars** For the year ended 31 No. For the year ended 31 March 2025 OTHER INCOME March 2024 a. Interest Income I. Earned and Accrued on Deposits* 1,366.35 II. Earned and Accrued on IFCI 9.7% RRB Bonds 1,020.01 727.50 III. Earned and Accrued on Tax Free Bonds 728.00 167.80 iv. Interest on lease Reaceivables 1.36 v. Others 4.32 7.13 2,099.53 b. Other Non - operating income 1,922.93 Note 1. Income due to Sub lease No. 32 8.75 II. Main, charged received 8.75 b. Dividend Income c. Accrued Income on Sage Venture Fund 6.90 d. Profit on sale of Fixed Assets e. Miscellaneous Income 12.79 122.57 45.14 100.91 68.16 223.47 2,176.44 2,146.41

* Interest income on deposits includes prior period interest of Rs. 102.77 Lakhs, which was recognized after reconciliation of accrued interest on fixed deposits. It corresponds to period since F.Y. 2011-12. The amount recognized was not material keeping in view the yearly profitability of the company.

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs For the year onded 31
	COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED	Water 2025	March 2024
Note	a. Opening Stock b. Purchases	7,093.21 193.39	7,116.36 165.99
No. 33	Less: Closing Stock	7,286.60	7,283.35
	**************************************	7,091,48	7,093.21
		195.12	190.14

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31	{₹ in Lakhs] For the year ended 31
	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES	March 2025	March 2024
Note No. 34	a. Salaries and Wages b. Staff Welfare	643,39 45.03	579,57
		685.42	36.40 615.97

Note a. From Financial Instruments at Fair Value	Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31	For the year ended 31
Note a. From Financial Instruments at Fair Value b. Interest Costs on lease liability 0.15		FINANCE COST	March 2025	March 2024
0.74.1	h Interest Costs on laws to the	a. From Financial Instruments at Fair Value b. Interest Costs on lease liability		6.34
0.00				6.34

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	(ব in Lakhs For the year ended 31
	NET LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES	IVIETOR ZUZS	March 2024
Note	Net loss on financial instruments at fair value though Profit and		
14016	a. On Investments b. Others	301.05	204.30
140.36	b. Others		204.30
- 1		301.05	204.10
	155		27712

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2025

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	(%in Lakhs For the year ended 31
Note No. 37	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION a. Depreciation on Tangible Assets i. Property, Plant and Equipment ii Right of use Assets iii. Investment Property b. Amortization on Inlangible Assets	315,94 0.67 13.49 12.39	March 2024 315.82 (7.16
		342.49	321 08

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31	(₹ in Lakh For the year ended 31
	OTHER EXPENSES	March 2025	March 2024
	a. Repairs and Maintenance		
	1. Building	1	
	II. Others	55.54	50,3
	b. Rent Paid (including Lease Rent)	60.88	38.0
	c. Rates and Taxes	24.79	24.5
	d. Travelling and Conveyances	104.13	307.2
	e. Legal And Professional Expenses	6.17	5.5
	f. Security Expenses	50.40	54.3
	g. Auditors's Remuneration	89.95	85.7
ı	h. Insurance Charges Paid	3.11	2.9
	i. Bad Debts	9.50	10.5
	J. Telephone & Postage Expenses	- 1	-
	k. Laundry & Cleaning	4.39	3.9
	I. Television & Music	29.21	23.0
	m. Printing and Stationery	0.78	0.4
	n. Directors Fee	5.77	5.4
- 1	o, Fuel & Gas	6.17	2.86
	p. Commission & Brokerage	45.14	48.5
0.38	. Commission & Brokerage	159.28	140.96
1	p. Marketing and License	7.67	8.00
ľ	Advertisement and Exhibition Expenses	3.31	1.56
13	Compensation-21st Milestone Project	2.02	18.74
1	Vehicle Running & Maintenance	0.05	0.35
10	J. Electricity & Water Expenses	256.53	261.36
ľ	Provision for Interest & Expenses		201.36
ľ	v. Provision for Service Tax Cenvet		36.88
×	Provision for Doubtful Debts	320.56	56.08
У	. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure	28.46	24.86
	Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	10.25	
9	a. Prior period Expenses	1.61	12.57
3	b. Provision for change in Fair Value changes in Inventories	122.52	
13:	c. NOC Charges	0.30	126.93
a	d. Rectification of Assets	4.55	-
	e. Assets w/o	5,98	7
20	i. Other Miscellaenous Expenses	45.09	4
	and the state of the Administration of the State of the S		79.94
1		1,515.20	1,273.86

Note No.	Particulars '	For the year ended 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs)
4	ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT AND LOSS		March 2024
Note	a. Acturial Gain / (Loss)	(5.42)	4.20
No. 39 Less: Tax on Above	(5.42)	4.20	
	THE CONTRACTOR	(1.51)	1.17
		(3.91)	3.03

Note No.	Laintentz	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31
	Exceptional Items	Mortin 2023	March 2024
Vate No.	Liability Written Back		
40	Provision Reversal		
	GST Input Reversal		
	Total		

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 41 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
ofit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (in Rs.) eighted Average No. of Equity Shares ace Value per Equity Share (in Rs.) asic and Diluted Earning Per Share (in Rs.)	1,487.78 42,70,99,243 10.00	1,138.37 42,70,99,243 10.00
and any and continue to strate (in 1927)	0.35	0.27

Note No. 42 - AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

or the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
1.98	1.98
1.13	0.73
0.28	0.06
3.38	2.77
	March 2025 1.98 1.13 0.28

Note No. 43 - TAX EXPENSES

	- Manager Committee	(₹ in Lakhs
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31
Current Tax	March 2025	March 2024
a. In respect of Current Year b. In respect of Previous Years*	394.20 (91.02)	293.88 7.37
Deferred Tax	303.18	301.25
a. In respect of Current Year	(503,21)	95.16
, TOTAL	(200.03)	397.41
Februaria ti		

^{*} due to income tax reconciliation of earlier years.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 44 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates in two reportable business segment namely 'Real Estate Activities' comprising Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in 'Hospitality' comprising of Serviced Apartments under the brand name 'IIDL Suites'. Hence the segment wise disclosure as required by Ind AS - 108 is as under:

Dispetientleue	Divisio	Division		
Particulars	Real Estate	Hospitality	Consolidated Total	
SEGMENT REVENUE		ricopitanty		
Sales	- 1	1		
Domestic	213,35			
Export	215,55	1,946.56	2,159.9	
Inter Segment Sales	1 - 1	- 1		
Other Income		•		
Total Revenue .	2,088.46	87.98	2,176.44	
	2,301.81	2,034.53	4,336.35	
SEGMENT EXPENSES				
Operating Expenses				
Depreciation & Amortization Allocated	1,125.68	1,574.11	2,699.80	
Operating Profit	26.91	315.58	342.49	
Interest Cost Allocated	1,149.22	144.84	1,294.06	
Profit Before Exceptional Item and Tax	0.89	-	0.89	
Total Before Exceptional tem and Tax	1,148.33	144.84	1,293.17	
OTHER INFORMATION				
	1	İ		
egmental Assets	36,791.85	16,718.73	53,510.58	
egmental Liabilities	36,791.85	16,718.73		
xceptional Items	_	20,720.73	53,510.58	

Note No. 45 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

i. Name of the related parties and description of relationship -

A. Enterprises having significant influence over the company

IFCI Limited - Holding Company

IIDL Realtors Private Limited - Wholly owned Subsidiary Company

B. Enterprises having related party dealings with the company

Jangipur Bengal Mega Food Park Limited - Investment in Equity Shares

IFCI Factors Limited - Controlled by Parent Company

IFCI Venture Capital Funds Limited - Controlled by Parent Company

C. Key Managerial Personnel (Directors during the FY 2023 - 24 and FY 2024 - 25)

Mr. Vijay Kumar Tyagi: appointed w.e.f. 26/04/2023

Mr. Debashis Gupta: cessation w.e.f. 20/12/2023

Rahul Bhave: appointed w.e.f. 26/12/2023

Mr. Vijay Kumar Deshraj : w.e.f. 02/09/2022 (MD till 18/01/2024)

Mr. Amrendra Kumar: appointed as MD w.e.f. 18/01/2024

Mr. Manoj Mittal: w.e.f. 15/06/2021 (Director tili 27/07/2024)

Mr. Rajeev Kun;ar : appointed w.e.f. 14/08/2024

Ms. Pooja Mahajan : appointed w.e.f. 16/08/2024

Mr. Venugopal K Nair: 25/08/2018

Dr. Sumita Rai : 14/05/2018

Mr. Sachikant Mishra: 07/10/2022

Mr. Vishal Pandey (CFO): till 26/05/2023

Ms. Nidhi Agarwal (CFO): appointed w.e.f. 13/07/2023

Ms. Tannu Sharma (CS) : till 15/09/2023

Ms. Meenakshi Mittal (CS): w.e.f. 23/10/2023 to 15/03/2024

Ms. Pooja Vanjani (CS): appointed w.e.f. 26/03/2024

Mr.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

II. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2024 - 25)

(₹ in Laichs) Holding Company IFCI VENTURE CAPITAL Nature of Transaction (IFCI Limited) **IFCI** Factors Limited FUNDS LIMITED Total FINANCE Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders 986.60 Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments 986.60 INCOME Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds 727.50 727.50 Others 2.77 Rental Income 2.27 Electricty & Water etc. (Reimbursements received) Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation EXPENSES Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation 72.62 92.48 Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST) 19.86 1436 Electricty & Water etc. (Reimbursements received) 14.36 0.22 LIABILITIES 0.22 Bonds issued by IFCI **ASSETS** Total Amounts Outstanding IFCI's Bonds 7,500.00 IFCI's Tax Free Bonds 7,500.00 **IVCF SAGE Fund** 100.00 OTHER TRANSACTIONS 100.00 Payments made for taxes Reimbursements Received

[i. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2023 - 24)

(* in Lakhs) Holding Company Nature of Transaction IFCI VENTURE CAPITAL (IFCI Limited) IFCI FACTORS LIMITED Total **FUNDS LIMITED** Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders 2,498.53 Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments 2,498.53 INCOMES Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds 727 50 727.50 Interest earned and accrued on Investment in Tax Free Bonds 167.90 167.80 Electricty & Water etc. (Reimbursements received) Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation EXPENSES Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation 85.43 98.23 12.79 Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST) 13.90 Electricity & Water etc. (Reimbursements received) 13,90 0.22 LIABILITIES 0.22 Bonds issued by IFCI ASSETS Total Amounts Outstanding IFCI's Bonds 7,500,00 IFCI's Tax Free Bonds 7,500.00 2,000.15 IVCF SAGE Fund 2,000.15 100.00 OTHER TRANSACTIONS 100.00 Payments made for taxes Reimbursements Received

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

iii. Details of transactions with KMPs during the year

Particulars	For the year ended 31	(₹ in Lakh For the year ended 31
i. Whole Time Directors / CFO / Company Secretary	March 2025	March 2024
a. Short term employee benefits		Marine State Control of the Control
b. Other long term employee benefits	71.28	73.7
c. Post employment benefits	0.71	5.2
d. Others (specify)	- 1	4.79
		-
i. Independent / Nominee Directors	71.98	83.80
. Sitting Fees		
o. Others (specify)	6.17	2,96
	0.13	0.12
	6.29	2.98
	78.28	86.78

Note No. 46 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

i. Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk.

if. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakh For the year ended 31
FINANCIAL ASSETS	Warch 2025	March 2024 -
Loans		
Lease Receivables	~	
Other Financial Assets	13.14	-
	1,908.35	2,225.66
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
ease Liabilities	- 1	
Other Financial Liabilities	4.05	
	23.42	64.00
	1,948.95	2,289.67

iii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at amortised costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	(₹ in Lakhs
FINANCIAL ASSETS	IVIGICII 2025	March 2024
Investments	1.	
Lease Receivables	7,749.68	8,050.73
Trade Receivables	5.61	GLOSE SWE
Cash and Cash Equivalents	34.09	106.14
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,369.67	5,108.77
and cost Edutalettis	12,297.84	11,069.66
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	1	11454 1 415444114
ease Liabilities	1	
rade Payables	3.61	
Other Financial Liabilities	186.75	141.58
	229.49	378.21
TOTAL	24,876.74	24,855.10

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 47 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Note No. 47 (i) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Particulars

As at 31 March 2025

As at 31 March 2024

(A) Claims against Company not acknowledeged as Debts
(B) Bank Guarantees provided
(C) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed
(i) On Capital / Revenue Account (net of advances) and not provided for
(D) Export obligations under EPCG Licenses
(E) Contingent Liability towars Income Tax/Gst is as under

Note No. 47 (ia) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES TOWARDS INCOME TAX

	IIDL	IRPL
Assessment Year	₹ in Lakhs	₹ in Lakhs
2012 - 13	57.94	
2013 - 14	49.07	
2014 - 15	98.73	
2015 - 16	79.85	Ver 1
2016 - 17	24.16	
2018 - 19	73.53	74.0
2019 - 20	-	74.00
2020 - 21	82.92	50,59
2021 - 22	232,61	•
2022 - 23	168.15	59.82

For A.Y. 12-13, 13-14, 14-15 and 16-17, appeal has been filed with Income tax appelate Tribunal, ITAT passed an order dated 12.03.2025 that all the appeals has been allowed for statistical purposes and remand back the cases to CIT Appeals. For A.Y. 15-16, the case is pending before CIT Appeals. For rest of the cases, rectification under section 154 has been filed with Income Tax Deptt.

Note No. 47 (ib) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES TOWARDS GST

lIDL	IRPL
₹ in Lakhs	₹ in Lakhs
31.08	
	₹ in Lakhs

For the above case, appeal has been filed with GST Deptt.

Note No. 47 (ii)

Sonipat Land, Regional Provident Fund Commissioner - II, for the property situated at village- Sevii, District- Sonipat, Haryana has ordered for the recovery of those defaulted by the earlier company, i.e. Haryana Sheet Glass Limited (HSGL). A writ Petition has been filed by IIDL against the restrain order of EPFO for sale of property situated at Sonipat in lieu of dues of M/s Haryana Sheet Glass for PF dues. The property was sold by IIDL in an auction proceeding pending execution of sale deed. Hon'ble court allowed the sale of property and execution of sale deed on deposit of demand raised by EPFO with the registry of High Court. Now the matter is sub judice befroe the Hon'ble court.

Note No. 47 (III)

The Company has received a notice from AIG Stamp Ghazlabad, for the 21st Milestone Residency project land, Ghaizabad, (U.P.), for short payment of stamp duty amounting to Rs. 150.02 Lakhs. The Honable high court has granted stay in favour of the company & the case is 161

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 47 (iv)

The Company is contesting several matters pertaining to its project 21st Milestone Residency at Ghaziabad before Real Estate Regulatory Authority/Real Estate Appellate Tribunal/ Delhi State Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission. In the matter of Sumit Gupta, recovery certificate Issued by the RERA authority against which the company has filled an appeal before REAT. Wherein as per the direction of the tribunal, the company has deposited an amount of Rs. Rs.2,02,293/-. In the matter of Sanjay Kumar Gupta, recovery certificate of Rs. 12,91,286/- has been Issued by RERA, the company has filled an appeal before REAT and the matter is subjudice. The other matters are sub judice before the concerned authority/ court.

Note No. 47 (v)

The Company is contesting several matters pertaining to its IIDL Aerie Project at Panampilly Nagar, Kochi, Kerala, before Kerala Real Estate Regulatory Authority/ Kerala State Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission/ Supreme Court of India. The matters are sub judice before the concerned authority/ court.

Note No. 47 (vi)

The Arbitrator passed an award on 21.02.2022 observing that the Claimant has been found entitled to a total sum of Rs. 4,42,47,534/-as against sum of Rs. 2,0050,587/- held recoverable by IIDL from SBTL under its Counter Claim with respect to amount to be recovered from M/s. SBTL from its retention-money for work done by IIDL and Rs. 1,00,00,000/- towards liquidated damages recoverable under the Counter Claim of IIDL. Setting off the said amount against the amount found payable to SBTL, SBTL shall be entitled to a sum of Rs. 1,41,85,947/- only.

Accordingly, an award of Rs. 1,41,86,947/- in favour of SBTL in full and final settlement of all the disputes and the claims and the counter claims arising from the disputes along with interest on the amount awarded in the favor of SBTL @ 9%p.a from 5.08.2019 till the date the awarded amount is paid, passed by the Arbitrator. Further, SBTL sirell also be entitled to proportionate costs of arbitration proceedings @ Rs. 15,00,000/-. The same paid to SBTL on 26-07-2022. The matter is Subjudice before DHC.

Note No. 47 (A)

In 2011, the Management Development Institute (MDI) Murshidabad entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with IIDL for the development and construction of its campus in Murshidabad, West Berigal. As per the MoU, MDI agreed to reimburse IIDL for any claims upheld by an arbitrator or court of law related to the project.

During the campus construction, a dispute arose between IIDL and one of its contractors, M/s. Subir Engineering Works Private Limited (SEWPL). On January 25, 2018, the Hon'ble Arbitral Tribunal awarded SEWPL ₹7.68 crore, along with 6% annual interest from October 27, 2016, until full payment. IIDL challenged the arbitral award through petitions under Sections 34 and 37 of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996, before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, and later via a Special Leave Petition (Civil) before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India. All appeals were dismissed, with the final dismissal by the Supreme Court on February 3, 2025. IIDL subsequently settled the full award amount, including interest, totalling ₹10.03 (6.03 + 4) crore, by February 13, 2025.

In accordance with the recovery clause in the MoU, IIDL issued a demand letter to MDI on March 26, 2025, for reimbursement being the balance amount of ₹7.52 crore (7.17 ÷ 0.35) comprising ₹3.09 crore towards VAT claims and ₹2.35 towards interest along with legal expenses and retention money. A receivable for this amount has been recorded in IIDL's books of accounts. However, as no confirmation has been received from MDI as of the reporting date, a provision has been made for the entire receivable amount to account for potential non-recovery.

Note No. 48 - Disclosure as per IndAS - 11 Construction Contracts

(i) IIDL has constructed a campus for MDI Gurgaon at Janglpur, District - Murshidabad, West Bengal. The financials relating to the contract are as under:

PARTICULARS	(₹ in Lakhs)	
Contract	(Vini denits)	
Contract revenue recognized during the year		
Contract expenses recognized during the year		
Recognized Profits	-	
Total Contract Costs (approx.)	-	
Amount recoverable from MDI	-	
THE TOTAL POINT WIDE	752.13	

-Cost-plus Contract Method has been used to determine the Contract revenue recognized in the period.

⁻The stage of completion has been determined on the basis of Work Completo Certificate obtained from engineer / architect.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

NOTE NO. 49 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Quantitative Information in re Description				- Shellyhe von Addinha
Description	Purch	ases	Sale	15
	CURRENT YEAR			
	Units (Locations)	Amount	Units (Locations)	Amount
Land & Building				
Machinery & Equipment	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Additional Cost incurred on Existing Properties				
Raw Material Consumables and Stores	_	51.10	-	*
			YEAR	197.03
Land & Building		- 1		
Machinery & Equipment	•			53,55
Additional Cost Incurred on Existing Properties	_			-
Raw Material Consumables			-	
and Stores		52.67	_	177.14
	Opening :	Stock	Closing St	
		CURRENT	YEAR	
100 2 22	Units (Locations)	Amount	Units (Locations)	Amount
and & Building	•	5,668.19	-	
1achinery & Equipment				5,566.56
Vork-in-Progresss		1,268.93	-	1 2/2 / 1
onsumables and Stores	-	19.26		1,242.14
		PREVIOUS	YEAR	22.36
and & Building		5,795.13	- [F.550.40
lachinery & Equipment .	-			5,668.19
/ork-in-Progresss		1,321.23		
onsumables and Stores		22.86	-	1,268.93 19.26

Note:

^{1.} Land and Buildings include units of different areas having varied description for its types / stage of construction / development, for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.

^{2.} Consumables & Stores include various F&B, House Keeping, Diesel and Engineering related stores for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 50 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Note No. 50 (I) - Defined benefit plans

Brief Description: A general description of the type of Employee Benefits Plans is as follows:

1. Earned Leave (EL) Benefit

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 33 days per year

Maximum Accumulation - 300 days

Encashment while in service - Maximum 15 days in a calendar year

Encashment on retirement - Maximum upto 300 days or actual accumulation, whichever is less

2. Gratuity

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 15 days salary for each completed year of service

Vesting Period - 5 years of service

Limit - Maximum of INR 20,00,000

Note No. 50 (ii) - The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows -

S. No.	Particulars		
9	IIDL - Corporate office	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Gratuity		
1.	Discount rate		
2.	Expected return on plan assets	7.04%	7.109
3.	Annual increase in costs	NA	N.
4.	Annual Increase in salary	NA	N.
	Leave Encashment	10.00%	10.009
5.	Discount rate		
6.	Expected return on plan assets	7.04%	7.10%
7.	Annual Increase in costs	. NA	NA
8.	Annual increase in salary	NA	N.A
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10:00%	10.00%
	IIDL Suites - A unit of IIDL		×
	Gratuity		
1.	Discount rate		
2.	Expected return on plan assets	6.72%	7.23%
3.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
4.	Annual increase in salary	NA	NA
	Leave Encashment	. 8.00%	8,00%
5.	Discount rate		
6.	Expected return on plan assets	6.72%	7.23%
7.	Annual increase in costs	NA NA	NA
8.	Annual increase in salary	NA	NA
	- The core in soldry	8.00%	8.00%

Note No. 50 (iii) - The discount rate is based upon the market yield available on Government bonds at the Accounting date with a term that matches. The salary growth takes account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factor on long term basis. Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for return over the entire life of the related obligation.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 51 - Disclosure u/s 22 of MSMED Act, 2006

i. The company has requested information from all its vendors regarding their status of registration in accordance with the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("The Act"). Out of the same, vendors who did not send any confirmation have been taken to be non MSME vendors. Disclosure required under Section 22 of the MSMED Act, 2006 is as under-

Particulars For the year ended 31 For the year ended 31 Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid March 2025 March 2024 as at year end 11.95 Interest due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at year 0.40 end Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year Interest paid other than under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year Interest paid under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, 2006. for payments already made Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years

Note No. 52 - IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

As certified by the management of the company, non financial assets of the company have not been impaired during the year and there is no indication of a potential impairment loss, therefore the need to make an estimation of recoverable amount does not arise.

Note No. 53 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Ind AS 40)

(i) Amout recognized in Statement of Profit & Loss for Investment Properties

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Maintenance & Other Reimbursements received Direct operating expenses from property generating Rental Income (including Repair & Maintenance) Profit from Investment Property before depreciation Depreciation Profit from Investment Properties	179.22 22.47 19.44	272.85 29.96 (29.96
	221.14	272.85
	13.49 234.63	7.16 280.01

(ii) Leasing Arrangements

Building classified as Investment Properties are leased to tenants under long-term operating leases with rentals payable monthly. The company reclassified Rs. 9.47 Crores from Property, Plant & Equipment as Investment Property on the date of transition to Ind AS. Future minimum lease payments receivable under long-term operating leases of investment Properties in the aggregate is Rs. 4706.52 Lakh for

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Particulars		(₹ in Lakhs
Within one year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	298.43	283.08
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	1,696.08	1,471.86
Later than 5 years	2,712.01	391.06

(iii) Fair Value

Particulars - Property at Mumbai	As at 31 March 2025 5,600.00	As at 31 March 2024 4,774.70
TOTAL	5,600.00	4,774.70

Note No. 54 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE UNDER PARA 53 OF IndAS 116 - LEASES i. Additional disclosures required under Para 53 of Ind AS 116 are as under -

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset	0.67	
nterest expense on lease liabilities	0.74	
ncome from subleasing right-of-use assets	8.75	
otal cash outflow for leases	8.71	
dditions to right-of-use assets	2.54	
arrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of reporting period	1.87	

ii. Right of use assets accounted is for land received from Karnataka Industrial Development Board measuring a total of 50 acres, out of which, 38.63 acres has been further sub-leased on sub-lease cum sale basis to various financial institutions. Further, an area of 7 acres has been reserved as area for common facilities development. The company still holds land measuring 4.37 acres as inventories on lease cum sale basis.

Note No. 55

As per Company policy, investment held in Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited was revalued during 2024-25. Valuation from IBBI empanelled valuer was obtained by IVCF, based on the valuation report value of Rs. 1.76 per share has been considered by both the companies. This has resulted in impairment of fair value from INR 5.30 per share to INR 1.76 per share leading to net loss on fair value changes of Rs. 301.05 Lakhs.

Note No. 56 - DUES TO SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIAL UNDERTAKINGS

There are no dues payable to Small Scale Industrial Undertakings as defined under Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951 as at the period end.

Note No. 57 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars Particulars	Amount
Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	
Opening Balance	(1,012.69)
Net Additions	***
Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	503.21
Accidented rax Assets / (Clapinnes)	(509.49)

Refer Note no. 25

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 58 - CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY EXPENDITURE u/s 135 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Gross Amount required to be spent by the company	28.46	24.86
Amount spent by the company during the year on - a. Construction / acquisition of assets		¥
b. towards PM Care Fund* c. On other purposes - Transferred to IFCI Social Foundation	8.10	9.99

^{*} Made provision for balance funds i.e. Rs. 20.36 Lakh for CSR, which has been betransferred to Unspent A/c FY 24-25 during the year.

Note No. 59

Additional dislosure persuant to Part III of Schedule III of The Companies Act, 2013 is as under -

(₹ in Lakhs)

th Assistance of the Gardenia of the energy has	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit or Loss	
Name of the Entity	%age of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount	%age of Consolidated Profit or Loss	Amount
Indian Subsidiary IIDL Realtors Private Limited	2.18%	1,125.35	7.21%	107.34

Note No. 60 - CHANGE IN USEFUL LIFE OF FIXED ASSETS

As per CAG recommendation, it is to be disclosed that during the Financial Year 2019-20, useful life of Furniture & Fixture at IIDL Sultes (Hospitality Division) has been changed from 10 years to 8 years resulting in depreciation rate impacting the profit of the company by around Rs. 3.22 Crores.

Note No. 61

In case of M/s Holistic Urban Innovation Pvt. Ltd., case was filed with CBI dated 29.11.2018, further CBI has saught permission for investigation against some of the officials of IIDL. The investigation is under process.

Note No. 62

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited has 12 top floor 2 bhk residential flats situated at plot no C-1/2, C-6/7 and C-75 (4 flat in each plot) Ramprastha Colony, Ghaziabad, U.P., these flats are existing property of IIDL which are not as per sanction plan and applicable FAR. In case of change in FAR guidelines, these flats can be regularized. IIDL has leased out these 12 flats and earning rental income of Rs. 2.17 lakh per month.

Note No. 63 - Balance Confirmation

The balances of Trade Receivables and Trade Payable are subject to confirmation.

Note No. 64

Previous period figures have been regrouped / rearranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable to the current year's presentation.

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CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2025

Note No. 65

The company is using thid party accounting software for maintaining books of accounts. There is a feature of Maker checker mechanism. User wise edit log and audit trail is available in the software.

Note No. 66

The notes referred to above from an integral part of the Financial Statements. As per schedule III, Annexure 1 (Ratio), Annexure 2 (Debtors Ageing), Annexure 3 (Creditors Ageing) & Annexure 4 (CSR Disclosure) are integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached For VPGS & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 507971C

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sd/-CA Vivek Raheja PARTNER M. No. 094781 Sd/-(Amrendra Kumar) DIN: 10472659 MANAGING DIRECTOR

Sd/-(Pooja Mahajan) DIN: 02874604 DIRECTOR

Date: April 30th, 2025 Place: New Delhi Sd/-(Nidhi Agarwal) M. No: 413317 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Sd/-(Pooja Vanjani) M. No. ; 22668 COMPANY SECRETARY

				Annexure-1
S.No.	Ratios	For the Year ended 31st March 2025	For the Year ended 31st March 2025 March 2024	
Н	1 Current Ratio	21.31		17.72 Current Assets/Current Liabilities
N	2 Debt Equity Ratio	Since, there are no debt	are no debts, hence, this ratio is not required to be calculated	Total Liabilities/Total Shareholders Femily
		Since, there are no debt	no debts, hence, this ratio is not	
co.	3 Debt Service Coverage Ratio	required to I	required to be calculated	operating income/total debt comins
4	4 Return on Equity Ratio	0.03	0.02	0.02 Profit After Tay (PAT) / Not Worth
5	5 Inventory Turnover Ratio	0.31	0.29	0.29 Salas Avarage Investant
9	6 Trade Receivables turnover Ratio	0000		outco/ wyca age III year to I y
1	Oliver Contract Contr	30.80	14.51	14.51 Annual Net Credit Sales / Average Annual Accounts Receivables
1	/ Irade Payables turnover Ratio	1.18	76'0	0.97 Net Credit Purchases / Average Accounts Pavables
8	8 Net Capital turnover Ratio	0.09	60.0	6.09 Net Sales / Working Capital
6	9 Net Profit Ratio	69.0	0.55	0.55 Net Profit/Revenue
10	10 Return on Capital Employed	0.02	0.03	0.03 EBIT/Capital Employed
11	11/Return on investment	0.03	0.29	0.29 (Investment Gain-Investment Cost)/Investment Cost
			The state of the s	

IFCI Infrastructure Development LTD.
Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts are in Rupees crores unless otherwise stated)

1,55,354.17 1,55,354.19 1,55,354.17	Asat	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	periods from due date	of payment			
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered (iv) Desputed	31 March 2025	Less than 6 months	S months 4				
(ii) Undepted Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in cerif tiek (1) Undepted Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in cerif tiek (2) 36,3198.18 (60,971.00) 1,71,893.99 (6.59) 82 (6.59) 8	i,		Supposit of	10/5	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Significant increase in creft risk			4-24-5		10,81,763.88	21,71,759.70	8,02,94,104.93
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit Impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit Impai		7	3	•	ı	•	
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Less: Provision for impairment 7,69,36,198.18 Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment As at an an an an an an an an an an an an an			•	•	• 1		į
Significant increase in credit risk Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired T.69.36.198.18 T.71.893.69 T.71.893.59 T.71.893.5			.1	,	t		1
Less: Provision for impairment 7,69,36,198.18 (60,971.00) 1,71,893.99 11,15,213.98 1,55,79,518.14 Total		- Φ	,	6,539,82	33,450.10	97,70,717.44	98,10,707,36
151,19,875.00	Less: Provision for impairment	7,69,36,198.18	(60,971,00)	1,71,893,99	11,15,213,98	36,37,041.00	36,37,041.00
As at:			-	r		1,51,19,875.00	9,03,33,216.00
Andrei 2024 Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered good Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered good Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered good Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered good Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered good Undisputed Trade Receivables — considered good Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impa	70		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH				34,08,637
## area in a considered by the provision for impairment and secretarials or interest in a considered by the provision for impairment and secretarials are considered by the provision for impairment are secretarials. The provision for impairment area are secretarials. The provision for impairment area are secretarial area are secretarial area are secretarial area area. The provision for impairment area are secretarial area area. The provision area are secretarial area area. The provision area are secretarial area area. The provision area are secretarial area area are secretarial area area. The provision area are secretarial area area area area area area area ar		Outstanding for following p	eriods from due date o	fnavmonf			
Undisputed Trade receivables — considered 27,62,476.26 Undisputed Trade Receivables — which have Significant Increase in credit impaired Trade Receivables — credit impaired	As at	Locothan C.		Smeanded			
about the Receivables — which have Significant Increase in credit impaired Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Disputed Disputed Disputed Disputed Disputed Disputed Disputed Disputed Disputed	Ě	SUPPLIED TO MOTION	o months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	Mote than 3 years	Total
Significant Increase in credit risk Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit Innoaired Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good Disputed Trade Receivables — which have Significant Increase in credit risk Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired 27,62,476.26 Less: Provision for impairment 27,62,476.26 1,01,00,610.63 26,10,202.08 4,01,445,58 1,17,61,103.00 1,17,61,103.00	qood (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — which have	27,62,476.26	(9,989.64)	26,10,202.08	4,01,445.58	28,73,766.40	86,37,900.68
Imposited Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Significant increase in credit risk Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Significant increase in credit risk Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Significant increase in credit risk Significant increase in credit risk Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired Significant increase in credit risk Significa		ī	i	•	ı	l.	1
Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk. Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired 27,62,476.26 (9,989.64) 26,10,202.08 4,01,445,58 1,66,11,418.03 2,17,61,103.00			i.	1	*		,
Significant Increase in credit risk Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired 27,62,476.26 26,10,202.08 4,01,445,58 1,17,61,103.00 1,17,61,103.00		and the second	ar.	1	•		*
Provision for impairment 27,62,476.26 (9,989,64) 26,10,202.08 4,01,445,58 1,66,11,418.03 2,71,17,61,103.00			ı	ř	ı	1,01,00,610.63	1,01,00,610.63
1,17,61,103.00	Less: Provision for impairment	27,62,476.26	(9,989,64)	26,10,202,08	4 01 445 50	36,37,041.00	36,37,041.00
	TGEST				00:511.7704	1,17,61,103.00	2,23,75,552,31

IFCI Infrastructure Development LTD.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts are in Rupees crores unless otherwise stated)

As at Rt March 2005	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	g períods from due date	of payment	-	-	
(ii) Others (iii) Disputed dues - MSME (iv) Disputed dues - Others Total		Less than 1 year 11,95,345,00 88,55,934.00	1-2 Years 91,038.00	2-3 years 47,027.00	More than 3 years 86,230.00	Total 11,95,345.00 90,80,229.00
Expenses accrued	The state of the s				The state of the s	1 07 75 570
Total		1	7			83,99,379,45 1,86,74,953.45
Act of the second	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	Periods from due date o	fpayment	de la destación de la companya de la	Security March 1997	Section of the sectio
(1) MSME (1) Others (1) Disputed dues – MSME (2) Disputed dues – Others (3) Disputed dues – Others		. Less than 1 year 39,846.18 69,29,467.23	1-2 Years 17,26,988.00	2-3 years 14,775.83 2.80.330.84	More than 3 years 1,56,058.00	Total 39,840.18 88,27,289,06
Expenses accrued					1,33,714.00	05 82 774 05
		THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN			THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAME	

1,41,58,362.21 There are no Micro and Small Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at all the reporting dates. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent the status of such parties identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Total CSR obligation for the financial year 2024-25 is Rs. 28,46,461/-. IFCI Infrastructure Development Ltd spent Rs. 8,10,261/- towards PM Cares Funds on 27-03-2025 and made a provision of Rs. 20,36,200/- towards CSR initiatives.

Details of CSR spent or unspent during the financial year -

A	mount
U	nspent
Amount Rs.	Date of Transfer
· ····································	113TA Of Transfor
	Provision made for unspe

Total CSR obligation for the financial year 2023-24 was Rs. 24,86,311/-. IFCI Infrastructure Development Ltd spent Rs. 9,99,111/- towards PM Cares Funds on 30-03-2024 and made a provision of Rs. 14,87,200/- towards CSR initiatives.

Details of CSR spent or unspent during the financial year -

Total Amount Spent for		mount
theFinancial Year- 2023-24	Provision made for unspe	ent amount
D. 6.00	Amount Rs.	Date of Transfer
Rs. 9,99,111/-	Rs. 14,87,200/- 31-03-2024	

**